# Addendum #1:

# **Performance Measures**



# <u>Transportation Improvement</u> <u>Program</u> 2017-2021

### **About the Transportation Improvement Program**

The Transportation Improvement Program (TIP) is a four-year work program that lists all regionally significant and federally funded transportation projects and service enhancements scheduled across the Kingsport MTPO planning area. The program includes projects for all modes of surface transportation including highways and streets, public transportation, and walking and bicycling. Any project included in the TIP must be consistent with, or be selected from an approved Long Range Transportation Plan (LRTP). Additionally, the TIP must be fiscally constrained by anticipated revenues, or identify funding mechanisms currently in place to pay for the proposed work. The FYs 2017-2021 TIP was adopted by the Kingsport MTPO Executive Board on November 3, 2016.

- For access to a PDF version of the TIP document, visit: <a href="https://www.kingsporttn.gov/city-services/kmtpo/plans-and-documents/tip/">https://www.kingsporttn.gov/city-services/kmtpo/plans-and-documents/tip/</a>
- Any feedback or questions can be sent to: MTPO@KingsportTN.gov

### **Purpose of the Addendum**

In 2012, Congress passed and the President signed into law Moving Ahead for Progress in the 21st Century (MAP-21), which established performance-based planning and performance management requirements for States and MPOs.

The current Fixing America's Surface Transportation Act (FAST Act) continues MAP-21's overall performance approach, and ensures that State DOT's and MPO's invest in projects that collectively make progress toward the seven National Goals, listed below, established by Congress (these goals are also listed in the TIP on page 12 and also in the LRTP in Section 2.1).

- Safety To achieve a significant reduction in traffic fatalities and serious injuries on all public roads.
- 2. **Infrastructure Condition** To maintain the highway infrastructure asset system in a state of good repair.
- Congestion Reduction To achieve a significant reduction in congestion on the National Highway System (NHS).
- 4. **System Reliability** To improve the efficiency of the surface transportation system.
- 5. **Freight Movement and Economic Vitality** To improve the national freight network, strengthen the ability of rural communities to access national and international trade markets, and support regional economic development.
- 6. **Environmental Sustainability** To enhance the performance of the transportation system while protecting and enhancing the natural environment.
- 7. Reduced Project Delivery Delays To reduce project costs, promote jobs and the economy, and expedite the movement of people and goods by accelerating project completion through eliminating delays in the project development and delivery process, including reducing regulatory burdens and improving agencies' work practices.

The Kingsport MTPO will be required to establish performance targets, and track progress towards target achievement, for a number of measures related to safety, pavement and bridge condition, travel time reliability, and traffic congestion. These requirements are outlined through a series of rules published in the Federal Register (23 CFR Part 490).

This addendum fulfills the MTPO's requirement to include a description in the TIP of the anticipated effect of the TIP toward achieving targets related to safety performance measures listed in Figure 1 (Tennessee) and Figure 2 (Virginia).

### **Safety Performance Measures Target-Setting**

The final rule on safety performance measures target setting was the first of a series of rules related to target setting, effective April 14, 2016. Safety performance measures regulations in support of the Highway Safety Improvement Program (HSIP) require State DOTs and MPOs assess the following on all public roads covered by HSIP:

- Number of Fatalities
- Fatality Rate (per 100 Million VMT)
- Number of Serious Injuries
- Serious Injury Rate (per 100 Million VMT)
- Number of Non-motorized Fatalities and Serious Injuries

MPOs may establish HSIP targets by either (1) agreeing to plan and program projects so they contribute toward the accomplishment of the state HSIP target or (2) committing to a quantifiable HSIP target for the metropolitan planning area.

On February 8, 2018, the Executive Board of the Kingsport MTPO voted to support the Tennessee Department of Transportation's and Virginia Department of Transportation's safety performance measure targets by planning and programming projects so they contribute to the accomplishment of these targets, thereby fulfilling the aforementioned requirements related to safety performance measure target setting established under MAP-21 and the FAST Act. These targets, along with baseline information, can be found in Figure 1.

