# City of Kingsport Tennessee Comprehensive Annual Financial Report



Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016



## City of Kingsport, Tennessee Comprehensive Annual Financial Report Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

Prepared By

The Finance Department

James H. Demming, City Recorder

Lisa Winkle, Comptroller

#### TABLE OF CONTENTS

I. INTRODUCTORY SECTION (UNAUDITED)	Page
Letter of Transmittal	1
GFOA Certificate of Achievement	6
Organizational Chart	7
History and Organization	8
List of Principal Officials	9
II. FINANCIAL SECTION	
Independent Auditors' Report	10
A. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS	13
B. BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
Government-Wide Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Position	26
Statement of Activities	27
Fund Financial Statements	
Governmental Fund Financial Statements	
Balance Sheet	28
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position	30
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	31
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund	
Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	33
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -	24
Budget and Actual - General Fund	34
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual - General Purpose School Fund	37
	0.
Proprietary Fund Financial Statements Statement of Net Position	39
Statement of Net Fosition Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position	41
Statement of Cash Flows	42
Notes to the Financial Statements	44
Required Supplementary Information	
Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability (Asset) -	
Public Employee Pension Plan - City of Kingsport	161
Schedule of Contributions - Public Employee Pension Plan - City of Kingsport	161
Notes to Schedule - Public Employee Pension Plan - City of Kingsport	162
Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset) -	
Teacher Legacy Pension Plan - Kingsport City Schools	163
Schedule of Contributions - Teacher Legacy Pension Plan - Kingsport City Schools	163
Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset) -	46.
Teacher Retirement Plan - Kingsport City Schools	164
Schedule of Contributions - Teacher Retirement Plan - Kingsport City Schools	164
Schedule of Funding Progress - Postemployment Health Insurance Plan - City of Kingsport	165
Schedule of Funding Progress - Postemployment Health Insurance Plans - Kingsport City Schools	165

#### **TABLE OF CONTENTS**

#### **II. FINANCIAL SECTION (CONTINUED)**

#### C. COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

Major Governmental Funds	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -	
Budget and Actual - Debt Service Fund	166
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
Combining Balance Sheet	167
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	168
Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Governmental Funds - Public Safety	169
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -	
Nonmajor Governmental Funds - Public Safety	170
Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Governmental Funds - Transportation	171
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -	
Nonmajor Governmental Funds - Transportation	172
Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Governmental Funds - Culture and Recreation	173
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -	
Nonmajor Governmental Funds - Culture and Recreation	174
Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Governmental Funds - Education	175
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -	
Nonmajor Governmental Funds - Education	176
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -	
Budget and Actual - Criminal Forfeiture Fund	177
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -	
Budget and Actual - Drug Fund	178
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -	
Budget and Actual - State Street Aid Fund	179
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -	
Budget and Actual - Regional Sales Tax Revenue Fund	180
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -	
Budget and Actual - Visitors Enhancement Fund	181
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -	
Budget and Actual - Steadman Cemetery Fund	182
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -	
Budget and Actual - Public Library Commission Fund	183
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -	
Budget and Actual - Bays Mountain Park Fund	184
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -	
Budget and Actual - Senior Citizens Advisory Board Fund	185
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -	
Budget and Actual - School Nutrition Services Fund	186
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -	
Budget and Actual - Palmer Center Fund	187
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -	
Budget and Actual - Allandale Trust Fund	188

#### **TABLE OF CONTENTS**

#### **II. FINANCIAL SECTION (CONTINUED)**

#### C. COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES (CONTINUED)

Combining Statement of Revenues Expanses and Changes in	189
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position	191
Combining Statement of Cash Flows	192
Internal Service Funds	
Combining Statement of Net Position	194
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Combining Statement of Cash Flows	196 197
Discretely Presented Component Units	
Statement of Cash Flows	199
D. SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION	
Capital Assets Used in the Operation of Governmental Funds	
Comparative Schedules by Source	200
Schedule by Function and Activity Schedule of Changes by Function and Activity	201 203
	203
Other	00.4
Schedule of Operating Costs - Enterprise Funds	204
Schedule of Operating Costs - Nonmajor Enterprise Funds Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	205 206
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Schedule of Expenditures of State Awards	208
III. STATISTICAL SECTION (UNAUDITED)	
Net Position by Component	209
Changes in Net Position	210
Governmental Activities Tax Revenues by Source	212
Fund Balances of Governmental Funds	213
Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds	214
General Government Tax Revenues by Source	216
Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property	217
Property Tax Rates - Direct and Overlapping Governments	218 219
Principal Property Taxpayers Property Tax Levies and Collections	220
Schedule of Changes In Property Tax Receivable	221
Local Option Sales Tax Collections	222
Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type	223
Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding	224
Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt	225
Legal Debt Margin Information	226
Pledged-Revenue Coverage	227

#### **TABLE OF CONTENTS**

#### III. STATISTICAL SECTION (UNAUDITED) (CONTINUED)

Demographic and Economic Statistics Principal Employers Full-Time Equivalent City Government Employees by Function Operating Indicators by Function Capital Asset Statistics by Function Utility Rate Structure and Number of Customers Schedule of Unaccounted for Water - AWWA Reporting and Performance Indicators Worksheets Top Ten Water Customers Top Ten Sewer Customers Schedule of Bonds Payable - Future Requirements Salaries and Surety Bonds of Principal Officials Schedule of Insurance in Force  IV. COMPLIANCE SECTION  Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	228 229 230 231 232 233 234 236 237
Full-Time Equivalent City Government Employees by Function Operating Indicators by Function Capital Asset Statistics by Function Utility Rate Structure and Number of Customers Schedule of Unaccounted for Water - AWWA Reporting and Performance Indicators Worksheets Top Ten Water Customers Top Ten Sewer Customers Schedule of Bonds Payable - Future Requirements Salaries and Surety Bonds of Principal Officials Schedule of Insurance in Force  IV. COMPLIANCE SECTION  Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements	230 231 232 233 234 236
Operating Indicators by Function Capital Asset Statistics by Function Utility Rate Structure and Number of Customers Schedule of Unaccounted for Water - AWWA Reporting and Performance Indicators Worksheets Top Ten Water Customers Top Ten Sewer Customers Schedule of Bonds Payable - Future Requirements Salaries and Surety Bonds of Principal Officials Schedule of Insurance in Force  IV. COMPLIANCE SECTION Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements	231 232 233 234 236
Capital Asset Statistics by Function Utility Rate Structure and Number of Customers Schedule of Unaccounted for Water - AWWA Reporting and Performance Indicators Worksheets Top Ten Water Customers Top Ten Sewer Customers Schedule of Bonds Payable - Future Requirements Salaries and Surety Bonds of Principal Officials Schedule of Insurance in Force  IV. COMPLIANCE SECTION  Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements	232 233 234 236
Utility Rate Structure and Number of Customers Schedule of Unaccounted for Water - AWWA Reporting and Performance Indicators Worksheets Top Ten Water Customers Top Ten Sewer Customers Schedule of Bonds Payable - Future Requirements Salaries and Surety Bonds of Principal Officials Schedule of Insurance in Force  IV. COMPLIANCE SECTION Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements	233 234 236
Schedule of Unaccounted for Water - AWWA Reporting and Performance Indicators Worksheets Top Ten Water Customers Top Ten Sewer Customers Schedule of Bonds Payable - Future Requirements Salaries and Surety Bonds of Principal Officials Schedule of Insurance in Force  IV. COMPLIANCE SECTION  Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements	234 236
Indicators Worksheets Top Ten Water Customers Top Ten Sewer Customers Schedule of Bonds Payable - Future Requirements Salaries and Surety Bonds of Principal Officials Schedule of Insurance in Force  IV. COMPLIANCE SECTION  Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements	236
Top Ten Water Customers Top Ten Sewer Customers Schedule of Bonds Payable - Future Requirements Salaries and Surety Bonds of Principal Officials Schedule of Insurance in Force  IV. COMPLIANCE SECTION  Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements	236
Top Ten Sewer Customers Schedule of Bonds Payable - Future Requirements Salaries and Surety Bonds of Principal Officials Schedule of Insurance in Force  IV. COMPLIANCE SECTION  Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements	
Schedule of Bonds Payable - Future Requirements Salaries and Surety Bonds of Principal Officials Schedule of Insurance in Force  IV. COMPLIANCE SECTION  Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements	227
Salaries and Surety Bonds of Principal Officials Schedule of Insurance in Force  IV. COMPLIANCE SECTION  Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements	231
Schedule of Insurance in Force  IV. COMPLIANCE SECTION  Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements	238
IV. COMPLIANCE SECTION  Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements	239
Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements	240
Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements	
	241
Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance	243
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	246
Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings	249



January 13, 2017

To the Honorable Mayor, Members of the Board of Mayor and Aldermen, and Citizens of the City of Kingsport, Tennessee:

State law requires that all general-purpose local governments publish within six months of the close of each fiscal year a complete set of financial statements presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards by a firm of licensed certified public accountants. Pursuant to that requirement, we hereby issue the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the City of Kingsport for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the City of Kingsport. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all of the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the City of Kingsport has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the government's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the City of Kingsport's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the City of Kingsport's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable, rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

Brown, Edwards & Company, L.L.P., a firm of licensed certified public accountants, has issued an unmodified ("clean") opinion on the City of Kingsport's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. The independent auditors' report is located at the front of the financial section of this report.

The independent audit of the financial statements of the City of Kingsport was part of a broader, federally mandated "Single Audit" designed to meet the special needs of federal grantor agencies. The standards governing Single Audit engagements require the independent auditor to report not only on the fair presentation of the financial statements, but also on the audited government's internal controls and compliance with legal requirements, with special emphasis on internal controls and legal requirements involving the administration of federal awards. These reports are available in the compliance report section of this CAFR.

GAAP require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City of Kingsport's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

#### **Profile of the Government**

The City of Kingsport was incorporated in 1917 and operates under a council-manager form of government. It is located in the northeast part of the state. The City currently occupies a land area of approximately 53 square miles and serves a population of 53,028. The City is authorized by state statutes to levy a property tax on both real and personal properties located within its boundaries. It is also able to extend its corporate limits by annexation; however, recent changes by the state legislature are expected to significantly slow annexation initiatives. Kingsport has a long track record of planning, budgeting and providing services to newly-annexed properties within the committed time frame. In the past 10 years, the City of Kingsport has invested \$50,000,000 to provide services to annexed areas. Current commitments will be completely fulfilled within 5 years, freeing-up capital to meet other needs within the existing city limits.

The City of Kingsport has operated under the council-manager form of government since 1917. Policy-making and legislative authority are vested in the Board of Mayor and Aldermen (BMA) consisting of the mayor and six other members. The BMA is responsible, among other things, for passing ordinances, resolutions, adopting the budget, appointing committees, and hiring the City Manager. The City's Manager is responsible for carrying out the policies and ordinances of the BMA, for overseeing the day-to-day operations of the City and for appointing the heads of various departments. The BMA is elected on a non-partisan basis. Board members serve four-year staggered terms, with an election every two years. The Mayor is elected to serve a two-year term. The City Manager serves at the pleasure of the Board.

The City of Kingsport provides a full range of services, including police, fire and rescue, elementary and secondary education, street construction and maintenance, planning and zoning, parks and recreation, cultural events, public transportation and general administrative services. In addition, water and sewer service, storm water management, solid waste collection, aquatic center, convention center and golf course are provided under an Enterprise Fund concept with user charges established by the BMA to ensure adequate coverage of operating expenses and payments on outstanding debt. Vehicle maintenance and replacement and self-insurance activities are provided through Internal Service Funds. The City of Kingsport provides water and sewer service and solid waste collection service outside the city limits.

The City is financially accountable for two legally separate organizations; the Industrial Development Board of Kingsport and the Emergency Communications District of Kingsport. Both of these organizations are reported separately within the City's financial statements. Additional information on these legally separate entities can be found in the notes to the financial statements (see note 1.A).

The annual budget serves as the foundation for the City of Kingsport's financial planning and control. All departments of the City of Kingsport are required to submit requests for appropriation to the City Manager. The City Manager uses these requests as the starting point for developing a proposed budget. The City Manager then presents this proposed budget to the BMA for review by May 15<sup>th</sup>. The BMA is required to hold two public hearings on the proposed budget and to adopt a final budget no later than June 30, the close of the City of Kingsport's fiscal year. The appropriation budget is prepared by fund, function and department. The City Manager may make transfers of appropriations within a department and between departments within any fund. Transfers of appropriations between funds, however, require the approval of the BMA. Budget-to-actual comparisons are provided in this report. The general fund comparison is presented on pages 34 through 36 as part of the basic financial statements for the City's funds.

#### **Factors Affecting Financial Condition**

The information presented in the financial statements is perhaps best understood when it is considered from the broader perspective of the specific environment within which the City of Kingsport operates.

**Local Economy** Kingsport is the largest City in the Kingsport - Bristol, TN - Bristol, VA Metropolitan Statistical Area which has a population of 307,120.

Kingsport is a regional retail center for Northeast Tennessee, Southwest Virginia and Southeast Kentucky. In 2015, retail sales totaled \$1.657 billion, up from \$1.408 billion in 2007. Retail incentives initiated in 2005 and 2007 are now paid in full.

The Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA) including Kingsport/Bristol TN/VA rounds out the top three U.S. Metropolitan Export areas in the Tennessee according to a report released in October 2016. The MSA exported goods worth \$4.6 billion, According to the International Trade Administration of the U.S. Department of Commerce, the Kingsport Bristol MSA is now the 57th largest exporting area in the country, in 2015.

Unemployment continued to decline with the June 2016 Kingsport unemployment rate down to 4.7%. Compared to the same quarter in 2015, Kingsport employment is up 1,271 jobs in June 2016.

The largest building permit issued in 2015 was for the new Watauga Orthopedics office on Larry Neil Way, valued at \$2,900,000. Additionally, Eastman built four new industrial buildings with a combined construction value of \$3,131,255.

Kingsport issued 534 residential permits and 145 commercial building permits for a combined value of \$79.34 million in calendar year 2015. Residential development grew in value of construction by about 15.0% in calendar year 2015. There were 76 new single family housing starts valued at \$18.96 million. Average construction cost was also up to around \$249,584 per unit.

Kingsport's economic stability, sound budgeting and solid financial practices were recognized in 2016 with Standard & Poor's reaffirming its AA bond rating for the City, and Moody's Investors Services reaffirming an equivalent Aa2 rating.

Long-term Financial Planning As a part of the City's annual budget process, the BMA re-evaluates the adopted multi-year Capital Improvement Plan (CIP) for utility, general government and school related activities to address needed improvements to existing City facilities, roads and infrastructure. The CIP currently includes plans for several significant projects scheduled over the next few years. These include improvements to the City's Library, Parks and Recreational facilities (\$8M), improvements to local roads and bridges (\$21M), improvements to General Government and Educational facilities (\$20M), improvements to the Water System (\$18M), and improvements and expansion of the Wastewater System (\$31M). While the CIP generally looks out over a 5 year period, the plan for the water and sewer utility systems encompass a 10 year period. These projects will be funded mostly by the issuance of new debt. Even with this significant amount of new debt, the total outstanding debt is expected to be within the parameters of the adopted debt limits as specified in the BMA's debt management policy.

The City of Kingsport has adopted a comprehensive set of financial policies to guide its operations. One of the primary policies that has given the City the flexibility to address cash flow and emergency needs and to take advantage of significant grant opportunities that have matching requirements, is the adoption of a General Fund Unassigned minimum balance policy of 15% of General Fund expenditures, with a further restriction that the City will not fund any recurring operating expenditures with the use of one-time revenues. Funding for the water and sewer CIP consists of gradual annual rate increases and savings realized from declining annual debt service expenditures. This strategy is utilized to provide an annual funding source for non-major capital expenditures and to reserve issuance of new debt obligations for large major capital projects.

#### **Major Initiatives**

The recent ONEKingsport Mayor's Summit resulted in 7 major categories for future initiatives: jobs/entrepreneurship, higher education innovation, downtown revitalization, arts/entertainment, destination city investments, housing and health/wellness. Work has just begun, but exciting outcomes are anticipated.

Downtown Kingsport continues to be an area of focus with \$82.3 million of new taxable investment since 1999.

The latest enrollment figures at the downtown Academic Village now stands at between 3,000 and 3,500 students, with five public and private colleges and universities offering course work at 155,000 square feet of dedicated higher education space.

The "Move to Kingsport" program has also continued to generate returns. Each newcomer to Kingsport is estimated to generate \$25,000 in annual economic activity. Since 2006, Kingsport has attracted 4,305 new families from 50 states. Netting 394 new families after discounting for those who moved away, these new families created an estimated annual sales impact of \$22.66 million.

Another major initiative, the Kingsport Aquatic Center is designed to meet the community's immediate needs as well as serve as a new tourism generator for the region. The Aquatic Center is the only facility within a 120 mile radius featuring three indoor pools, including a 50 meter lap pool, and an outdoor waterpark. The project is collocated with a YMCA fitness facility.

The lack of new, market rate multi-family housing for young professionals continues to be of paramount importance. In September 2015, the Board of Mayor and Aldermen approved two redevelopment plans and tax increment financing incentives (TIF) for new apartment complexes, the Riverbend Villas and the Overlook at Indian Trail.