By agreeing to plan and program projects so they contribute toward the accomplishment of the state HSIP target, the Kingsport MTPO agrees to:

- Work with the State and safety stakeholders to address areas of concern for fatalities or serious injuries within the metropolitan planning area
- Coordinate with the State and include the safety performance measures and the State's HSIP targets for those measures in the long range transportation plan (LRTP)
- Integrate into the metropolitan transportation planning process, the safety goals, objectives, performance measures and targets described in other State safety transportation plans and processes such as applicable portions of the HSIP, including the SHSP
- Include a description in the TIP (Transportation Improvement Program) of the anticipated effect of the TIP toward achieving HSIP targets in the LRTP, linking investment priorities in the TIP to those safety targets

### Safety Performance Measures Targets (2014-2018)

Figure 1 (Tennessee) and Figure 2 (Virginia) show targets established by the states and supported through resolution by the Executive Board of the Kingsport MTPO. The Safety Performance Management Final Rule defines the aforementioned measures as the five-year rolling averages for:

- **Number of Fatalities:** The total number of persons suffering fatal injuries in a motor vehicle crash during a calendar year.
- Rate of Fatalities: The ratio of total number of fatalities to the number of vehicle miles traveled (VMT, in 100 Million VMT) in a calendar year.
- **Number of Serious Injuries**: The total number of persons suffering at least one serious injury in a motor vehicle crash during a calendar year.

- Rate of Serious Injuries: The ratio of total number of serious injuries to the number of VMT (in 100 Million VMT) in a calendar year.
- Number of Non-motorized Fatalities and Non-motorized Serious Injuries: The combined total number of non-motorized fatalities and non-motorized serious injuries involving a motor vehicle during a calendar year.

The five-year rolling average is calculated by adding the number of fatalities or serious injuries for the consecutive five-year period, dividing by five, and rounding to the nearest tenth decimal place.

Figure 1 State of Tennessee Established Statewide Targets

PERFORMANCE MEASURES	BASELINE	TARGET	
PERFORMANCE MEASURES	2012-2016	2014-2018	
Number of Fatalities	995.6	1,021.4	
Fatality Rate	1.358	1.337	
Number of Serious Injuries	7,319.4	7,630.8	
Serious Injury Rate	9.976	9.982	
Number of Non-motorized Fatalities and Serious Injuries	434.6	493.2	

Figure 2 Commonwealth of Virginia Established MPO Targets

PERFORMANCE MEASURES	TARGET
PERFORIVIANCE IVIEASURES	2018
Number of Fatalities	69
Fatality Rate	0.59
Number of Serious Injuries	692
Serious Injury Rate	6.50
Number of Non-motorized Fatalities and Serious Injuries	15

While FHWA will determine whether a State DOT has met or made significant progress toward meeting these targets, it will not directly assess MTPO progress toward meeting HSIP targets. The MTPO will continue to review these performance measures and will be required to update these targets annually, with the next update required by February 27, 2019.

### Implementation Schedule for Establishing Targets

The establishment of safety performance measure targets represents the fulfillment of requirements related to the first rulemaking, effective April 14, 2016. In the near-term, the Kingsport MTPO will be required to establish targets for performance measures outlined in the following Federal rulemakings:

- PM 2 Pavement and Bridge Condition: 23 CFR Part 490 Subparts A, C & D
- PM 3 System Performance/Freight/CMAQ: 23 CFR Part 490 Subparts A, E, F, G & H
- Transit Asset Management: 49 CFR Parts 625 and 630

Figure 2 Implementation Schedule

	Safety	Pavement and Bridge Condition	System Performance/ Freight/CMAQ	Transit Asset Management
Effective Date	April 14, 2016	May 20, 2017	May 20, 2017	October 1, 2016
State Deadline	August 31, 2017	May 20, 2018	May 20, 2018	October 1, 2018 (for transit providers)
MPO Deadline	February 27, 2018	November 16, 2018	November 16, 2018	March 30, 2019

### **TIP Impacts**

All projects utilizing federal funding in the TIP are selected from the region's Long Range Transportation Plan (LRTP). Future projects will be subject to a thorough performance-based analysis, utilizing a variety of quantitative measures as well as staff analysis. Project selection criteria prioritize projects that promote safety and security with additional points being given if the project contains accommodations for alternative modes. Safety and Security is a primary evaluation category for projects evaluated by the MTPO and included in both the LRTP and TIP. More information on project evaluation and selection can be found beginning on Page 11 of the TIP (in the section titled 'Project Priorities and Criteria') and in the LRTP in section 2.3 (Project Evaluation Criteria) and Appendix II. Based on this, the program of projects and investment priorities included in the TIP prioritize a reduction in serious and fatal crashes in the MTPO planning area. The impacts of the TIP program support achievement of state safety performance measure targets, and can contribute to a further reduction of fatalities and serious injuries by prioritizing a reduction in these averages throughout the MTPO region.