The Riverbend Villas project will include 265 units with an estimated construction cost of \$20.4 million. The project is located adjoining a future municipal park with more than 26 acres of riverfront access.

The Overlook at Indian Trail project will include 168 units in a mix of one, two and three bedroom units. Amenities will also include garages, clubhouse and pool facilities. The estimated construction cost is \$17.6 million.

Another multi-family housing development is currently under construction along the Meadowview corridor. The Retreat at Meadowview is building phase one (75 units) of a 150 total unit complex of one, two and three bedroom units.

In March 2016, the City approved a new franchise agreement with Kingsport Power Company (dba AEP Appalachian Power). This agreement has a 20-year term and included a provision to establish a franchise fee. The City subsequently adopted a new franchise fee which is expected to result in approximately \$3,000,000 annually beginning in FY2017. The new franchise agreement replaces the original agreement with the power company adopted in 1917.

In June 2016, the City approved its first sanitation fee which is expected to generate \$2,400,000 annually beginning in FY2017. The expense of sanitation and solid waste services have been borne by the property tax throughout the City's history. It is estimated that the standard fee of \$8 per month will cover 62% of the cost of solid waste management with the potential to incrementally shift to a fully funded enterprise fund in future years.

#### Awards and Acknowledgements

Awards The Government Finance Officers' Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Kingsport for its comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. This was the 16th consecutive year that the City of Kingsport has achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

In addition, the City also received the GFOA's Distinguished Budget Presentation Award for its annual budget document dated July 1, 2015. The annual budget document dated July 1, 2016 has been submitted to the GFOA for review and it is anticipated that it will also receive this award. In order to qualify for the Distinguished Budget Presentation Award, the City's budget document was judged to be proficient in several categories, including as a policy document, a financial plan, an operations guide, and a communications device.

**Acknowledgment** The preparation of this CAFR could not have been accomplished without the efforts and dedication of the staff of the Department of Finance. We would like to express our appreciation to all staff members and other personnel from various departments, agencies, and authorities that assisted in its preparation, especially Comptroller Lisa Winkle for all of the hard work and numerous hours she put in to ensure the timely completion of this report. We would also like to thank the Board of Mayor and Aldermen for their guidance and support.

Respectfully submitted.

Tilden J. Fleming City Manager

James H. Demming City Recorder/CFO



#### Government Finance Officers Association

# Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

#### City of Kingsport Tennessee

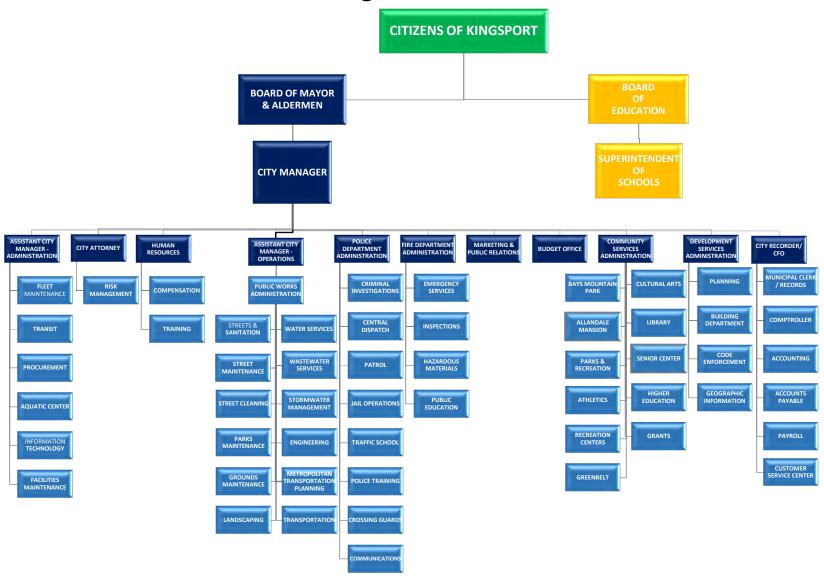
For its Comprehensive Annual
Financial Report
for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2015

**Executive Director/CEO** 



#### **Organizational Chart**





#### **CITY OF KINGSPORT, TENNESSEE**

#### **HISTORY AND ORGANIZATION**

The City of Kingsport incorporated in 1917 and has operated under the Council-Manager form of government since that time. The Board of Mayor and Aldermen was expanded from five to seven members through a Charter amendment effective May 15, 1973. On the third Tuesday in May of each odd numbered year three members are elected by the qualified voters of the City for a four-year term and the mayor is elected for a two-year term beginning at the first regular meeting of the Board in July following the election. The Board appoints a City Manager who is responsible for the administration of the City according to the Charter and Ordinances in effect. The City Manager appoints various department heads, officials, and employees to operate the City except for the Education Department. The Board of Education, consisting of five members with two or three elected by the qualified voters of the City each odd number year, is responsible for the hiring of a Director of Schools and other personnel, formulating policies and operating the school system within the framework of State statutes and the City Charter and Code.

Pay scales for employees and officials of all departments are approved by the Board of Mayor and Aldermen, and all appropriations of funds are made by the Board.

#### **CITY OF KINGSPORT, TENNESSEE**

#### **PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS**

#### AS OF

June 30, 2016

#### **BOARD OF MAYOR AND ALDERMEN**

John Clark Mayor
Mike McIntire Vice-Mayor
Darrell Duncan Alderman
Colette George Alderman
Michele Mitchell Alderman
Tommy Olterman Alderman
Tom C. Parham Alderman

#### **CHARTER OFFICERS**

T. Jeffrey Fleming City Manager

James H. Demming City Recorder/Chief Financial Officer

J. Michael Billingsley City Attorney
David A. Quillin Police Chief
William K. Rogers City Judge

Dr. Lyle C. Ailshie Superintendent of Schools

#### **DEPARTMENT HEADS**

Christopher W. McCartt Assistant City Manager Administration Ryan O. McReynolds Assistant City Manager Operations

Craig T. Dye Fire Chief
Judy A. Smith Budget Officer

#### **CITY OF KINGSPORT, TENNESSEE**

## BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION WITH INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016



#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and Board of Aldermen City of Kingsport, Tennessee Kingsport, Tennessee 37600

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Kingsport, Tennessee as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. We did not audit the financial statements of the Emergency Communications District (the ECD), which represents 15 percent, 39 percent, and 19 percent, respectively, of the assets, net positions, and revenues of the aggregate discretely presented component units.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the Emergency Communications District (the ECD), which represents 15 percent, 39 percent, and 19 percent, respectively, of the assets, net positions, and revenues of the aggregate discretely presented component units. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the ECD, is based solely on the report of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the requirements prescribed by the Comptroller of the Treasury, State of Tennessee. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of the other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Kingsport, Tennessee, as of June 30, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund and the General Purpose School Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Other Matters**

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, and other required schedules related to pension and insurance be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Kingsport, Tennessee's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual non-major fund financial statements and schedules, supplemental information, and statistical section, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards, included in the supplemental information section, is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance), and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

#### **Other Matters (Continued)**

Other Information (Continued)

The combining and individual non-major fund financial statements and schedules, supplemental information, including the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America by us and the other auditors. In our opinion, the combining and individual non-major fund financial statements and schedules, supplemental information, including the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 13, 2017, on our consideration of the City of Kingsport, Tennessee's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City of Kingsport, Tennessee's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Brown, Edwards & Company, S. L. P.

Bristol, Virginia January 13, 2017

#### A. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS



As management of the City of Kingsport (the City), we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, which can be found on pages 1 through 5 of this report.

#### **Financial Highlights**

- The assets of the City exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$368,689 (net position).
- The City's total net position increased by \$895 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$33,737, a decrease of \$5,533. The decrease primarily relates to current year expenditures of prior year bond proceeds reported in capital projects. Approximately 39% of this total fund balance, \$13,131, is unassigned and therefore available for spending at the City's discretion.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$13,131 or approximately 18% of total general fund expenditures including transfers out.
- The City's total gross debt decreased by \$2,107 (1%) during the current fiscal year. The decrease is primarily the result of new refunding bonds issued in fiscal year 2016 which included significant premiums. In October 2015, the City issued \$15,105 General Obligation Refunding and Public Improvement Bonds, Series 2015A. In June 2016, the City issued \$16,580 General Obligation Refunding Bonds Series 2016A and \$13,360 General Obligation Refunding Bonds Series 2016B.

#### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

#### **Government-wide financial statements**

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the City's assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference between the assets plus deferred outflows of resources less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes or earned but unused vacation leave, etc.).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes, licenses and permits, and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City include general government, public safety, public works, highway transportation planning, economic and physical development, culture and recreation, and education. The business-type activities of the City include water, sewer, solid waste, storm water management, aquatic center, conference center and golf course. The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 26 and 27 of this report.

#### **Fund financial statements**

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

#### **Governmental funds**

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the city-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a City's near-term financing requirements. Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City maintains twenty-three (23) individual governmental funds. Nineteen (19) of these governmental funds are classified as nonmajor and are summarized under the heading "Other Governmental Funds" in the governmental fund presentation. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund, the general purpose school fund, the capital project fund, the debt service fund and nonmajor governmental funds, all of which are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 28-38 of this report.

The City adopts an annual appropriation budget for its general and other major special revenue funds. Budgetary comparison statements have been provided for these funds to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

### CITY OF KINGSPORT, TENNESSEE MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

(amounts expressed in thousands)

#### **Proprietary funds**

The City maintains thirteen (13) different types of proprietary funds, including enterprise and internal service funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its water, sewer, solid waste management, storm water management, aquatic center, convention center and golf course activities. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City's various functions. The City uses internal service funds to account for vehicle maintenance and replacement and self-insurance activities. During 2015 the Kingsport City Schools became self-insured for employees and retirees which resulted in two new internal service funds. Because these services predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information of the water, sewer, aquatic center, and convention center activities, which are considered to be major funds of the City. In addition the proprietary fund financial statements include a column for other enterprise funds. This column presents the information for the City's solid waste management, storm water management, and golf course activities. Individual fund data for these nonmajor enterprise funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report. Internal service funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements. Individual fund data for internal service funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report. The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 39-43 of this report.

#### Notes to the financial statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 43-159 of this report.

#### Other information

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds, nonmajor enterprise funds and internal service funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found on pages 166-198 of this report.

#### **Government-wide Financial Analysis**

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a City's financial position. In the case of the City, assets exceed liabilities by \$368,689 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

By far the largest portion of the City's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, and equipment); less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

#### City of Kingsport's Net Position

	Governmenta	al Activities	Business-Typ	e Activities	Total			
	2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015		
Current and Other Assets Capital Assets Total Assets	\$ 111,975 328,423 440,398	\$ 115,484 331,078 446,562	\$ 41,419 282,724 324,143	\$ 39,554 274,913 314,467	\$ 153,394 611,147 764,541	\$ 155,038 605,991 761,029		
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	24,688	11,004	4,128	1,333	28,816	12,337		
Long-term Liabilities Outstanding Other Liabilities Total Liabilities	191,862 18,549 210,411	183,945 18,583 202,528	126,914 7,068 133,982	120,110 3,855 123,965	318,776 25,617 344,393	304,055 22,438 326,493		
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	78,650	76,935	1,625	2,144	80,275	79,079		
Net Position: Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted Unrestricted	215,147 173 (39,295)	220,670 216 (42,783)	188,268 605 3,791	183,084 406 6,201	403,415 778 (35,504)	403,754 622 (36,582)		
Total Net Position	\$ 176,025	\$ 178,103	\$ 192,664	\$ 189,691	\$ 368,689	\$ 367,794		

A portion of the City's net position, \$778 (less than 1%) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used.

During the current fiscal year, the government's net position increased by \$895. Net position for governmental activities decreased by \$2,078 while net position for business-type activities increased by \$2,973.

The \$2,078 current year decrease in net position for governmental activities was primarily a result of accruing pension liabilities in accordance with GASB 68, accruing OPEB liabilities in accordance with GASB 45, and recording depreciation on general fixed assets in accordance with GASB 34.

The primary reason for the increase in net position in the business-type activities is due to the increase in water and sewer user rates.

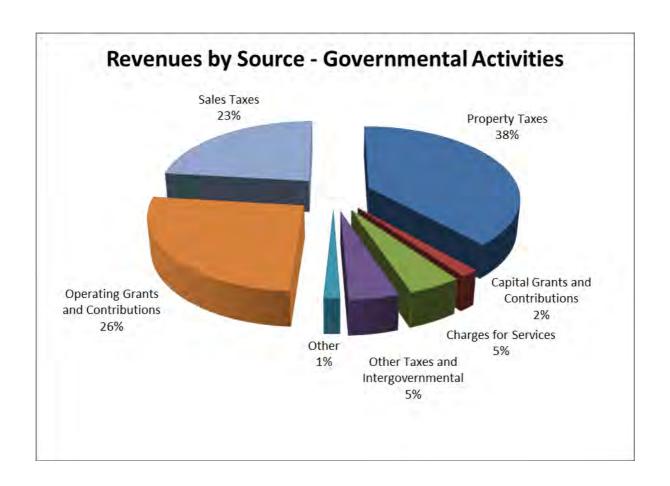
The following is a summary of activities for the City during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016:

#### City of Kingsport's Change in Net Position

	Governmental Activities		Business-Ty	pe Activities	Total	
	2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015
Revenues:						
Program Revenues:						
Charges for Services	\$ 7,118	\$ 6,207	\$ 32,691	\$ 31,819	\$ 39,809	\$ 38,026
Operating Grants and Contributions	38,590	38,082	175	181	38,765	38,263
Capital Grants and Contributions	2,411	3,352	1,495	869	3,906	4,221
General Revenues						
Property Taxes	57,058	55,935	0	0	57,058	55,935
Sales Taxes	34,387	32,690	0	0	34,387	32,690
Other Taxes and Intergovernmental	6,774	6,596	0	0	6,774	6,596
Unrestricted Investment Earnings	212	158	179	77	391	235
Grants and Contributions Not						
Restricted to Specific Programs	995	1,126	0	0	995	1,126
Other	940	1,048	0	0	940	1,048
Total Revenues	148,485	145,194	34,540	32,946	183,025	178,140
Expenses:						
General Government	10,413	10,576	0	0	10,413	10,576
Public Safety	21,663	21,216	0	0	21,663	21,216
Public Works	15,579	14,606	0	0	15,579	14,606
Highway Transportation Planning	4,428	5,319	0	0	4,428	5,319
Economic and Physical Development	4,327	4,358	0	0	4,327	4,358
Culture and Recreation	7,784	7,348	0	0	7,784	7,348
Education	78,181	74,368	0	0	78,181	74,368
Interest on Long-term Debt	4,008	4,190	0	0	4,008	4,190
Water	0	0	11,030	10,690	11,030	10,690
Sewer	0	0	11,853	11,281	11,853	11,281
Solid Waste Management	0	0	4,424	4,250	4,424	4,250
Storm Water Management	0	0	1,458	1,347	1,458	1,347
Aquatic Center	0	0	2,985	3,058	2,985	3,058
MeadowView Conference Resort	· ·	Ü	2,000	0,000	2,000	0,000
and Convention Center	0	0	2,685	2,945	2,685	2,945
Cattails at MeadowView Golf Course	0	0	1,312	1,288	1,312	1,288
Total Expenses	146,383	141,981	35,747	34,859	182,130	176,840
Total Exportsoo	140,000	141,001	00,141	04,000	102,100	170,040
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position						
before Transfers	2,102	3,213	(1,207)	(1,913)	895	1,300
Transfers	(4,180)	(4,539)	4,180	4,539	0	0
Change in Net Position	(2,078)	(1,326)	2,973	2,626	895	1,300
Onango m noch conton	(2,070)	(1,020)	2,010	2,020	000	1,000
Net Position, beginning of period	178,103	220,274	189,691	196,186	367,794	416,460
Implementation of GASB 68	0	(39,211)	0	(5,182)	0	(44,393)
Corrections Related to Closing Projects	0	(1,634)	0	(3,939)	0	(5,573)
-						
Net Position, end of period	\$ 176,025	\$ 178,103	\$ 192,664	\$ 189,691	\$ 368,689	\$ 367,794

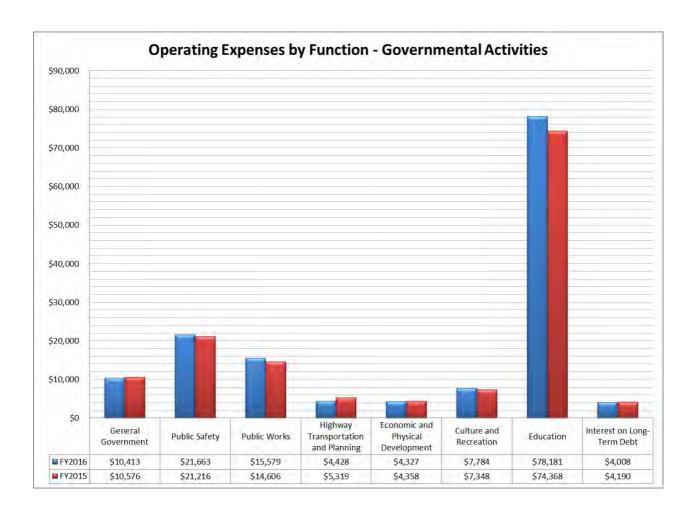
#### **Governmental Activities - Revenue**

The City's governmental revenues totaling \$148,485 were more than the prior year by \$3,291. Property taxes were more than the prior year by \$1,123 and sales taxes were more than the prior year by \$1,697.



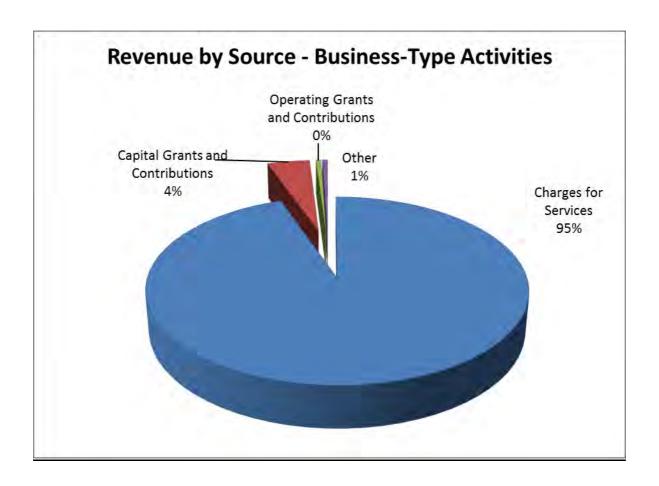
#### **Governmental Activities – Operating Expenses**

Operating expenses for governmental activities were more than the prior year by \$4,402. Operating expenses for the public works function were more than the prior year by \$973 while operating expenses for the education function were more than the prior year by \$3,813.



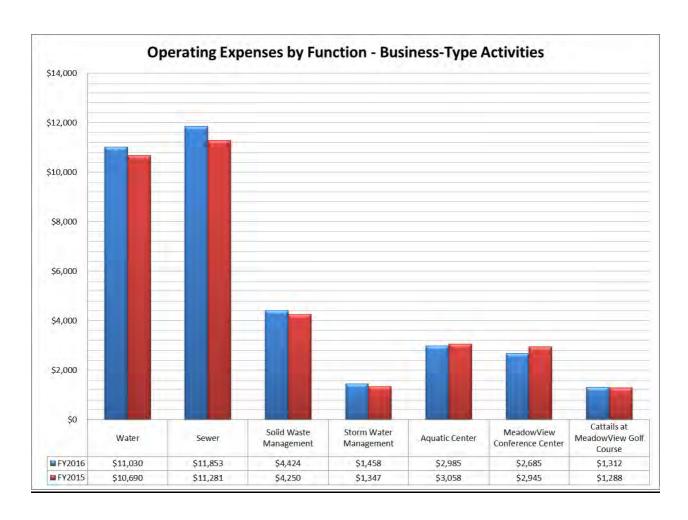
#### **Business-Type Activities - Revenue**

The City's business-type revenues totaling \$34,540 were more than the prior year by \$1,594. A primary factor in the increased revenue was the 2% increase for inside water rates and a 2% increase for all sewer rates. Additional factors include grant revenue from EDA related to the raw water intake project.



#### **Business-Type Activities – Operating Expenses**

Operating expenses for business-type activities were more than the prior year by \$888. The primary factor of this increase is the increase of expenses in the sewer fund totaling \$572. The water fund expenses increased by \$340.



#### Financial Analysis of the City's Funds

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

#### **Governmental Funds**

The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City of Kingsport's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a City's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year. As of the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Kingsport's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$33,737 a decrease of \$5,533 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 39% of this total amount, \$13,131 constitutes unassigned fund balance, which is available for spending at the City's discretion. The remainder of fund balance consists of \$373 nonspendable primarily attributed to inventories and a perpetual care trust, \$8,264 restricted primarily for capital projects, \$15 committed for specific projects, and \$11,954 assigned primarily to the City's various governmental funds most significantly for education, capital projects, and debt service.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$13,131 while total fund balance was \$13,249. Of the total fund balance \$23 is considered nonspendable while \$95 is considered assigned. The majority of the assigned fund balance represents encumbrance carryovers from fiscal year 2016 to fiscal year 2017. As a matter of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures and transfers out.

Unassigned fund balance represents approximately 18% of total general fund expenditures and transfers out, while total fund balance represents 18% of that same amount. During fiscal year 2016, the fund balance of the City's General Fund increased by \$352.

The general purpose school fund has a total fund balance of \$5,797, of which most is uncommitted. The net decrease in fund balance during the current year in the general purpose school fund was \$286. This decrease was driven by a project to purchase laptops for students.

The capital project fund has a total fund balance of \$9,547. Of this amount, \$8,139 represents unspent bond proceeds restricted for capital projects. The remainder of \$1,408 is assigned to the capital project fund. The net decrease in this fund balance of \$5,834 was primarily due to bond proceeds received during the prior fiscal year being spent in the current fiscal year.

The debt service fund has a total fund balance of \$44. Debt service expenditures (principal and interest) totaled \$12,054 for fiscal year 2016. This was \$5 more than the debt service expenditures paid in fiscal year 2015.

Nonmajor (other) governmental funds have a fund balance of \$5,100. The net increase in fund balance during the current year in nonmajor governmental funds was \$290.

#### **Proprietary funds**

The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Unrestricted net position of the water and sewer funds at the end of the fiscal year amounted to \$1,263 and \$4,120 respectively. Other factors concerning the financial position of these funds have already been addressed in the discussion of the City's business-type activities.

#### **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

Differences between the original revenue budget and the final amended revenue budget represent a \$2,017 increase and are detailed as follows:

\$ 737	Appropriate additional state and county sales tax revenue to cover additional transfers
368	Appropriate additional Hall Income tax to cover additional transfers
399	Appropriate additional engineering charges to cover transfers and other expenditures
388	Appropriate other revenue received to cover miscellaneous expenditures
 125	Provide funding for prior year encumbrances
\$ 2,017	

#### **Capital Asset and Debt Administration**

#### **Capital Assets**

The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2016, amounts to \$611,147 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements other than buildings, equipment, infrastructure and construction in progress.

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- The most significant business-type construction project during fiscal year 2016 was a \$16,500 water intake project to upgrade the water treatment plant. This project is being funded primarily by a state revolving loan. Business-type construction in progress at the close of the fiscal year was \$20,725.
- Construction continued and/or began on a variety of general governmental projects including various road improvement projects. Sullivan Street improvements was one of the more significant of the governmental projects during FY2016. Governmental construction in progress at the close of the fiscal year was \$18,271.

### CITY OF KINGSPORT, TENNESSEE MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

(amounts expressed in thousands)

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note 4.C on pages 64-69 of this report.

#### **City of Kingsport's Capital Assets**

(Net of Depreciation)

	Governmer	ntal Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	Total			
	2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015		
Land	\$ 32,227	\$ 30,055	\$ 8,048	\$ 7,875	\$ 40,275	\$ 37,930		
Buildings and Systems	98,118	97,175	246,696	251,032	344,814	348,207		
Improvements other than Buildings	10,584	9,819	4,522	4,913	15,106	14,732		
Machinery and Equipment	19,511	17,398	2,538	2,253	22,049	19,651		
Software	293	174	195	10	488	184		
Infrastructure	149,419	152,490	0	0	149,419	152,490		
Construction in Progress	18,271	23,967	20,725	8,830	38,996	32,797		
Total Capital Assets	\$ 328,423	\$ 331,078	\$ 282,724	\$ 274,913	\$ 611,147	\$ 605,991		

#### Long-term debt

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City had total gross debt outstanding of \$227,226. All of this debt is backed by the full faith and credit of the government.

#### **City of Kingsport's Outstanding Debt**

(Gross Amounts)

	Gov	ernmer/	ntal Activ	<i>i</i> ities	<b>Business-Type Activities</b>				Total			
	20	16	2015 20		2016		2015		2016		20	15
Notes Payable	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0
General Obligation Bonds	107	7,558	112	112,003		9,182	109,882		216,740		221,885	
Loans from Other Governments		6,592	7,448			3,894		0	1	0,486		7,448
Total Long-term Debt	\$ 114	4,150	\$ 119	9,451	\$ 11	3,076	\$ 10	9,882	\$ 22	7,226	\$ 229	9,333

During the current fiscal year, the City's total gross debt decreased by \$2,107 (1%). The governmental activities long-term debt decreased by \$5,301 while business-type activities long-term debt increased by \$3,194.

The current year decrease in long-term debt for governmental activities can be attributed to refunding bonds issued with significant premiums during the fiscal year. In October 2015, the City issued \$15,105 General Obligation Refunding and Public Improvement Bonds Series 2015A. In June 2016, the City issued \$16,580 General Obligation Refunding Bonds Series 2016A and \$13,360 General Obligation Refunding Bonds Series 2016B.

The current year increase in long term debt for business-type activities can be attributed to the water fund's draws on the state revolving loan being used to fund the City's new raw water intake project. In 2016, the City's Water Fund received \$3,894 in draws from the state revolving loan.

The City currently has a rating of AA from Standard & Poor's Rating Services and a rating of Aa2 from Moody's Investors Service. Both the Standard & Poor's rating and the Moody's rating were reaffirmed in November 2016 in conjunction with a recent bond sale.

The City is subject to debt limitations imposed by its Charter. The total bonded indebtedness (excluding general obligation debt supported by utility operations and assessments) shall not exceed 20% of the assessed taxable value of property within the City. The current outstanding general obligation debt is less than the City's debt limitation.

Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in Note 4.E on pages 73-122 of this report.

#### **Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates**

- The unemployment rate for the municipal service area is currently 4.7%, which is a decrease of 1.2% from a year ago. Kingsport employment is up by 1271 jobs in June 2016.
- Inflationary trends in the region are comparable to national indices.
- 606 building permits with an estimated value of \$87,070 were issued during this fiscal year, compared to 1,367 building permits with an estimated value of \$82,340 for the previous year.

Short term interest rates on investments for the City's operating funds increased to approximately 0.33% in fiscal year 2016. The City has been able to obtain 1.08% rates with one year commitments.

All of these factors were considered in preparing the City's budget for the 2017 fiscal year.

During the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance in the general fund increased to \$13,131. The City has assigned fund balance of \$95 to cover encumbrances remaining from FY2016.

For the FY2017 budget year, water rates were increased by 2% for all inside customers while sewer rates were increased by 2% for both inside and outside customers.

#### **Requests for Information**

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances for all those with an interest in such. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the City of Kingsport, Finance Department Director, 225 West Center Street, Kingsport, TN 37660.

#### **B. BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**



#### CITY OF KINGSPORT, TENNESSEE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2016

	Primary Government						
	Governmental Activities	Business - Type Activities	Total	Industrial Development Board	Emergency Communications District		
ASSETS:					-		
Cash	\$ 1,727,465	\$ 17,403	\$ 1,744,868	\$ 1,882,753	\$ 1,160,500		
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	29,618,257	9,682,709	39,300,966	0	0		
Long Term Certificates of Deposit	250,691	0	250,691	0	0		
Investments	360,588	0	360,588	0	0		
Accounts Receivable, Net	39,098,441	3,879,138	42,977,579	12,631	14,798		
Accrued Interest Receivable	4,025	17,593	21,618	0	0		
Due from Other Governments	28,261,031	915,261	29,176,292	0	0		
Due from Primary Government	0	0	0	143,760	0		
Internal Balances	0	0	0	0	0		
Inventories	603,762	634,893	1,238,655	0	0		
Prepaids	219,100	39,322	258,422	26,805	49,541		
Land Held for Sale or Development	0	0	0	7,451,354	0		
Net Pension Asset	16,828	0	16,828	0	0		
Restricted Assets:							
Cash	8,188,159	25,527,724	33,715,883	0	0		
Long Term Certificates of Deposit	1,000,000	0	1,000,000	0	0		
Investments	2,428,828	417,032	2,845,860	319,180	0		
Receivables	0	0	0	499,216	0		
Capital Assets:				, -			
Land	32,226,534	8,048,082	40,274,616	2,063,238	242,010		
Buildings and Systems	186,473,472	383,532,034	570,005,506	10,433,063	2,022,110		
Improvements Other Than Buildings	25,595,304	10,610,708	36,206,012	317,928	_,=_,0		
Machinery and Equipment	55,086,922	6,768,167	61,855,089	0	1,070,504		
Software	908,338	304,672	1,213,010	0	0		
Infrastructure	292,617,695	0	292,617,695	0	0		
Construction in Progress	18,271,076	20,724,790	38,995,866	187,450	0		
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(282,755,846)	(147,264,068)	(430,019,914)	(599,882)	(623,280		
Other Assets, Net	198,000	287,902	485,902	(399,662)	(023,200		
Total Assets	440,398,670	324,143,362	764,542,032	22,737,496	3,936,183		
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES: Deferred Outflows Related to Refunding	3,917,376	2,159,391	6,076,767	0	0		
Deferred Outflows Related to Pensions	20,770,138	1,968,905	22,739,043	0	0		
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	24,687,514	4,128,296	28,815,810	0	0		
LIABILITIES:							
Accounts Payable and Other Current Liabilities	13,797,028	4,707,105	18,504,133	312,827	9,185		
Due to Primary Government	0	0	0	0	0		
Due to Other Governments	5,487	244,148	249,635	0	0		
Due to Component Units	23,760	0	23,760	0	0		
Compensated Absences Payable	3,473,806	620,113	4,093,919	0	0		
Accrued Interest Payable	1,175,469	854,237	2,029,706	39,924	0		
Unearned Revenue	73,163	32,436	105,599	325,528	0		
Liabilities Payable from Restricted Assets	0	610,198	610,198	0	0		
Noncurrent Liabilities: Due Within One Year	8,116,385	8,389,084	16,505,469	89,501	O		
Due in More Than One Year					0		
	113,419,910	110,861,732	224,281,642	15,756,770			
Pension Liability	26,167,008	4,690,733	30,857,741	0	0		
OPEB Liability	44,159,194	2,972,548	47,131,742	0	0		
Post Closure Liability Total Liabilities	210,411,210	133,982,334	344,393,544	16,524,550	9,185		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:	_	_	_	_			
Deferred Inflows Related to Property Taxes	55,104,633	0	55,104,633	0	O		
Deferred Inflows Related to Property Taxes  Deferred Inflows Related to Other Taxes	445,146	0	35, 104,633 445,146	0	0		
Deferred Inflows Related to Other Taxes  Deferred Inflows Related to Pensions	23,100,231	1,624,812	24,725,043	0	0		
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	78,650,010	1,624,812	80,274,822	0	0		
NET POSITION:							
Net Investment in Capital Assets	215,146,670	188,268,413	403,415,083	1,137,364	2,711,344		
Restricted for Debt Service	0	311,026	311,026	0	2,711,011		
Restricted for Capital Improvements	20,250	293,769	314,019	0	C		
Restricted for Perpetual Care (Nonexpendable)	152,691	293,709	152,691	0	(		
Unrestricted	(39,294,647)	3,791,304	(35,503,343)	5,075,582	1,215,654		

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

#### CITY OF KINGSPORT, TENNESSEE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

		Program Revenues	6		Net (Expense) Re	s in Net Position			
						Primary Governmen	Compon	ent Units	
Functions / Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business - Type Activities	Total	Industrial Development Board	Emergency Communicati ons District
Primary Government:									
Governmental Activities:									
General Government	\$ 10,413,192	\$ 1,097,954	\$ 386,187	\$ 2,243,906	\$ (6,685,145)	\$ 0	\$ (6,685,145)		
Public Safety	21,663,334	1,259,977	346,614	0	(20,056,743)	0	(20,056,743)		
Public Works	15,579,088	0	0	0	(15,579,088)	0	(15,579,088)		
Highways and Transportation	4,428,006	117,862	2,998,433	167,329	(1,144,382)	0	(1,144,382)		
Economic and Physical Development	4,326,769	900,416	529,814	0	(2,896,539)	0	(2,896,539)		
Culture and Recreation	7,784,401	1,324,523	171,478	0	(6,288,400)	0	(6,288,400)		
Education	78,180,717	2,417,198	34,157,864	0	(41,605,655)	0	(41,605,655)		
Interest on Long Term Debt	4,008,351	0	0	0	(4,008,351)	0	(4,008,351)		
Total Governmental Activities	146,383,858	7,117,930	38,590,390	2,411,235	(98,264,303)		(98,264,303)		
Total Governmental Activities	140,303,030	7,117,550	30,330,330	2,411,200	(90,204,303)		(30,204,303)		
Business - Type Activities:									
Water	11,029,910	13,575,659	56,182	964,471	0	3,566,402	3,566,402		
Sewer	11,853,057	13,750,057	84,273	530,755	0	2,512,028	2,512,028		
Solid Waste Management	4,424,383	872,231	4,214	0	0	(3,547,938)	(3,547,938)		
Storm Water Management	1,457,499	1,860,884	8,427	0	0	411,812	411,812		
Aquatic Center	2,984,965	1,348,766	7,696	0	0	(1,628,503)	(1,628,503)		
MeadowView Conference Resort and Convention Center	2,685,147	384,717	14,111	0	0	(2,286,319)	(2,286,319)		
Cattails at MeadowView Golf Course	1,311,917	898,760	0	0	0	(413,157)	(413,157)		
Total Business - Type Activities	35,746,878	32,691,074	174,903	1,495,226	0	(1,385,675)	(1,385,675)		
Total Primary Government	\$ 182,130,736	\$ 39,809,004	\$ 38,765,293	\$ 3,906,461	(98,264,303)	(1,385,675)	(99,649,978)		
Component Units:									
Industrial Development Board	\$ 1,707,342	\$ 1,417,005	\$ 422,419	\$ 1,228,500				\$ 1,360,582	\$ 0
Emergency Communications District	584,711	712,182	13,721	φ 1,220,300				Ψ 1,300,302	141,192
Total Component Units	\$ 2,292,053	\$ 2,129,187	\$ 436,140	\$ 1,228,500				1,360,582	141,192
Total Component Cinto	Ψ 2,202,000	Ψ 2,120,101	Ψ 100,110	Ψ 1,220,000				1,000,002	,.02
General Revenues:									
Property Taxes					57,058,121	0	57,058,121	0	0
Sales Taxes					34,386,506	0	34,386,506	0	0
Alcoholic Beverage Taxes					1,924,223	0	1,924,223	0	0
Occupational Licenses and Business Taxes					2,103,921	0	2,103,921	0	0
Hotel / Motel Taxes					1,677,591	0	1,677,591	0	0
Income Taxes					1,068,350	0	1,068,350	0	0
Grants and Contributions Not Restricted to Specific Programs	3				995,380	0	995,380	0	0
Unrestricted Investment Earnings					211,962	179,251	391,213	11,330	277
Miscellaneous					939,546	0	939,546	0	14,798
Transfers					(4,179,563)	4,179,563	0	0	0
Total General Revenues and Transfers					96,186,037	4,358,814	100,544,851	11,330	15,075
Change in Net Position					(2,078,266)	2,973,139	894,873	1,371,912	156,267
Net Position - Beginning					178,103,230	189,691,373	367,794,603	4,841,034	3,770,731
Net Position - Ending					\$ 176,024,964	\$ 192,664,512	\$ 368,689,476	\$ 6,212,946	\$ 3,926,998