### **Progress, Monitoring, and Next Steps**

The establishment of MTPO targets for the PM2 and PM3 measures will result in updates to this addendum. A broader discussion of TIP impacts on established targets will be included in the FY 2020-2023 TIP, due in 2019.

Under current federal law, the MTPO's Long Range Transportation Plan must be updated at least once every five years. As such, the 2040 LRTP will be replaced by the 2045 LRTP during calendar year 2022.

Major revisions to the adopted LRTP and TIP will be carried out, as needed, in the form of formal amendments. Prior to adoption of an amendment, a public notice is published in accordance with the procedures contained in the MTPO's Public Participation Plan.

Proposed amendments will be posted to the MTPO's website at the following link: <a href="https://www.kingsporttn.gov/city-services/kmtpo/">https://www.kingsporttn.gov/city-services/kmtpo/</a>

### **Transit Asset Management**

The two most recent federal transportation laws, MAP-21 and FAST Act, establish performance measure requirements to ensure states and metropolitan planning organizations (MPOs) are investing transportation funds in projects that collectively will contribute towards the achievement of national goals. The USDOT recently published new rules for states and MPOs to collect data and establish performance targets that will support performance and outcome-based investment decisions.

The new federal performance measurement requirement for transit agencies focuses on one area: transit asset management (TAM). The measures look specifically at the percentage of revenue vehicles that have exceeded their Useful Life Benchmark (ULB), the percentage of non-revenue and service vehicles that have exceeded their ULB, and percentage of facilities with a condition below 3.0 on the Federal Transit Administrator's TERM Scale. All transit agencies receiving grants from the FTA are required to complete a TAM plan. The FTA has established two tiers of agencies based on size parameters.

- A Tier I agency operates rail, OR has 101 vehicles or more all fixed route modes, OR has 101 vehicles or more in one non-fixed route mode.
- A Tier II agency is a subrecipient of FTA 5311 funds, OR is an American Indian Tribe, OR has 100 or less vehicles across all fixed route modes, OR has 100 vehicles or less in one non-fixed route mode.

The first completed TAM plan must be sent to the National Transit Database (NTD) by October 1, 2018. Other required deadlines are found in the table below.

Reporting Activity	Reporting Deadline (by Fiscal Year)			
	July - June	Oct - Sept	Jan - Dec	
Complete compliant TAM Plan	October 2018	October 2018	October 2018	
Report FY18 asset data to NTD Submit FY19 targets to NTD	October 2018	January 2019	April 2019	
Report FY19 asset data to NTD Submit FY20 targets to NTD Submit narrative report to NTD	October 2019	January 2020	April 2020	
Report FY20 asset data to NTD Submit FY21 targets to NTD Submit narrative report to NTD	October 2020	January 2021	April 2021	
Complete updated TAM Plan	October 2022	October 2022	October 2022	

In Tennessee, the Tennessee Department of Transportation (TDOT) has opted to sponsor a group TAM plan for Tier II rural agencies. NET Trans has decided to adopt the TDOT plan and targets. Kingsport Area Transit Service (KATS) has developed their own plan and targets. These targets are shown below.

## TDOT Tier II Sponsored TAM Plan Performance Measurement Targets

### **Rolling Stock**

TDOT utilizes the FTA default ULB for revenue vehicle targets.

Vehicle Type	FTA Default Useful Life Benchmark	TDOT-Set Performance Measure Target
Automobile (AO)	8	Less than 25% of automobiles will exceed the ULB
Bus (BU)	14	Less than 25% of buses will exceed the ULB
Cutaway Bus (CU)	10	Less than 25% of cutaway busses will exceed the ULB
Minivan (MV)	8	Less than 25% of minivans will exceed the ULB
Other Rubber Tire (OR)	14	Less than 25% of other rubber tire vehicles will exceed the ULB
Van (VN)	8	Less than 25% of vans will exceed the ULB

### Equipment (Non-Revenue Service Vehicles)

TDOT utilizes the FTA default ULB for non–revenue service vehicles performance targets.

Vehicle Type	FTA Default Useful Life Benchmark	TDOT-Set Performance Measure Target
Non-Revenue/Service Automobile	8	Less than 25% of automobiles will exceed the ULB
Trucks/Other Rubber Tire	14	Less than 25% of other rubber tire vehicles will exceed the ULB

### Facilities

TDOT utilizes the FTA TERM scale for facility conditioning targets.