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

## CITY OF KINGSPORT, TENNESSEE BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2016

	General Fund	General Purpose School Fund	Debt Service Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS:						
Cash	\$ 73,565	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 1,653,900	\$ 1,727,465
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	9,257,907	7,655,633	29,281	1,834,781	2,046,728	20,824,330
Long-Term Certificates of Deposit	0	0	0	0	250,691	250,691
Investments	0	0	0	0	360,588	360,588
Taxes Receivable, net	38,203,115	0	0	0	0	38,203,115
Accounts Receivable, net	705,218	24,424	0	0	41,049	770,691
Accrued Interest Receivable	0	0	3,793	0	69	3,862
Due from Other Governments	5,484,372	20,740,393	0	50,402	1,985,864	28,261,031
Due from Other Funds	1,004,985	446,325	0	0	0	1,451,310
Due from Component Units	0	0	0	0	0	0
Inventories	3,071	2,452	0	0	193,069	198,592
Prepaids	19,856	1,370	0	0	527	21,753
Cash - Restricted	0	0	11,044	8,177,115	0	8,188,159
Investments - Restricted	0	0	0	48,441	20,250	68,691
Total Assets	\$ 54,752,089	\$ 28,870,597	\$ 44,118	\$ 10,110,739	\$ 6,552,735	\$ 100,330,278
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RE	ESOURCES, AND F	FUND BALANCES:				
Liabilities:						
Accounts Payable	\$ 688,237	\$ 424,692	\$ 0	\$ 528,781	\$ 440,832	\$ 2,082,542
Compensated Absences Payable	72,060	96,880	0	0	0	168,940
Due to Other Governments	5,454	0	0	0	33	5,487
Due to Other Funds	0	0	0	0	927,524	927,524
Due to Component Units	23,635	0	0	125	0	23,760
Contracts Payable	0	0	0	34,474	0	34,474
Other Liabilities	2,293,539	4,342,239	0	0	21,447	6,657,225
Advances from Other Funds	0	0	0	0	0	0
			0	0	62,928	73,163
Unearned Revenue	20	10,215			02,920	73,103

(continued)

## CITY OF KINGSPORT, TENNESSEE BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2016

	General Fund	General Purpose School Fund	Debt Service Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Deferred Inflows of Resources:						
Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes	37,975,213	18,200,000	0	0	0	56,175,213
Unavailable Revenue Other	445,146	0	0	0	0	445,146
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	38,420,359	18,200,000	0	0	0	56,620,359
Fund Balances:						
Nonspendable:						
Inventory	3,071	2,452	0	0	193,069	198,592
Prepaids	19,856	1,370	0	0	0	21,226
Allandale Trust Principal	0	0	0	0	152,691	152,691
Restricted for:						
Unspent Federal Forfeitures	0	0	0	0	20,250	20,250
Unspent Bond Proceeds	0	0	0	8,139,470	0	8,139,470
Unspent Hotel Tax	0	0	0	0	104,497	104,497
Committed to:						
DB Track Maintenance Project	0	15,000	0	0	0	15,000
Assigned to:						
Fund Balance Allocations	73,978	0	0	0	0	73,978
Future Industrial Park	20,927	0	0	0	0	20,927
Education	0	5,777,749	0	0	2,196,362	7,974,111
Debt Service	0	0	44,118	0	0	44,118
Capital Projects	0	0	0	1,407,889	0	1,407,889
Community Development	0	0	0	0	16,471	16,471
Other Projects	0	0	0	0	745,840	745,840
Public Safety	0	0	0	0	323,643	323,643
Transportation	0	0	0	0	670,313	670,313
Culture and Recreation	0	0	0	0	632,970	632,970
Allandale	0	0	0	0	43,865	43,865
Unassigned	13,130,953	0	0	0	0	13,130,953
Total Fund Balances	13,248,785	5,796,571	44,118	9,547,359	5,099,971	33,736,804
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resource	es					
and Fund Balances	\$ 54,752,089	\$ 28,870,597	\$ 44,118	\$ 10,110,739	\$ 6,552,735	\$ 100,330,278

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

# CITY OF KINGSPORT, TENNESSEE RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2016

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because: Total Fund Balance of Governmental Funds \$ 33,736,804 Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. 317,392,433 Property tax assessments are reported as revenue in the government - wide statements in the period in which an enforceable legal claim arises against property owners. In governmental funds, these assessments are not available to finance current period expenditures and are reported as unearned revenue until paid by property owners. 1,070,580 Net pension asset related to the teacher retirement plan is reported on statement of net position. 16,828 Deferred outflows related to refunding is reported is on statement of net position. 3,917,376 Deferred outflows related to pensions is reported on the statement of net position. 20,770,138 Deferred inflows related to pensions is reported on the statement of net position. (23,100,231)Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of fleet maintenance, liability insurance, city employee health insurance, city retiree's insurance, school employee health insurance and school retiree's health insurance to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position. 18,454,368 Long term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. (196,233,332)Net Position of Governmental Activities \$ 176,024,964

## CITY OF KINGSPORT, TENNESSEE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

	General Fund	General Purpose School Fund	Debt Service Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES:						
Taxes	\$ 43,231,684	\$ 28,091,274	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 4,226,589	\$ 75,549,547
Licenses and Permits	456,360	0	0	0	0	456,360
Intergovernmental	24,706,071	26,520,503	191,945	684,849	10,749,596	62,852,964
Charges for Services	2,447,112	1,364,228	0	0	1,282,004	5,093,344
Fines and Forfeitures	842,116	0	0	0	183,165	1,025,281
Investment Earnings	44,714	0	138,668	41	4,071	187,494
Contributions and Donations	126,661	0	0	52,376	292,286	471,323
Miscellaneous	94,985	364,448	0	0	250	459,683
Total Revenues	71,949,703	56,340,453	330,613	737,266	16,737,961	146,095,996
EXPENDITURES:						
Current:						
General Government	8,609,982	0	0	0	685,416	9,295,398
Public Safety	20,272,421	0	0	0	107,075	20,379,496
Public Works	7,343,759	0	0	0	0	7,343,759
Economic and Physical Development	3,432,304	0	0	0	529,814	3,962,118
Transportation	0	0	0	0	4,428,006	4,428,006
Culture and Recreation	5,411,743	0	0	0	181,039	5,592,782
Education	0	65,845,545	0	0	8,041,128	73,886,673
Miscellaneous	769,025	0	0	0	0	769,025
Debt Service:						
Principal	0	0	7,697,555	0	0	7,697,555
Interest	0	0	4,356,358	0	0	4,356,358
Bond Issuance Costs	0	0	0	242,887	0	242,887
Other Costs	0	0	17,311	0	0	17,311
Capital Outlay	56,022	374,169	0	10,534,055	703,482	11,667,728
Total Expenditures	45,895,256	66,219,714	12,071,224	10,776,942	14,675,960	149,639,096
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over						
(Under) Expenditures	26,054,447	(9,879,261)	(11,740,611)	(10,039,676)	2,062,001	(3,543,100)

(continued)

## CITY OF KINGSPORT, TENNESSEE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

	General Fund	General Purpose School Fund	Debt Service Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Transfers In	3,435,818	13,552,898	11,685,371	1,979,516	2,364,048	33,017,651
Transfers Out	(29,137,892)	(3,959,926)	0	(319,406)	(4,136,222)	(37,553,446)
Debt Transferred to Solid Waste Fund	0	0	0	(1,362,955)	0	(1,362,955)
Premiums Transferred to Solid Waste Fund	0	0	0	(116,897)	0	(116,897)
Issuance of Debt	0	0	0	19,313,751	0	19,313,751
Premiums on Debt Issued	0	0	0	1,802,565	0	1,802,565
Payments to Refunded Bond Escrow	0	0	0	(17,090,711)	0	(17,090,711)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(25,702,074)	9,592,972	11,685,371	4,205,863	(1,772,174)	(1,990,042)
Net Change in Fund Balances	352,373	(286,289)	(55,240)	(5,833,813)	289,827	(5,533,142)
Fund Balances, July 1, 2015	12,896,412	6,082,860	99,358	15,381,172	4,810,144	39,269,946
Fund Balances, June 30, 2016	\$ 13,248,785	\$ 5,796,571	\$ 44,118	\$ 9,547,359	\$ 5,099,971	\$ 33,736,804

# CITY OF KINGSPORT, TENNESSEE RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because: Net Change in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds \$ (5,533,142) Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays in the current period were less than depreciation of capital assets. (2,673,221)The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e. sales, trade-ins, and donations) is a decrease to net position. (959,082)Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. 79,413 Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of fleet maintenance, liability insurance, employee health insurance, and retiree health insurance to individual funds. The net expense of certain activities of internal service funds is reported with governmental activities. 1,309,947 Some items reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in governmental funds: Increase in Compensated Absences (116,221)Increase in OPEB Liability (5,041,543)Decrease in Accrued Interest 146,502 Decrease in Pension Liabilities and Deferrals net of pension asset 5,192,774 The issuance of long term debt (e.g. bonds) provide current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long term debt consumes financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long term debt and related items. 5,516,307 \$ (2,078,266) Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities

#### CITY OF KINGSPORT, TENNESSEE GENERAL FUND

## STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Amount	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES:					
Taxes:					
General Property	\$ 38,015,900	\$ 37,844,461	\$ 37,881,454	\$ 36,993	
Gross Receipts	5,058,100	5,290,278	5,350,230	59,952	
Licenses and Permits	486,100	452,521	456,360	3,839	
Intergovernmental:					
Federal	18,900	39,254	26,335	(12,919)	
State	5,894,600	6,561,139	6,593,663	32,524	
County	17,221,200	17,750,689	17,865,518	114,829	
Local	220,800	231,255	220,555	(10,700)	
Charges for Services	1,800,500	2,393,914	2,447,112	53,198	
Fines and Forfeitures	757,500	835,700	842,116	6,416	
Investment Earnings	10,500	44,699	44,714	15	
Contributions and Donations	125,000	126,662	126,661	(1)	
Miscellaneous	90,000	93,121	94,985	1,864	
Total Revenues	69,699,100	71,663,693	71,949,703	286,010	
EXPENDITURES:					
General Government:					
Board of Mayor and Aldermen	129,250	146,258	146,250	8	
Judicial	30,950	28,896	28,894	2	
City Attorney	423,000	383,039	383,030	9	
City Manager	409,800	404,011	404,002	9	
Assistant City Manager	161,200	120,846	120,840	6	
Budget Office	185,700	187,006	186,999	7	
Special Programs	2,597,400	2,493,375	2,488,904	4,471	
Public Information Office	185,400	172,195	172,188	7	
Personnel	1,128,900	1,161,605	1,161,542	63	
Purchasing	280,550	252,404	252,395	9	
Finance Administration	1,667,400	1,635,573	1,635,556	17	
Records Administration	90,200	84,788	84,782	6	
Information Services	1,011,550	1,005,336	1,005,328	8	
Geographic Information	355,900	347,918	347,913	5	
Grant Office	185,000	191,368	191,359	9	
Total General Government	8,842,200	8,614,618	8,609,982	4,636	

(continued)

#### CITY OF KINGSPORT, TENNESSEE GENERAL FUND

## STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Amount	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Public Safety:				
Police Administration	1,736,200	1,745,326	1,745,309	17
Jail Operations	435,800	406,409	406,399	10
Training	347,000	350,841	350,834	7
Traffic School	11,600	14,633	14,629	4
Investigations	1,636,700	1,533,603	1,533,593	10
Patrol Division	5,867,200	5,659,174	5,659,164	10
Central Dispatch	1,175,800	1,146,364	1,146,353	11
Communications	399,200	289,205	289,194	11
Fire Control and Prevention	8,849,900	9,127,566	9,126,946	620
Total Public Safety	20,459,400	20,273,121	20,272,421	700
Public Works:				
Administration	177,900	180,411	180,402	9
Streets and Sanitation Administration	289,400	292,831	292,821	10
Street Cleaning	418,800	464,956	464,947	9
Street Maintenance	1,808,600	2,227,591	2,200,007	27,584
Building Maintenance	1,699,000	1,720,161	1,720,145	16
Grounds Maintenance	1,151,200	1,205,598	1,205,588	10
Park Maintenance	679,500	703,738	703,728	10
Inter Local Agreements	1,000	0	0	0
Landscaping	643,700	576,129	576,121	8
Total Public Works	6,869,100	7,371,415	7,343,759	27,656
Economic and Physical Development:				
Administration	414,000	462,272	462,261	11
Planning	306,500	304,364	304,352	12
Transportation	1,301,000	1,281,515	1,281,500	15
Charter Bus Service	10,400	10,491	10,490	1
Engineering	1,119,700	1,005,630	1,005,619	11
Code Enforcement	368,300	368,092	368,082	10
Total Economic and Physical Development	3,519,900	3,432,364	3,432,304	60

(continued)

#### CITY OF KINGSPORT, TENNESSEE GENERAL FUND

## STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Amount	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Culture and Recreation:	440.700	070.040	070.004	40
Administration	416,700	372,916	372,904	12
Adult Education	4,800	4,866	4,864	2
Parks and Recreation Centers	383,500	352,678	352,669	9
Lynn View	53,500	42,731	42,727	4
Farmers Market	18,300	18,355	18,352	3
Carousel	53,800	50,305	50,300	5
Swimming Pools	19,400	19,981	19,978	3
Athletics	964,400	1,020,555	1,020,545	10
Cultural Arts	221,800	209,605	209,597	8
Allandale	245,000	236,766	236,754	12
Senior Citizens Center	679,500	624,870	623,796	1,074
Bays Mountain Park	1,235,700	1,226,403	1,226,384	19
Library	1,245,700	1,232,890	1,232,873	17
Total Culture and Recreation	5,542,100	5,412,921	5,411,743	1,178
Miscellaneous	287,917	769,853	769,025	828
Capital Outlay	80,100	68,294	56,022	12,272
Total Expenditures	45,600,717	45,942,586	45,895,256	47,330
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	24,098,383	25,721,107	26,054,447	333,340
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers In	3,444,900	3,419,700	3,435,818	16,118
Transfers Out	(27,493,283)	(29,218,609)	(29,137,892)	80,717
Net Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(24,048,383)	(25,798,909)	(25,702,074)	96,835
Net Change in Fund Balances	50,000	(77,802)	352,373	430,175
Fund Balances, July 1, 2015	(50,000)	77,802	12,896,412	12,818,610
Fund Balances, June 30, 2016	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 13,248,785	\$ 13,248,785

# CITY OF KINGSPORT, TENNESSEE GENERAL PURPOSE SCHOOL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Amount	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES:				
County Taxes:				
Property Taxes	\$ 17,655,000	\$ 18,855,000	\$ 19,093,428	\$ 238,428
Gross Receipts Taxes	8,432,000	8,432,000	8,957,183	525,183
Other Taxes	42,000	42,000	40,663	(1,337)
Intergovernmental:				
Federal	324,000	324,000	314,629	(9,371)
State	26,515,000	26,521,321	26,205,874	(315,447)
Charges for Services	1,425,000	1,425,000	1,364,228	(60,772)
Miscellaneous	206,500	237,588	364,448	126,860
Total Revenues	54,599,500	55,836,909	56,340,453	503,544
EXPENDITURES:				
Instruction:				
Regular	33,386,419	36,264,330	36,188,511	75,819
Special Education	5,147,300	5,226,361	5,090,984	135,377
Vocational	1,409,800	1,450,968	1,443,943	7,025
Adult Education	222,750	223,584	218,955	4,629
Total Instruction	40,166,269	43,165,243	42,942,393	222,850
Student Support Services:				
Attendance	62,200	63,765	60,751	3,014
Health Services	741,172	801,035	798,492	2,543
Other	2,266,600	2,290,948	2,167,727	123,221
Total Student Support Services	3,069,972	3,155,748	3,026,970	128,778
Instructional Staff Support Services:				
Regular	4,249,931	4,420,818	4,265,358	155,460
Special Education	467,900	475,000	466,790	8,210
Vocational	176,300	186,500	183,743	2,757
Adult Education	28,250	28,250	25,247	3,003
Total Instructional Staff Support Services	4,922,381	5,110,568	4,941,138	169,430
General Administrative Support Services:				
Board of Education	1,173,700	1,188,700	1,171,594	17,106
Office of Superintendent	737,350	799,044	771,824	27,220
Total General Administrative Support Services	1,911,050	1,987,744	1,943,418	44,326

(continued)

# CITY OF KINGSPORT, TENNESSEE GENERAL PURPOSE SCHOOL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Amount	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
School Administrative Support Services	3,080,110	3,224,146	3,205,977	18,169
Business Administrative Support Services	398,700	423,099	422,938	161
Operations and Maintenance Support Services:				
Operations	4,317,286	4,209,329	4,105,377	103,952
Plant Maintenance	1,998,742	2,629,073	2,590,300	38,773
Total Operations and Maintenance Support Services	6,316,028	6,838,402	6,695,677	142,725
Student Transportation Support Services	1,884,400	1,803,200	1,684,214	118,986
Noninstructional Services:				
After School Programs	476,550	493,838	453,750	40,088
Community Service	548,900	550,730	529,070	21,660
Total Noninstructional Services	1,025,450	1,044,568	982,820	61,748
Capital Outlay	1,754,007	1,485,661	374,169	1,111,492
Total Expenditures	64,528,367	68,238,379	66,219,714	2,018,665
Deficiency of Revenues Under Expenditures	(9,928,867)	(12,401,470)	(9,879,261)	2,522,209
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Transfers In	13,700,400	13,600,400	13,552,898	(47,502)
Transfers Out	(4,088,200)	(4,019,288)	(3,959,926)	59,362
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	9,612,200	9,581,112	9,592,972	11,860
Net Change in Fund Balances	(316,667)	(2,820,358)	(286,289)	2,534,069
Fund Balances, July 1, 2015	316,667	2,820,358	6,082,860	3,262,502
Fund Balances, June 30, 2016	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 5,796,571	\$ 5,796,571

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

#### CITY OF KINGSPORT, TENNESSEE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS June 30, 2016

	Business - Type Activities - Enterprise Funds						
	Water Fund	Sewer Fund	Aquatic Center Fund	MeadowView Conference Resort and Convention Center Fund	Other Enterprise Funds	Total Enterprise Funds	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Funds
ASSETS:							
Current Assets:	•	•		•			•
Cash	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 16,943	\$ 0	\$ 460	\$ 17,403	\$ 0
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	3,091,493	5,545,887	90,714	19,887	934,728	9,682,709	8,793,927
Accounts Receivable, Net	1,655,561	1,673,828	93,813	89,186	366,750	3,879,138	124,635
Accrued Interest Receivable	5,241	11,769	0	0	583	17,593	163
Due from Other Governments	594,712	320,549	0	0	0	915,261	0
Due from Other Funds	2,425,283	0	0	0	0	2,425,283	0
Inventories	519,422	0	8,724	0	106,747	634,893	405,170
Prepaids	39,322	0	0	0	0	39,322	197,347
Total Current Assets	8,331,034	7,552,033	210,194	109,073	1,409,268	17,611,602	9,521,242
Noncurrent Assets:							
Restricted Assets:							
Cash	460,894	48,186	0	85,000	138,800	732,880	0
Cash from Unspent Bonds	6,653,325	16,614,334	0	0	1,527,185	24,794,844	0
Long Term Certificates of Deposit	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,000,000
Investments	145,928	156,987	0	105,929	8,188	417,032	2,360,137
Total Restricted Assets	7,260,147	16,819,507	0	190,929	1,674,173	25,944,756	3,360,137
Capital Assets:							
Land	843,351	1,167,851	845,711	1,515,497	3,675,672	8,048,082	14,695
Buildings and Systems	115,863,905	206,453,140	19,272,330	39,471,162	2,471,497	383,532,034	14,897
Improvements Other Than Buildings	0	0	0	2,865,257	7,745,451	10,610,708	0
Software	141,493	88,304	0	0	74,875	304,672	0
Machinery and Equipment	1,107,616	1,363,989	150,120	1,220,856	2,925,586	6,768,167	30,558,906
Construction in Progress	13,301,192	5,498,787	0	70,488	1,854,323	20,724,790	0
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(46,598,950)	(77,720,886)	(1,980,120)	(13,735,744)	(7,228,368)	(147,264,068)	(19,557,436)
Total Capital Assets	84,658,607	136,851,185	18,288,041	31,407,516	11,519,036	282,724,385	11,031,062
Other Assets:							
Prepaid Landfill Closure Costs	0	0	0	0	287,902	287,902	0
Deposits	0	0	0	0	0	0	198,000
Total Other Assets	0	0	0	0	287,902	287,902	198,000
Total Noncurrent Assets	91,918,754	153,670,692	18,288,041	31,598,445	13,481,111	308,957,043	14,589,199
Total Assets	100,249,788	161,222,725	18,498,235	31,707,518	14,890,379	326,568,645	24,110,441
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:							
Deferred Outflows Related to Refunding	131,472	280,268	763,526	931,132	52,993	2,159,391	0
Deferred Outflows Related to Pensions	885,242	576,052	22,649	0	484,962	1,968,905	0
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	1,016,714	856,320	786,175	931,132	537,955	4,128,296	0

(continued)

#### CITY OF KINGSPORT, TENNESSEE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS June 30, 2016

		Bu	siness - Type Activ	rities - Enterprise F	unds	Business - Type Activities - Enterprise Funds						
	Water Fund	Sewer Fund	Aquatic Center Fund	MeadowView Conference Resort and Convention Center Fund	Other Enterprise Funds	Total Enterprise Funds	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Funds					
LIABILITIES:												
Current Liabilities:												
Accounts Payable	2,895,318	825,667	94,221	121,332	418,782	4,355,320	425,782					
Due to Other Governments	139,224	97,473	7,451	0	0	244,148	0					
Due to Other Funds	0	0	1,133,193	43,050	1,249,040	2,425,283	523,786					
Compensated Absences Payable	270,738	191,796	16,854	0	140,725	620,113	109,500					
Retainages Payable	460,894	64,379	0	0	84,925	610,198	0					
Accrued Interest Payable	198,024	464,838	92,253	53,875	45,247	854,237	0					
General Obligation Bonds - Current	2,056,050	4,235,337	879,664	735,198	482,835	8,389,084	0					
Unearned Revenue	0	0	32,436	0	0	32,436	0					
Other Payables	337,146	14,639	0	0	0	351,785	4,597,005					
Total Current Liabilities	6,357,394	5,894,129	2,256,072	953,455	2,421,554	17,882,604	5,656,073					
Noncurrent Liabilities:												
General Obligation Bonds Payable (Net of Discou		40, 400, 070	10.000.000	10.004.005	5 700 045	100 007 100						
and Premiums)	22,266,939	49,439,270	16,890,003	12,664,395	5,706,815	106,967,422	0					
State Revolving Loan Payable	3,894,310	0	0	0	0	3,894,310	0					
OPEB Liability	1,404,056	852,281	36,068	0	680,143	2,972,548	0					
Post Closure Liablility	0	0	0	0	0	0	0					
Pension Liability	2,109,212	1,361,370	58,607	0	1,161,544	4,690,733	0					
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	29,674,517	51,652,921	16,984,678	12,664,395	7,548,502	118,525,013	0					
Total Liabilities	36,031,911	57,547,050	19,240,750	13,617,850	9,970,056	136,407,617	5,656,073					
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:												
Deferred Inflows Related to Pensions	730,747	463,990	23,494	0	406,581	1,624,812	0					
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	730,747	463,990	23,494	0	406,581	1,624,812	0					
NET POSITION:												
Net Investment in Capital Assets	63,094,633	99,790,912	518,374	18,007,923	6,856,571	188,268,413	11,031,062					
Restricted for Debt Service	145,928	156,987	0	0	8,111	311,026	0					
Restricted for Capital Improvements	0	0	0	207,034	86,735	293,769	0					
Unrestricted	1,263,283	4,120,106	(498,208)	805,843	(1,899,720)	3,791,304	7,423,306					
Total Net Position	\$ 64,503,844	\$ 104,068,005	\$ 20,166	\$ 19,020,800	\$ 5,051,697	\$ 192,664,512	\$ 18,454,368					

## CITY OF KINGSPORT, TENNESSEE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Business - Type Activities - Enterprise Funds						
	Water Fund	Sewer Fund	Aquatic Center Fund	MeadowView Conference Resort and Convention Center Fund	Other Enterprise Funds	Total Enterprise Funds	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Funds
OPERATING REVENUES:							
Charges and Fees	\$ 12,892,823	\$ 13,595,237	\$ 1,280,395	\$ 384,717	\$ 3,627,312	\$ 31,780,484	\$ 28,376,309
Penalties and Fines	627,743	146,293	0	0	300	774,336	0
Miscellaneous	55,093	8,527	68,371	0	4,263	136,254	804,599
Total Operating Revenue	13,575,659	13,750,057	1,348,766	384,717	3,631,875	32,691,074	29,180,908
OPERATING EXPENSES:							
Operating Costs	7,507,609	5,346,123	1,721,750	810,093	6,465,207	21,850,782	26,236,855
Depreciation	3,023,226	4,876,115	674,946	1,360,532	567,212	10,502,031	2,014,956
Total Operating Expenses	10,530,835	10,222,238	2,396,696	2,170,625	7,032,419	32,352,813	28,251,811
Operating Income (Loss)	3,044,824	3,527,819	(1,047,930)	(1,785,908)	(3,400,544)	338,261	929,097
NONOPERATING REVENUES:							
Investment Earnings	52,734	118,379	0	181	7,957	179,251	24,468
Federal Interest Subsidy	56,182	84,273	7,696	14,111	12,641	174,903	0
Interest Expense	(459,902)	(1,538,977)	(498,951)	(416,948)	(156,829)	(3,071,607)	0
Gain (Loss) on Disposal of Capital Assets	0	0	0	0	0	0	150
Bond Issue Cost	(39,173)	(91,842)	(89,318)	(97,574)	(4,551)	(322,458)	0
Total Nonoperating Revenues	(390,159)	(1,428,167)	(580,573)	(500,230)	(140,782)	(3,039,911)	24,618
Income (Loss) Before Capital Contributions and							
Transfers	2,654,665	2,099,652	(1,628,503)	(2,286,138)	(3,541,326)	(2,701,650)	953,715
Capital Contributions	964,471	530,755	0	0	0	1,495,226	0
Transfers In	145,130	0	1,589,013	1,879,990	3,767,505	7,381,638	356,232
Transfers Out	(1,563,958)	(1,500,346)	(41,557)	0	(96,214)	(3,202,075)	0
Change in Net Position	2,200,308	1,130,061	(81,047)	(406,148)	129,965	2,973,139	1,309,947
Net Position, July 1, 2015	62,303,536	102,937,944	101,213	19,426,948	4,921,732	189,691,373	17,144,421
Net Position, June 30, 2016	\$ 64,503,844	\$ 104,068,005	\$ 20,166	\$ 19,020,800	\$ 5,051,697	\$ 192,664,512	\$ 18,454,368

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

#### CITY OF KINGSPORT, TENNESSEE STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Business - Type Activities - Enterprise Funds						
	Water Fund	Sewer Fund	Aquatic Center	MeadowView Conference Resort and Convention Center Fund	Other Enterprise Funds	Total Enterprise Funds	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Funds
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:							
Receipts from Customers and Users	\$ 13,582,473	\$ 13,484,033	\$ 1,330,030	\$ 323,731	\$ 3,448,450	\$ 32,168,717	\$ 0
Receipts from Interfund Services Provided	169,583	327,068	9,362	0	121,861	627,874	29,317,601
Payments to Suppliers	(438,054)	(2,063,699)	(1,131,340)	(748,326)	(3,644,733)	(8,026,152)	(24,846,494)
Payments to Employees	(4,102,538)	(2,874,253)	(584,033)	0	(2,666,634)	(10,227,458)	(1,554,038)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	9,211,464	8,873,149	(375,981)	(424,595)	(2,741,056)	14,542,981	2,917,069
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:							
Transfers from Other Funds	145,130	0	1,589,013	1,879,990	3,767,505	7,381,638	356,232
Transfers to Other Funds	(1,563,958)	(1,500,346)	(41,557)	0	(96,214)	(3,202,075)	0
Advances From Other Funds	(824,706)	0	427,147	(32,387)	429,946	0	496,505
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital Financing Activities	(2,243,534)	(1,500,346)	1,974,603	1,847,603	4,101,237	4,179,563	852,737
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:							
Proceeds from Capital Debt	5,624,310	4,900,000	0	0	1,479,852	12,004,162	0
Capital Transfers from Other Funds	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
County Revenue for Capital Projects	162,336	0	0	0	0	162,336	0
Acquisition and Construction of Capital Assets	(11,683,837)	(4,341,326)	(11,050)	(89,247)	(1,598,543)	(17,724,003)	(2,992,904)
Principal Paid on Capital Debt	(2,036,920)	(4,478,348)	(853,783)	(713,854)	(457,188)	(8,540,093)	0
Interest Paid on Capital Debt	(444,310)	(1,612,029)	(644,518)	(546,406)	(171,973)	(3,419,236)	0
Proceeds from Sales of Capital Assets	0	0	0	0	0	0	150
Net Cash Used by Capital and Related Financing Activities	(8,378,421)	(5,531,703)	(1,509,351)	(1,349,507)	(747,852)	(17,516,834)	(2,992,754)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:							
Proceeds from Sales and Maturities of Investments	0	0	0	0	364	364	87,504
Purchase of Investments	(40,862)	(96,711)	0	(53,795)	(6,470)	(197,838)	0
Interest Received	52,711	118,396	0	181	7,583	178,871	25,088
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities	11,849	21,685	0	(53,614)	1,477	(18,603)	112,592
Net Increase (Decrease) In Cash and Cash Equivalents	(1,398,642)	1,862,785	89,271	19,887	613,806	1,187,107	889,644
Cash and Cash Equivalents, July 1, 2015	11,604,354	20,345,622	18,386	85,000	1,987,367	34,040,729	7,904,283
Cash and Cash Equivalents, June 30, 2016	\$ 10,205,712	\$ 22,208,407	\$ 107,657	\$ 104,887	\$ 2,601,173	\$ 35,227,836	\$ 8,793,927

(continued)

#### CITY OF KINGSPORT, TENNESSEE STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Business - Type Activities - Enterprise Funds						
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH	Water Fund	Sewer Fund	Aquatic Center	MeadowView Conference Resort and Convention Center Fund	Other Enterprise Funds	Total Enterprise Funds	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Funds
PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:							
Operating Income (Loss)	\$ 3,044,824	\$ 3,527,819	\$ (1,047,930)	\$ (1,785,908)	\$ (3,400,544)	\$ 338,261	\$ 929,097
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:							
Depreciation	3,023,226	4,876,115	674,946	1,360,532	567,212	10,502,031	2,014,956
(Increase) Decrease in Assets:							
Accounts Receivable	139,751	48,641	(15,931)	(60,986)	(61,563)	49,912	136,694
Due From Component Units	10,715	14,796	0	0	0	25,511	0
Inventory	(51,739)	0	324	0	10,561	(40,854)	38,342
Prepaids	74,769	87,673	0	0	65,960	228,402	27,021
Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities:							
Accounts Payable	2,588,647	325,099	(3,265)	61,767	16,056	2,988,304	83,051
Claims Payable	0	0	0	0	0	0	(283,548)
Benefits Payable	0	0	0	0	0	0	(33,531)
Pension Liabilities and Deferrals	(170,112)	(112,048)	(3,791)	0	(92,458)	(378,409)	0
Compensated Absences Payable	6,483	9,215	1,649	0	1,871	19,218	4,987
OPEB Liability	131,494	89,602	11,500	0	84,236	316,832	0
Other Payables	(11,068)	(13,652)	0	0	0	(24,720)	0
Unearned Revenue	0	0	6,517	0	0	6,517	0
Retainages Payable	424,474	19,889	0	0	67,613	511,976	0
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$ 9,211,464	\$ 8,873,149	\$ (375,981)	\$ (424,595)	\$ (2,741,056)	\$ 14,542,981	\$ 2,917,069
RECONCILIATION OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS FROM STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS TO STATEMENT OF NET POSITION:							
Cash	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 16,943	\$ 0	\$ 460	\$ 17,403	\$ 0
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	3,091,493	5,545,887	90,714	19,887	934,728	9,682,709	8,793,927
Restricted Cash from Unspent Bonds	6,653,325	16,614,334	0	0	1,527,185	24,794,844	0
Restricted Cash	460,894	48,186	0	85,000	138,800	732,880	0
Cash and Cash Equivalents, June 30, 2016	\$ 10,205,712	\$ 22,208,407	\$ 107,657	\$ 104,887	\$ 2,601,173	\$ 35,227,836	\$ 8,793,927
NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES:							
Capital Assets Contributed by Developers	\$ 369,759	\$ 382,005	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 751,764	\$ 0
Federal Interest Subsidy Paid Directly to Bank	\$ 56,182	\$ 84,273	\$ 7,696	\$ 14,111	\$ 12,641	\$ 174,903	\$ 0

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

The City of Kingsport, Tennessee (the City) was incorporated in 1917 and operates under a Council-Manager form of government. The City is an industrial community in the foothills of the Appalachian Mountains. Along with two other comparably sized cities within a 20-mile radius, the City is part of a 12 county area in northeast Tennessee and southwest Virginia known as the Tri-Cities Tennessee/Virginia region.