Facility Type	FTA TERM RATING	TDOT-Set Performance Measure Target
Administrative/Maintenance	3	Less than 25% of Administrative Facilities will be below a 3
Passenger/Parking	3	Less than 25% of Administrative Facilities will be below a 3

### **KATS Transit Asset Management Targets**

Vehicles	Quantity	# Vehicles > ULB	Current % Exceed ULB	2018 Target %	2019 Target %
Fixed Route	12	0	0%	0%	0%
Demand Response	8	3	37.5	37.5%	12.5%
Staff Vehicles	2	0	0%	0%	50%
Facilities				Targets With	n Rating > 3
Transit Station				100%	100%
Storage Facility				100%	100%
Trolley Barn				100%	100%

1)KATS Transit Station	Current Rating	2018 Target	2019 Target
Substructure	4	4	5
Shell	3	3	5
Interiors	4	4	5
Elevators	n/a	n/a	5
Plumbing	3	3	5
HVAC	3	3	5
Fire Protection	4	4	5
Electrical	4	4	5
Site	4	4	5
Equipment	n/a	n/a	n/a
Fare Collection	n/a	n/a	n/a
2) Storage Facility	Current Rating	2018 Target	2019 Target
Substructure	4	4	4
Shell	3	3	3
Interiors	3	3	3
Elevators	n/a	n/a	n/a
Plumbing	n/a	n/a	n/a
HVAC	n/a	n/a	n/a
Fire Protection	n/a	n/a	n/a
Electrical	4	4	4
Site	3.5	3.5	3.5
Equipment	n/a	n/a	n/a
Fare Collection	n/a	n/a	n/a
3) Maintenance Facility (Trolley Barn)	Current Rating	2018 Target	2019 Target
Substructure	4	4	4
Shell	3	3	3
Interiors	4	4	4
Elevators	n/a	n/a	n/a
Plumbing	3.5	3.5	3.5
HVAC	3	3	3
Fire Protection	n/a	n/a	n/a
Electrical	4	4	4
Site	3.5	3.5	3.5
Equipment	n/a	n/a	n/a
Fare Collection	n/a	n/a	n/a
4) Equipment	Current Rating	2018 Target	2019 Target

Kingsport Transit Executive Signature

Date

Definations ULB Useful Life Benchmark No visible defects, new or near new condition-Still 5 Excellent under warranty Good, but no longer new, may have slight defects or deteriorations, but is overall funtional Good Moderaely defective or deteriorated, but has not exceed useful life.

Defective or deteriorated, in need of repalcement, 3 Adequate 2 Marginal exceeded useful life Criticall damaged or in need of immediate repair, well past useful life Poor

In Virginia, the Department of Rail and Public Transportation (DRPT) has opted to sponsor a group TAM plan for Tier II providers. Mountain Empire Older Citizens (MEOC) has decided to adopt the DRPT plan and targets. The performance measurements and the targets can be found in the DRPT *Group Transit Asset Management Plan* and are shown below.

# Virginia Department of Rail and Public Transportation Mountain Empire Older Citizens (MEOC) TAM Targets

### **Performance Targets & Measures**

Asset Category -			
Performance Measure	Asset Class	2018 Target	2019 Target
Revenue Vehicles			
	AB - Articulated Bus	20%	15%
Age - % of revenue vehicles	BU - Bus	10%	10%
within a particular asset class	CU - Cutaway	10%	10%
that have met or exceeded	MB - Minibus	25%	20%
their Useful Life Benchmark	BR - Over-the-Road Bus	20%	15%
(ULB)	TB - Trolley Bus	10%	10%
	VN - Van	25%	25%
Equipment			
Age - % of vehicles that have	Non Revenue/Service Automobile	25%	25%
met or exceeded their Useful	Trucks and other Rubber Tire Vehicles	25%	25%
Life Benchmark (ULB)			
Facilities			
Condition - % of facilities	Administrative and Maintenance Facility	10%	10%
with a condition rating below 3.0 on the FTA TERM Scale	Administrative Office	10%	10%
	Maintenance Facility	10%	10%
5.0 OII (IIE FIA TERIVI SCAIE	Passenger Facilites	10%	10%

The Kingsport MTPO's planning process will integrate, either directly or by reference, the goals, objectives, performance measures, and targets described in the applicable TAM plan. Any Transportation Improvement Program (TIP) document or Metropolitan Transportation Plan (MTP) adopted after October 1, 2018 will be in compliance with the TAM Plans developed/adopted by the transit agencies within the MPO area.