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the City have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the City's accounting policies are described below.

#### A. Reporting entity

#### **Primary Government**

The City is a Tennessee municipal corporation governed by a Board of Mayor and Aldermen (BMA). A mayor is elected every two years and six aldermen are elected every four years. A vice mayor is appointed by the BMA from within its membership. The accompanying financial statements present the City (primary government) and its component units, entities for which the City is considered to be financially accountable. The City is financially accountable if it appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing body and (1) it is able to impose its will on the organization or (2) there is a potential for the entity to provide specific financial benefit to or impose specific financial burden on the City. Additionally, the primary government is required to consider other entities for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

#### **Discretely Presented Component Units**

The financial statements are formatted to allow the user to clearly distinguish between the primary government and its component units. Discretely presented component units are reported in separate columns in the government-wide financial statements (see note below for description) to emphasize that those entities are legally separate from the City.

#### Proprietary Fund Type

The Industrial Development Board of the City of Kingsport, Tennessee (IDBK) – The IDBK was incorporated on February 11, 1986, under the provisions of the State of Tennessee constitution and general statutes. The purpose of the IDBK is to finance, acquire, own, lease, and/or dispose of properties to maintain and increase employment opportunities in the City. The IDBK consists of nine members, all of whom are appointed by the City's BMA. A significant amount of the IDBK's revenue is derived from the City. Additionally, City employees provide significant oversight of IDBK projects. Due to the close relationship between the City and the IDBK, it seems likely the City could impose their will on the IDBK, and therefore IDBK is considered a component unit of the City of Kingsport. Separately issued financial statements of the IDBK are not available.

Emergency Communications District of the City of Kingsport, Tennessee (ECD) – The ECD was created by referendum on January 11, 1994, the results of which were certified on January 20, 1994. The purpose of the ECD is to oversee the operations of the 911 emergency telephone services. Their Board consists of nine members, all of whom are appointed by the City's BMA. The operations of the ECD are managed directly by employees of the City. Due to the close relationship between the City and the ECD, it seems likely the City could impose their will on the ECD, and therefore ECD is considered a component unit of the City of Kingsport.

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### A. Reporting entity (continued)

#### **Discretely Presented Component Units**

Proprietary Fund Type

Separately issued financial statements may be requested from, the ECD administrative offices.

Emergency Communications District of the City of Kingsport P O Box 1326
141 Unicoi Street
Kingsport, Tennessee 37662

#### **Joint Ventures and Jointly Governed Organizations**

The IDBK is a participant with the Hawkins County Industrial Development Board (HCIDB) in a joint venture to purchase and develop land for industrial purposes known as the Phipps Bend Venture. The IDBK holds a 20% interest in the venture while the HCIDB holds an 80% interest.

Jointly governed organizations of the City include the Tri-Cities Airport Authority.

#### B. Government-wide and fund financial statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the activities of the primary government and its component units. As a general rule the effect of inter-fund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are various charges between the City's water and sewer functions and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### C. Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement* focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting.* Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period for local revenues, 120 days for state-shared revenues, and 365 days for grant revenues. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

In general, taxes, licenses, federal and state grants and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The *general fund* is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for and reported in another fund. The primary financial resources reported in the general fund are, local property taxes, local option sales taxes, and state shared revenues.

The *general purpose school fund* is used to account for and report transactions of the City School System. The major sources of funding are state-shared revenues, local property taxes, and local option sales taxes.

The *capital projects fund* is used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets related to the general operation of the City (excluding types of capital-related outflows financed by proprietary funds or for assets that will be held in trust for individuals, private organizations, or other governments).

The *debt service fund* is used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt other than that payable from enterprise funds.

The City reports the following non-major governmental funds:

The school nutrition services fund is a special revenue fund used to account for and report federal and state financial resources, as well as user fees for the specific activities associated with the operation of the City School System cafeterias.

The *special school projects fund* is a special revenue fund used to account for and report financial resources derived from federal and state grants related to school projects.

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### C. Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation (continued)

The *public law 93-380 fund* is a special revenue fund used to account for and report restricted federal financial resources, specific to academic programs associated with federal grant entitlements.

The *Palmer Center fund* is a special revenue fund used to account for and report a contribution from the heirs of the late Mary L. Robinson estate, for the support of educational and other services provided to physically challenged children, by the Palmer Center.

The *special revenue general projects fund* is a special revenue fund used to account for and report federal and state grants matched with local revenues to fund general government programs or non-capital improvement projects.

The *community development fund* is a special revenue fund used to account for and report activities funded by community block grant entitlements from the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development.

The federal transit administration fund is a special revenue fund used to account for and report activities funded by federal and state grants for support of local government transportation programs.

The *state street aid fund* is a special revenue fund used to account for and report activities funded by state gasoline taxes.

The *drug fund* is a special revenue fund used to account for and report financial resources primarily derived from fines and forfeitures and used to support the City's police department drug investigations and enforcement programs.

The *criminal forfeiture fund* is a special revenue fund used to account for and report activities related to seized property and money with the exception of those related to drug activities. In addition, this fund accounts for funds received from the United States Department of Justice under the Equitable Sharing of Federally Forfeited Property program. Federal revenue is restricted in use for the purchase of equipment.

The regional sales tax revenue fund is a special revenue fund used to account for and report the proceeds from a \$.0025 (1/4 ¢) local option sales tax previously approved by local referendum. These funds are used for the retirement of debt issued to fund construction of the MeadowView Conference Resort and Convention Center and to support the operations of the complex including the Cattails Golf Course and Aquatic Center.

The *public library commission fund* is a special revenue fund used to account for and report contributions from patrons, civic organizations, private corporations, and other supporters of the Kingsport Public Library.

The Bays Mountain Park fund is a special revenue fund used to account for and report contributions from individuals, civic organizations and private corporations for the support and continued development of the Bays Mountain Park.

The *Steadman cemetery fund* is a special revenue fund used to account for and report a contribution from the heirs of Bonnie M. Steadman to provide for the maintenance of the Steadman family cemetery.

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### C. Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation (continued)

The senior citizens advisory board fund is a special revenue fund used to account for and report financial resources derived from various programs and events conducted by participating senior citizens and contributions from individuals, civic organizations, and private corporations.

The *metropolitan planning office fund* is a special revenue fund used to account for and report grant funds received from the federal highway administration, federal transit administration, and State of Tennessee for support of local MPO programs.

The *justice assistance grant fund* is a special revenue fund used to account for and report direct federal grant funds received from the Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program. These funds are restricted for certain law enforcement programs.

The *visitors enhancement fund* is a special revenue fund used to account for and report 25% of the hotel and motel taxes collected in Kingsport from hotel and motel room rentals. This revenue is restricted in use for tourism purposes.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

The water fund accounts for the activities of the City's production, storage and transportation of potable water.

The sewer fund accounts for the activities of the City's collection, transportation, treatment and disposal of wastewater.

The *aquatic center fund* accounts for the activities related to the City's operation of an aquatic facility offering indoor and outdoor recreational swimming for the region.

The MeadowView Conference Resort and Convention Center fund accounts for the activities of the City's outsourced operation (through Marriott) of the convention center.

The City reports the following non-major proprietary funds:

The *solid waste management fund* accounts for the activities of the City's collection of residential garbage, refuse collection, recycling, and demolition landfill activities.

The storm water management fund accounts for the activities of the City's management of storm water run-off, efforts to improve the water quality of rivers and streams and to reduce incidences of flooding.

The Cattails at MeadowView Golf Course fund accounts for the activities of the City's outsourced operation (through Marriott Golf) of the 18-hole championship golf course.

Additionally, the City reports the following fund types:

Internal service funds account for risk management, self-insured health insurance, retiree's health insurance, school self-insured health insurance, school retiree's health insurance and fleet maintenance services provided to other departments or agencies of the government on a cost reimbursement basis.

The *Allandale Trust fund* is a permanent fund used to account for and report restricted, non-expendable assets left to the City by the late Harvey Brooks, consisting of his home (Allandale Mansion) and other tangible and intangible assets.

#### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### C. Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation (continued)

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *non-operating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of all of the City's enterprise funds and of the City's internal service funds are charges to customers for sales and services. The water and sewer funds also recognize as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the systems. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Internal service funds of a government, which traditionally provide services primarily to other funds of the government, are presented in summary form, as part of the proprietary fund financial statements. The City's governmental activities are the principal users of the internal services activities, therefore, financial statements of internal service funds are consolidated into the governmental column at the government-wide level. The costs of the services provided by internal service funds are allocated to the appropriate functional activity (police, fire, public works, etc.).

#### D. Assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, deferred inflows, and net position or fund equity

#### 1. Deposits and investments

The City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

State statutes impose various restrictions on the City's, IDBK's, and ECD's deposits and investments, including repurchase agreements. These restrictions are summarized as follows:

DEPOSITS - All deposits with financial institutions must be collateralized in an amount equal to 105% of the market value of uninsured deposits.

INVESTMENTS - State statutes authorize the City to invest in treasury bonds, notes or bills of the United States of America; non-convertible debt securities of the Federal Home Loan Bank, the Federal National Mortgage Association, the Federal Farm Credit Bank and the State Loan Marketing Association; other obligations not listed above which are guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States of America or any of its agencies; Certificates of Deposit and other evidences of deposit at State and Federal chartered banks and Savings and Loan Associations; obligations of the United States of America or its agencies under a repurchase agreement and money market funds whose portfolios consist of any of the foregoing investments if approved by the State Director of Local Finance and made in accordance with procedures established by the State Funding Board; the State of Tennessee Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP); obligations of the Public Housing Authority and bonds of the Tennessee Valley Authority.

The City pools cash resources of its various funds in order to facilitate the management of cash. Cash applicable to a particular fund is readily identifiable. In general, cash overdrafts are reflected in the financial statements as due to other funds. The balance in the pooled cash accounts is available to meet current operating requirements. Cash in excess of current requirements is invested in various interest-bearing securities and disclosed as part of the City's investments. Investments for the City, as well as for its component units, are reported at fair value based on quoted market prices.

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### D. Assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, deferred inflows, and net position or fund equity (continued)

#### 2. Receivables and payables

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "advances to/from other funds". All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

All trade and property tax receivables shown are net of an allowance for un-collectibles. The property tax receivable and trade receivables allowance accounts are based on prior years' collection experience.

All property values are assessed on January 1 of each year. Property taxes receivable are recorded at this lien date. All real and personal property taxes are due and payable on the levy date of November 1 of each year, at which time the receivable is recognized as revenue. All unpaid property taxes become delinquent on December 1 (30 days from date of levy). A penalty of 2% is imposed on unpaid property taxes as of December 1. A penalty of 2% is imposed for the next month and an additional penalty of 1% is imposed for each month thereafter until paid, or the property is sold as authorized by law.

#### 3. Inventories and prepaid items

All inventories are valued at cost, utilizing the weighted average method of valuation. Inventories of governmental and proprietary funds are recorded as expenditures or expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

#### 4. Restricted assets

Certain cash and investment balances of the City are classified as restricted assets at the government-wide and fund level because they are maintained in separate accounts and their use is limited by certain agreements and contracts with third parties. Restricted cash includes escrow for construction contractors established to fund retainage of outstanding construction projects upon their completion and working capital for outsourced operations of City facilities. Restricted investments include borrowed funds obligated for construction projects that have not been completed at the end of the fiscal year.

#### 5. Capital assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years for property, plant and equipment and assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$100,000 for infrastructure. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### Assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, deferred inflows, and net position or fund equity (continued)

#### 5. Capital assets (continued)

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets related to business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed. Debt service interest for business-type activities totaled \$3,440,231. The amount expensed was \$3,071,607 and the amount capitalized was \$368,624. The detailed amounts in the respective funds are as follows:

	Water Fund	Sewer Fund	Solid Waste Management Fund	Storm Water Management Fund	Aquatic Center Fund	MeadowView Conference Resort and Convention Center Fund	Cattails at MeadowView Golf Course Fund	Total Business - Type Activities
Interest Expensed	\$459,902	\$1,538,977	\$ 106,472	\$ 33,791	\$ 498,951	\$ 416,948	\$ 16,566	\$3,071,607
Capitalized Interest	210,250	109,089	24,408	23,706	0	1,171	0	368,624
Debt Service Interest	\$670,152	\$1,648,066	\$ 130,880	\$ 57,497	\$ 498,951	\$ 418,119	\$ 16,566	\$ 3,440,231

Property, plant, and equipment of the primary government, as well as the component units are, depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Assets</u>	<u>Years</u>
Roads and bridges	50
Utility lines	45
Buildings and building improvements	30
Landfill improvements	25
Golf course improvements	15
Machinery, equipment and heavy vehicles	10
Automobiles	5

#### 6. Compensated absences

It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation days and sick leave benefits. There is no liability for unpaid accumulated sick leave since the City does not have a policy to pay any amounts when employees separate from service with the City. However, it is the City's policy to apply the accumulated sick leave toward years for retirement. All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide, internal service and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

It is also the City's policy to permit employees from certain departments of the City to accumulate earned but unused compensation time (comp time) for excess hours worked in lieu of overtime payments. The unpaid balance of reimbursable unused comp time is accrued when incurred in the government-wide, internal service and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### D. Assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, deferred inflows, and net position or fund equity (continued)

#### 6. Compensated absences (continued)

Because of the City's policy limits on the amount of accumulated compensated absences an employee can carry forward and the fact that this benefit is available to be taken as soon as it is earned, the entire outstanding balance is considered a current liability and recorded as compensated absences payable on the statement of net position rather than as long term debt. Compensated absences accrued in proprietary or internal service funds are liquidated from the individual fund where they are accrued. Compensated absences accrued on the statement of net position as governmental activities will primarily be liquidated from the general fund.

Changes in compensated absences for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2016 are as follows:

Compensated Absences, July 1, 2015	\$ 3,893,146
Compensated Absences Earned - FY 2016	3,449,670
Compensated Absences Used - FY 2016	 (3,248,897)
Compensated Absences, June 30, 2016	\$ 4,093,919

#### 7. Long-term obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as losses on refunding are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premiums or discounts. Bond issuance costs are expensed during the current period.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

#### 8. Net position

The City's net position is classified as follows:

Net Investment in Capital Assets: Consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and outstanding debt obligations related to those capital assets. When debt has been incurred, but not yet expended for capital assets, such amounts are not included as a component of net investment in capital assets.

Restricted Net Position: Restricted net position reflects the resources that are subject to restricted use and have been externally imposed by creditors, grantors or contributors, or by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted Net Position: Unrestricted net position includes resources that are available for transactions relating to the general operations of the City and may be used at the discretion of the City to meet current expenses for any purpose.

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### D. Assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, deferred inflows, and net position or fund equity (continued)

#### 9. Fund equity

Effective July 1, 2010, the City adopted the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board, Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*. Governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. As prescribed by GASB Statement No. 54, governmental funds report fund balance in classifications based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the funds can be spent. Fund balance for governmental funds can consist of the following:

<u>Non-spendable Fund Balance</u> – includes amounts that are (a) not in spendable form, or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash (for example: inventories, prepaid amounts, and long-term notes receivable).

<u>Restricted Fund Balance</u> – includes amounts that are, (a) externally restricted by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or (b) restricted by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Restrictions may effectively be changed or lifted only with the consent of resource providers.

<u>Committed Fund Balance</u> – includes amounts that can only be used for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the City's highest level of decision making authority. The Board of Mayor and Aldermen is the highest level of decision making authority for the City that can, by adoption of an ordinance, commit fund balance. Commitments of fund balance can be changed or lifted only by the City taking the same formal action through adoption of an ordinance.

<u>Assigned Fund Balance</u> – includes amounts intended to be used by the City for specific purposes that are neither restricted nor committed. Assigned amounts also include all residual amounts in governmental funds (except negative amounts) that are not classified as non-spendable, restricted, or committed. The Board of Mayor and Aldermen has not authorized a specific party at this time to assign fund balance. Intent to assign fund balance is expressed by formal action of the Board of Mayor and Aldermen through adoption of an ordinance.

<u>Unassigned Fund Balance</u> – is a residual classification for the general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. It is also used for any negative fund balances in other funds.

In circumstances when an expenditure is made for a purpose for which amounts are available in multiple fund balance classifications, fund balance is depleted in the order of restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned.

In all cases, encumbrance amounts have been assigned for specific purposes for which resources already have been allocated.

#### 10. Fund Balance Policy

An appropriate level of Unassigned Fund Balance shall be maintained in the General Fund in order to cover unexpected expenditures and revenue shortfalls. Such fund balance shall serve cash flow needs, protect against unforeseen emergencies and enhance the credit worthiness of the City. The Fund Balance Policy establishes a minimum General Fund Unassigned Fund Balance equal to 15% of General Fund expenditures.

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### Assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, deferred inflows, and net position or fund equity (continued)

#### 11. Deferred outflows and inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense or expenditure) until then. The City has two items that qualify for reporting in this category; deferred outflows related to refunding and deferred outflows related to pensions. Both are reported in the government-wide statement of net position and the statement of net position for proprietary funds. These items result from the differences in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price and from the requirements recognized under GASB 68 for pensions. The deferred outflows related to refunding amounts are deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refundina deferred outflows related to pensions reflect payments made by the City not currently recognized by the pension plans.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position and balance sheet report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City has three types of deferred inflows. One item occurs only under a modified accrual basis of accounting. The item, unavailable revenue, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenue from property taxes in both the General Fund and General Purpose School Fund, as well as the Hall Income Tax in the General Fund and other receivables not collected within 60 days of year-end and property taxes collected in advance of their due date. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available. The second item relates to unearned property taxes recorded in advance of the year in which they are intended to fund operations. This item is a deferred inflow in both the governmental fund balance sheet and the entity wide statement of net position. The third item relates to the recognition of employee pensions as required under GASB 68. This item is a deferred inflow found in the entity wide statement of net position.

	Entity-	Wide	Governmental
	Staten	nents	Funds
	Governr	mental	Statements
Property Taxes Receivable - General Fund (unavailable)	\$	0	\$ 1,070,580
Property Taxes Receivable - General Fund (unearned / unavailable)	36,90	4,633	36,904,633
Hall Income Taxes Receivable - General Fund (unearned / unavailable)	44	5,146	445,146
Property Taxes Receivable - School Fund (unearned / unavailable)	18,20	0,000	18,200,000
	\$55,54	9,779	\$56,620,359

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### D. Assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, deferred inflows, and net position or fund equity (continued)

#### 12. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the City of Kingsport's participation in the Public Employee Retirement Plan, and Kingsport City School's participation in the Teacher Legacy Pension Plan and Teacher Retirement Plan all included in the Tennessee Consolidated Retirement System (TCRS) and additions to / deductions from the plans' fiduciary net position, have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the TCRS for the Public Employee Retirement Plan. For this purpose, benefits (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms of the Public Employee Retirement Plan, Teacher Legacy Pension Plan, and Teacher Retirement Plan. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### 13. Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### 2. RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### A. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund balance sheet and the government-wide statement of net position

The governmental fund balance sheet includes reconciliation between *fund balance - total governmental funds* and *net position – governmental activities* as reported in the government-wide statement of net position. One element of that reconciliation explains that "capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds." The details of this \$317,392,433 difference are as follows:

Governmental funds capital assets	\$ 580,590,843
Less: accumulated depreciation	(263, 198, 410)
Net adjustment to increase fund balances – total governmental funds	
to arrive at net position – governmental activities	\$ 317,392,433

Another element of that reconciliation explains that "long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds." The details of this \$(196,233,332) difference are as follows:

Bonds payable, net of premiums and discounts	\$ (114,824,016)
Notes payable	(6,592,279)
Inter-local cooperative agreements	(120,000)
Compensated absences	(3,195,366)
OPEB liability	(44,159,194)
Accrued interest payable	(1,175,469)
Pension liability	(26,167,008)
Net adjustment to reduce fund balances – total governmental funds	
to arrive at net position – governmental activities	\$ (196,233,332)

## B. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances and the government-wide statement of activities

The governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances includes reconciliation between *net changes in fund balances – total governmental funds* and *changes in net position of governmental activities* as reported in the government-wide statement of activities. One element of that reconciliation explains that "governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures". However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays in the current period were exceeded by depreciation of general capital assets. The details of this \$(2,673,221) difference are as follows:

Capital outlays	\$ 11,667,728
Depreciation expense	(14,340,949)
	_
Net adjustment to increase net changes in fund balances –	
total governmental funds to arrive at changes in net	
position of governmental activities	\$ (2,673,221)

#### 2. RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

## B. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances and the government-wide statement of activities (continued)

Another element of that reconciliation states that "The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e. sales, trade-ins and donations) is a decrease to net position." The details of this \$(959,082) difference are as follows:

Capital asset donations reported in statement of activities	\$ 1,480,681
Capital asset roads annexed reported in statement of activities	0
Forfeited vehicles reported in statement of activities	0
Capital project expenditures not meeting	
capitalization requirements	(2,387,660)
Asset disposals	 (52,103)
Net adjustment to reduce <i>net changes in fund balances</i> – total governmental funds to arrive at changes in net	
position of governmental activities	\$ (959,082)

Another element of that reconciliation states that, "revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds". The details of this \$79,413 difference are as follows:

Unearned property taxes as of June 30, 2016	\$ 1,070,580
Prior years' unearned property taxes	(991,167)
Net adjustment to increase net changes in fund balances –	
total governmental funds to arrive at changes in net	
position of governmental activities	\$ 79,413

Another element of that reconciliation states that, "the net revenue of certain activities of internal service funds is reported with governmental activities". The details of this \$1,309,947 difference are as follows:

Investment earnings	\$ 24,468
Gain on disposal of capital assets	150
Operating gain	929,097
Net transfers in	 356,232
Net adjustment to increase net changes in fund balances –	
total governmental funds to arrive at changes in net	
position of governmental activities	\$ 1,309,947

#### 2. RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

B. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances and the government-wide statement of activities (continued)

Another element of that reconciliation states that "the issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items." The details of this \$5,516,307 difference are as follows:

Principal payments	\$ 7,697,555
Inter-local cooperative agreement payments	120,000
Principal payments on HUD Loan	43,000
Issuance of general obligation bonds and notes payable	(17,950,796)
Premium on issuance of general obligation bonds	(1,685,668)
Amortization of premiums, discounts and refunding costs	201,505
Payments to refunded bond escrow	 17,090,711
Net adjustment to increase net changes in fund balances – total governmental	
funds to arrive at changes in net position of governmental activities	\$ 5,516,307

#### 2. RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### C. Fund Balance Classification

As provided for in GASB Statement No. 54, governmental fund balances by classification, as of June 30, 2016 are as follows:

		Major Govern					
					Other	Total	
	General	General Purpose		Capital Projects	Governmental	Governmental	
Fund Balances:	Fund	Schools Fund	<u>Fund</u>	Fund	Funds	Funds	
Non-spendable:							
Inventory	\$ 3,071	\$ 2,452	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 193,069	\$ 198,592	
Prepaids	19,856	1,370	0	0	0	21,226	
Allandale Trust Principal	0	0	0	0	152,691	152,691	
Total Non-spendable	22,927	3,822	0	0	345,760	372,509	
Restricted for:							
Unspent Federal Forfeitures	0	0	0	0	20,250	20,250	
Unspent Bond Proceeds	0	0	0	8,139,470	0	8,139,470	
Unspent Hotel Tax	0	0	0	0	104,497	104,497	
Total Restricted	0	0	0	8,139,470	124,747	8,264,217	
Committed to:							
DB Track Maintenance Project	0	15,000	0	0	0	15,000	
Veterans Memorial	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Total Committed	0	15,000	0	0	0	15,000	
Assigned to:							
Fund Balance Allocations	73,978	0	0	0	0	73,978	
Future Industrial Park	20,927	0	0	0	0	20,927	
Debt Service	0	0	44,118	0	0	44,118	
Capital Projects	0	0	0	1,407,889	0	1,407,889	
Other Projects	0	0	0	0	745,840	745,840	
Community Development	0	0	0	0	16,471	16,471	
Allandale Fund	0	0	0	0	43,865	43,865	
Education:							
General Purpose School Fund	0	5,777,749	0	0	0	5,777,749	
School Nutrition Fund	0	0	0	0	2,130,306	2,130,306	
School Projects Fund	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Palmer Center Fund	0	0	0	0	66,056	66,056	
Public Safety:							
Criminal Forfeiture Fund	0	0	0	0	83,450	83,450	
Drug Fund	0	0	0	0	240,193	240,193	
Justice Assistance Grant Fund	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Transportation:							
Federal Transit Fund	0	0	0	0	626,485	626,485	
MPO Fund	0	0	0	0	41,146	41,146	
State Street Aid Fund	0	0	0	0	2,682	2,682	
Culture and Recreation:							
Regional Sales Tax Fund	0	0	0	0	300,554	300,554	
Visitors Enhancement Fund	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Steadman Cemetary Fund	0	0	0	0	11,763	11,763	
Library Commission Fund	0	0	0	0	4,266	4,266	
Bays Mountain Park Fund	0	0	0	0	181,359	181,359	
Senior Citizens Fund	0	0	0	0	135,028	135,028	
Total Assigned	94,905	5,777,749	44,118	1,407,889	4,629,464	11,954,125	
Unassigned:	13,130,953	0	0	0	0	13,130,953	
Total Fund Balances	\$ 13,248,785	\$ 5,796,571	\$ 44,118	\$ 9,547,359	\$ 5,099,971	\$ 33,736,804	

#### 3. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

#### A. Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with GAAP for all governmental funds except the capital projects fund and certain special revenue funds associated with grant awards, which are adopted on a project-by-project basis and normally span a multi-year period.

The City Manager is required by charter to present to the BMA a preliminary budget for the upcoming fiscal year by May 15<sup>th</sup>. The preliminary budget is compiled from revenue and expense projections as well as requests submitted by each department. The BMA must pass the preliminary budget on two readings before it is adopted and becomes the approved spending plan for the City.

The City Manager has the authority to transfer the unused portion of any item or appropriation within the same department, between departments in any given fund, and across departments and/or funds for fleet, risk management and health insurance. The City Manager also has the authority to transfer funds from the vehicle repair and maintenance account of one department to the vehicle repair and maintenance account of another department. Any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the BMA. Expenditures may not exceed appropriations at the fund level. Supplemental appropriations may be authorized by the BMA through the adoption of appropriate ordinances during the fiscal year.

Formal budgetary accounting is employed as a management control for all funds of the City. Annual operating budgets are adopted each fiscal year through passage of an annual budget ordinance and amended as required for the general fund, general purpose school fund, certain special revenue funds (criminal forfeiture, drug, state street aid, regional sales tax revenue, visitors enhancement, Steadman cemetery, public library commission, Bays Mountain Park, senior citizens advisory board, school nutrition services, and Palmer Center), debt service fund, proprietary funds and the permanent fund. Budgets for the remaining special revenue funds and capital projects funds are made on a project basis, spanning more than one fiscal year. Budgetary control is exercised at the departmental level or by project.

Encumbrances (e.g., purchase orders, contracts) outstanding at year end are reported as Assigned Fund Balance and do not constitute expenditures or liabilities because the commitments will be re-appropriated and honored during the subsequent year.

#### B. Excess of expenditures over appropriations

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, there were no instances of expenditures exceeding appropriations in any funds.

#### C. Deficit fund equity

For the fiscal year ended June 30 2016, the Solid Waste Management Fund reports a deficit total net position in the amount of, \$(497,913). This deficit net position is primarily the result of the City recognizing a pension liability increase of \$229,538 and an OPEB liability increase of \$59,292 within the Solid Waste Management Fund for fiscal year 2016.

Effective July 1, 2016 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2017, the City implemented an eight dollar per month sanitation fee, for collection and disposal services provided to residential customers of the Solid Water Management Fund. The City will continue to make appropriate revenue enhancements within the Solid Waste Management Fund in addition to transfers from the General Fund to fund this deficit net position, in future fiscal years.

There were no instances of deficit fund equity in any additional funds of the City at June 30, 2016.

#### 4. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

#### A. Deposits and investments

Cash deposits on the statement of net position include demand deposits, certificates of deposit, savings accounts, cash on deposit with the State of Tennessee and cash deposited in escrow accounts.

#### **Custodial Credit Risk**

#### Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of bank failure, deposits may not be returned to the City. The policy for custodial credit risk on deposits is to follow state statutes. As of June 30, 2016, all deposits were insured through FDIC or collateralized as required by Tennessee Code Annotated (TCA) 9-1-118. Total demand deposits and certificates of deposit for the City are held in financial institutions which are members of the Tennessee Bank Collateral Pool (the pool) administered by the State of Tennessee Treasurer. The pool is a multiple financial institution collateral pool in which member financial institutions holding public funds pledge collateral securities. In the event any member financial institution fails, the entire collateral pool becomes available to satisfy the claims of governmental entities. The pool also has the ability to make additional assessments on a pro rata basis to the pool if the value of collateral is inadequate to cover a loss.

At June 30, 2016, the City's carrying amount of deposits was \$74,670,702 and the bank balance was \$76,582,070.

The carrying amount of deposits at June 30, 2016 for the IDBK, a discretely presented component unit, was \$1,882,753 and the bank balance was \$1,885,667. The IDBK's deposits in financial institutions were entirely insured through FDIC or collateralized through the Tennessee Bank Collateral Pool at June 30, 2016.

Total demand deposits and certificates of deposit for the ECD, also a discretely presented component unit, were held in financial institutions, which were members of the Tennessee Bank Collateral Pool. The ECD's deposits in financial institutions were entirely insured through FDIC or collateralized through the Tennessee Bank Collateral Pool at June 30, 2016.

The carrying amount of deposits at June 30, 2016 for the ECD was \$1,160,500 and the deposits in financial institutions were \$1,217,085.

#### **Investments**

The City's investment policy is to ensure the preservation of capital in the overall investment portfolio. The City will emphasize the safety of capital first, maintain sufficient liquidity to meet obligations second, and gain the highest possible yield third.

The City's investments generally include long term certificates of deposit placed at local banks or money market deposits with the State of Tennessee Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP).

#### 4. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

#### A. Deposits and investments (continued)

Specifically, the LGIP was established under Tennessee Code Annotated Title 9, Chapter 4, Part 7. This investment pool is established for the use of idle funds of local governments located within the State of Tennessee. These funds are placed by the participating entity into accounts that are held and invested by the State Treasurer. The LGIP invests in time deposits, such as certificates of deposit, commercial paper, United States of America agency securities, repurchase agreements, and United States of America treasuries. By law, the LGIP is required to maintain a 90-day or less weighted-average-maturity. The <u>fair value</u> of shares held in the LGIP is the same as the value of the LGIP shares. The TN LGIP has not been rated by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization.

At June 30, 2016, the City's carrying amount for investments are as follows:

Investment Type	F	air Value	Weighted Average Maturity (in Years)
Certificate of Deposit Tennessee Local Government	\$	1,250,691	1.29
Investment Pool		3,206,448	0.10
Total	\$	4,457,139	

The City does not have a policy for determining which investments will be recorded at amortized cost. No investments are recorded at amortized cost at June 30, 2016.

#### Concentration of Credit Risk

The City's investment policy does not allow for an investment in any issuer that is in excess of five percent of the City's total investments.

#### 4. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

#### B. Receivables

Receivables as of June 30, 2016 for the City's individual major funds, non-major funds, and internal service funds in the aggregate, and for the component units in total, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

		General Purpose	Capital			Aquatic	MeadowView Conference Resort and Convention	Non-Major	Non-Major	Internal	Total Primary	Component
	General	School	Projects	Water	Sewer	Center	Center	Governmental	Business-Type	Service	Government	Units
Receivables:												
Taxes	\$ 38,830,838	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$38,830,838	\$ 0
Accounts	1,006,182	77,711	0	1,729,157	1,987,059	93,813	89,186	41,049	481,744	125,155	5,631,056	27,429
Intergovernmental	5,484,372	20,740,393	50,402	594,712	320,549	0	0	1,985,864	0	0	29,176,292	0
Gross receivables	45,321,392	20,818,104	50,402	2,323,869	2,307,608	93,813	89,186	2,026,913	481,744	125,155	73,638,186	27,429
Less: Allowances for uncollectibles	(928,687)	(53,287)	0	(73,596)	(313,231)	0	0	0	(114,994)	(520)	(1,484,315)	0
Net total receivables	\$ 44,392,705	\$20,764,817	\$ 50,402	\$2,250,273	\$1,994,377	\$ 93,813	\$ 89,186	\$2,026,913	\$ 366,750	\$124,635	\$72,153,871	\$ 27,429

Revenues of the general, general purpose school, water, sewer, solid waste management, storm water management, and fleet maintenance funds are reported net of uncollectible amounts. Total uncollectible amounts related to revenues of the current period are as follows:

Uncollectibles related to property taxes	\$ (18,648)
Uncollectibles related to general activities	(9,681)
Uncollectibles related to school activities	11,430
Uncollectibles related to water sales	3,794
Uncollectibles related to sewer charges	(1,590)
Uncollectibles related to solid waste charges	(3,185)
Uncollectibles related to storm water management fees	612
Uncollectibles related to internal service funds activities	 0
Total uncollectibles of the current fiscal year	\$ (17,268)

# 4. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

# C. Capital assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2016, was as follows:

# **Primary government**

	Beginning Balance			Additions		Deletions	Δ	djustments	F,	nding Balance
Governmental activities:		Dalarice		Additions		Deletions		ajustinents		iding balance
Capital assets, not being depreciated:										
Land	\$	30,055,494	\$	2,221,040	\$	(50,000)	\$	0	\$	32,226,534
Construction in Progress	Ψ	23,966,570	Ψ	8,709,800	Ψ	(14,331,461)	Ψ	(73,833)	Ψ	18,271,076
3		-,,-		-,,		( , , - ,		( -, )		-, ,-
Total capital assets, not being depreciated		54,022,064		10,930,840		(14,381,461)		(73,833)		50,497,610
Capital assets, being depreciated:										
Buildings		180,604,298		5,869,174		0		0		186,473,472
Improvements other than buildings		23,640,593		1,954,711		0		0		25,595,304
Equipment		50,580,630		6,261,842		(1,755,550)		0		55,086,922
Software		688,716		219,622		0		0		908,338
Infrastructure		289,685,085		2,932,610		0_		0		292,617,695
Total capital assets, being depreciated		545,199,322		17,237,959		(1,755,550)		0		560,681,731
Less accumulated depreciation for:										
Buildings		(83,428,818)		(4,926,876)		0		0		(88, 355, 694)
Improvements other than buildings		(13,821,746)		(1,189,126)		0		0		(15,010,872)
Equipment		(33, 183, 103)		(4,136,195)		1,743,597		0		(35,575,701)
Software		(514,806)		(100,015)		0		0		(614,821)
Infrastructure		137,195,065)		(6,003,693)		0		0		(143,198,758)
Total accumulated depreciation		268,143,538)		(16,355,905)		1,743,597		0		(282,755,846)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net		277,055,784		882,054		(11,953)		0		277,925,885
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	331,077,848	\$	11,812,894	\$	(14,393,414)	\$	(73,833)	\$	328,423,495

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental activities functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:	
General government	\$ 1,506,861
Economic and physical development	438,483
Public safety	1,456,583
Public works	6,914,706
Culture and recreation	2,117,931
Education _	3,921,341
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$ 16,355,905

# 4. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

# C. Capital assets (continued)

# **Primary government (continued)**

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletions	Adjustments	Amount
Business-type activities: Capital assets, not being depreciated:	Balance	- Additions	Deletions	Adjustments	7 tinodit
Water					
Land	\$ 749,532	\$ 93,819	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 843,351
Construction in Progress	4,667,467	11,630,305	(2,996,580)	0	13,301,192
<u>Sewer</u>					
Land	1,088,187	79,664	0	0	1,167,851
Construction in Progress	3,516,680	4,604,846	(2,622,739)	0	5,498,787
Solid waste management Land	1,716,309	0	0	0	1,716,309
Construction in Progress	3,208	1,386,381	(94,708)	0	1,294,881
Storm Water	0,200	.,000,00.	(0.,.00)	· ·	.,20 .,00 .
Land	977,763	0	0	0	977,763
Construction in Progress	643,086	142,591	(226,235)	0	559,442
Aquatic Center					
Land	845,711	0	0	0	845,711
Construction in Progress  Meadowview Conference Resort	0	0	0	0	0
and Convention Center	4 545 407			•	4 545 407
Land	1,515,497	70.400	0	0	1,515,497
Construction in Progress	0	70,488	0	0	70,488
Cattails at Meadowview Golf Course Land	981,600	0	0	0	981,600
Construction in Progress	0	0	0	0	0
-					
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	16,705,040	18,008,094	(5,940,262)	0	28,772,872
Capital assets, being depreciated: Water					
Buildings and system	112,798,357	3,065,548	0	0	115,863,905
Equipment and machinery	1,084,536	23,080	0	0	1,107,616
Software	66,400	75,093	0	0	141,493
<u>Sewer</u>					
Buildings and system	204,327,801	2,243,457	(118,118)	0	206,453,140
Equipment and machinery	916,072	447,917	0	0	1,363,989
Software Solid waste management	0	88,304	0	0	88,304
Buildings and system	290,150	24,408	0	0	314,558
Improvements other than Buildings	1,177,264	0	0	0	1,177,264
Equipment and machinery	2,040,552	100,964	0	0	2,141,516
Software	6,750	0	0	0	6,750
Storm Water					
Buildings and system	694,088	23,706	0	0	717,794
Improvements other than Buildings	534,297	0	0	0	534,297
Equipment and machinery Software	132,963 6,661	179,971 61,464	0	0	312,934 68,125
Aquatic Center	0,001	01,404	O .	O	00,123
Buildings and system	19,272,330	0	0	0	19,272,330
Equipment and machinery	139,070	11,050	0	0	150,120
MeadowView Conference Resort and Convention Center					
Buildings	39,469,991	1,171	0	0	39,471,162
Improvements other than Buildings	2,865,257	0	0	0	2,865,257
Equipment	1,203,268	17,588	0	0	1,220,856
Cattails at MeadowView Golf Course					
Buildings	1,439,145	0	0	0	1,439,145
Improvements other than Buildings	6,033,890	0	0	0	6,033,890
Equipment	471,136	0	0	0	471,136
Total capital assets, being depreciated	394,969,978	6,363,721	(118,118)	0	401,215,581

# 4. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

# C. Capital assets (continued)

# **Primary government (continued)**

	Amount	Additions	Deletions	Adjustments	Amount
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
<u>Water</u>					
Buildings and system	(42,719,560)	(2,937,789)	0	(5)	(45,657,354)
Equipment and machinery	(789,759)	(73,899)	0	0	(863,658)
Software	(66,400)	(11,538)	0	0	(77,938)
<u>Sewer</u>					
Buildings and system	(72,164,616)	(4,783,600)	0	0	(76,948,216)
Equipment and machinery	(680,155)	(77,798)	0	0	(757,953)
Software	0	(14,717)	0	0	(14,717)
Solid waste management					
Buildings and system	(117,858)	(11,589)	0	0	(129,447)
Improvements other than Buildings	(1,177,264)	0	0	0	(1,177,264)
Equipment and machinery	(717,347)	(220,218)	0	0	(937,565)
Software	(1,463)	(1,350)	0	0	(2,813)
Storm Water					
Buildings and system	(5,583)	(16,931)	0	0	(22,514)
Improvements other than Buildings	(106,860)	(35,620)	0	1	(142,479)
Equipment and machinery	(20,103)	(33,791)	0	0	(53,894)
Software	(1,554)	(13,232)	0	0	(14,786)
Aquatic Center	, ,	, ,			, , ,
Buildings and system	(1,278,332)	(646,948)	0	0	(1,925,280)
Equipment and machinery	(26,842)	(27,998)	0	0	(54,840)
MeadowView Conference Resort	, ,	, ,			, , ,
and Convention Center					
Buildings	(10,585,192)	(1,137,631)	0	0	(11,722,823)
Improvements other than Buildings	(710,162)	(172,433)	0	0	(882,595)
Equipment	(1,079,858)	(50,468)	0	0	(1,130,326)
Cattails at MeadowView Golf Course	(,,,,,,	, ,			( , , , ,
Buildings	(388,969)	(41,103)	0	0	(430,072)
Improvements other than Buildings	(3,703,269)	(182,740)	0	0	(3,886,009)
Equipment	(420,887)	(10,638)	0	0	(431,525)
		. , ,			
Total accumulated depreciation	(136,762,033)	(10,502,031)	0	(4)	(147,264,068)
·		,			
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	258,207,945	(4,138,310)	(118,118)	(4)	253,951,513
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 274,912,985	\$ 13,869,784	\$ (6,058,380)	\$ (4)	\$ 282,724,385

Depreciation expense was charged to business-type activities functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Business-type activities:	
Water	\$ 3,023,226
Sewer	4,876,115
Solid waste management	233,157
Storm Water	99,574
Aquatic Center	674,946
MeadowView Conference Resort and Convention Center	1,360,532
Cattails at MeadowView Golf Course	 234,481
Total depreciation expense - business-type activities	\$ 10,502,031

# 4. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

#### C. Capital assets (continued)

#### **Primary government (continued)**

#### **Construction commitments**

The City has active construction projects as of June 30, 2016. The governmental projects of the City are reflected in the capital projects fund and the City has provided funding for the future commitments in the amount of, \$8,139,470 through bonded debt. In the proprietary funds, funding for construction projects has been provided and is in segregated deposit and investment accounts totaling \$24,794,844. Except for projects which are shared with counties or the State of Tennessee, the City could terminate any project at their discretion.

### **Net Investment in Capital Assets**

The net investment in capital assets is composed of the following items at June 30, 2016:

			Business-Type								
					MeadowView	Other					
				Aquatic	Conference	Enterprise	Total				
	Governmental	Water	Sewer	Center	Center	Funds	Business-Type				
Capital Assets	\$611,179,341	\$ 131,257,557	\$ 214,572,071	\$20,268,161	\$45,143,260	\$18,747,404	\$ 429,988,453				
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(282,755,846)	(46,598,950)	(77,720,886)	(1,980,120)	(13,735,744)	(7,228,368)	(147,264,068)				
Net Capital Assets	328,423,495	84,658,607	136,851,185	18,288,041	31,407,516	11,519,036	282,724,385				
Total Debt	121,536,295	28,217,299	53,674,607	17,769,667	13,399,593	6,189,650	119,250,816				
Less Debt not related to Capital Assets	(120,000)	0	0	0	0	0	0				
Less Capital related unspent debt proceeds	(8,139,470)	(6,653,325)	(16,614,334)	0	0	(1,527,185)	(24,794,844)				
Total Capital Debt	113,276,825	21,563,974	37,060,273	17,769,667	13,399,593	4,662,465	94,455,972				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 215,146,670	\$ 63,094,633	\$ 99,790,912	\$ 518,374	\$18,007,923	\$ 6,856,571	\$ 188,268,413				

# 4. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

# C. Capital assets (continued)

# Discretely presented component units

Activity for the IDBK for the year ended June 30, 2016, was as follows:

	ı	Beginning			Ending
		Balance	 Additions	Deletions	Balance
Capital assets, not being depreciated:					
Land	\$	1,572,319	\$ 490,919	\$ 0	\$ 2,063,238
Construction in Progress		2,428,509	187,450	(2,428,509)	187,450
-					
Total capital assets, not being depreciated		4,000,828	678,369	(2,428,509)	2,250,688
Capital assets, being depreciated:					
Buildings		4,331,319	6,101,744	0	10,433,063
Improvements other than buildings		262,506	0	0	262,506
Signs		55,422	0	0	55,422
Total capital assets, being depreciated		4,649,247	6,101,744	0	10,750,991
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings		(330,643)	(146,419)	0	(477,062)
Improvements other than buildings		(51,251)	(16,147)	0	(67,398)
Signs		(55,422)	 0	0	(55,422)
			_		
Total accumulated depreciation		(437,316)	(162,566)	0	(599,882)
		_			
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net		4,211,931	5,939,178	0	10,151,109
IDBK capital assets, net	\$	8,212,759	\$ 6,617,547	\$ (2,428,509)	\$12,401,797

# 4. <u>DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)</u>

# C. Capital assets (continued)

# Discretely presented component units (continued)

Activity for the ECD for the year ended June 30, 2016, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance Additions		Deletions	Ending Balance
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 242,010	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 242,010
Construction in Progress	0	0	0	0
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	242,010	0	0	242,010
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Building	2,021,925	185	0	2,022,110
Furniture and Fixtures	211,978	0	0	211,978
Office Equipment	69,723	2,171	0	71,894
Communications Equipment	649,069	22,637	0	671,706
Other Fixed Assets	112,775	2,151	0	114,926
Total capital assets, being depreciated	3,065,470	27,144	0	3,092,614
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Building	0	(37,915)	0	(37,915)
Furniture and Fixtures	(1,494)	(16,030)	0	(17,524)
Office Equipment	(58,420)	(2,522)	0	(60,942)
Communications Equipment	(369,647)	(104,274)	0	(473,921)
Other Fixed Assets	(28,780)	(4,198)	0	(32,978)
Total accumulated depreciation	(458,341)	(164,939)	0	(623,280)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	2,607,129	(137,795)	0	2,469,334
ECD capital assets, net	\$2,849,139	\$(137,795)	\$ 0	\$2,711,344

### 4. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

# D. Inter-fund receivables, payables, and transfers

The composition of interfund balances as of June 30, 2016, is as follows:

#### Due to/from other funds:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	!	<u>Amount</u>
General Fund (major)	State Street Aid Fund (nonmajor)	\$	77,877
	M P O Fund (nonmajor)		66,447
	Regional Sales Tax Fund (nonmajor)		336,875
	Fleet Maintenance Fund (major)		523,786
			1,004,985
General Purpose School Fund (major)	Public Law 93-380 Fund (nonmajor)		328,442
	Special School Projects Fund (nonmajor)		117,883
			446,325
Water Fund (major)	Solid Waste Fund (nonmajor)		1,015,017
	Storm Water Management Fund (nonmajor)		120,964
	Aquatic Center Fund (major)		1,133,193
	MeadowView Conference Resort & Convention Center Fund (major)		43,050
	Cattails at MeadowView Gold Course Fund (nonmajor)		113,059
			2,425,283
Total		\$	3,876,593

The outstanding balances between funds result mainly from the time lag between the dates that interfund good and services are provided, reimbursable expenditures occur, transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and / or payments between funds are made.

#### 4. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

#### D. Inter-fund receivables, payables, and transfers (continued)

#### Due to/from primary government and component units:

Receivable Entity	Payable Entity	<u>Amount</u>
Component unit - IDBK Component unit - IDBK	Primary government-General Fund Primary government-General Project Fund	 (23,635) (125)
Total		\$ (23,760)

The City of Kingsport's primary government is also liable to their component unit Industrial Development Board for certain agreements that are reported as long term notes payable. The total amounts due under these agreements at June 30, 2016 are \$120,000. The amounts due in one year related to these agreements are \$120,000.

#### Interfund transfers

Transfers are used to move revenue from the fund with collection authorization or resolution, to the debt service fund as debt service principal and interest payments become due and move unrestricted general fund revenues to finance various programs that the government must account for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations, including amounts provided as subsidies or matching funds for various grant programs.

# 4. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

# D. Inter-fund receivables, payables, and transfers (continued)

# **Inter-fund transfers (continued)**

<u>-</u>	Transfers in:															
Transfers out:	General	General Purpose School	Debt Service	Capital Projects	Nonmajor Governmental	Total Governmental	Water	Solid Waste Management	Aquatic Center	MeadowView Conference Resort and Convention Center	Cattails at MeadowView	Total Proprietary	Retirees Health Insurance	School Retirees Heath Insurance	Total Internal Service	Total
General	\$ 0	\$ 13,525,055	\$ 7,752,558	\$ 1,748,428	\$ 2,300,619	\$ 25,326,660	\$ 0	\$ 3,455,000	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 3,455,000	\$ 356,232	\$ 0	\$ 356,232	\$ 29,137,892
General Purpose School Capital Projects	252,002 0	0	3,613,407 319,406	31,088 0	63,429 0	3,959,926 319,406	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3,959,926 319,406
Nonmajor Governmental	126,871	27,843	0	200,000	0	354,714	0	0	1,589,013	1,879,990	312,505	3,781,508	0	0	0	4,136,222
Total Governmental	378,873	13,552,898	11,685,371	1,979,516	2,364,048	29,960,706	0	3,455,000	1,589,013	1,879,990	312,505	7,236,508	356,232	0	356,232	37,553,446
Water Sewer	1,563,958 1,373,133	0	0	0	0	1,563,958 1,373,133	0 127,213	0	0	0	0	0 127,213	0	0	0	1,563,958 1,500,346
Storm Water	78,297	0	0	0	0	78,297	17,917	0	0	0	0	17,917	0	0	0	96,214
Aquatic Center	41,557	0	0	0	0	41,557	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	41,557
Cattails at Meadow View		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	00	0	0	0
Total Proprietary	3,056,945	0	0	0	0	3,056,945	145,130	0	0	0	0	145,130	0	0_	0	3,202,075
Fleet Maintenance	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Health Insurance	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total Internal Service	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	\$ 3,435,818	\$ 13,552,898	\$ 11,685,371	\$ 1,979,516	\$ 2,364,048	\$ 33,017,651	\$ 145,130	\$ 3,455,000	\$ 1,589,013	\$ 1,879,990	\$ 312,505	\$ 7,381,638	\$ 356,232	\$ 0	\$ 356,232	\$ 40,755,521

#### 4. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

#### E. Long-term liabilities

The City routinely issues and retires long-term debt instruments each year for both general governmental activities and business-type activities. Long-term debt for general governmental activities is reported in the Government Wide Statement of Net Position and paid from the Debt Service Fund. Long-term debt for business-type activities is recorded in and paid from the applicable enterprise fund.

On October 27, 2015, the City issued General Obligation Refunding and Improvement Bonds, Series 2015A with a par value of \$15,105,000 and an average coupon rate of 3.016%. The proceeds were used to fund certain projects identified in the City's 2015-2016 Capital Improvement Program (CIP) and to refinance existing debt, which included, in part, the portions of four (4) outstanding bond issues, which were not previously refunded.

The City's CIP for FY 2016 called for bond funding on several general government, water, and sewer projects. Therefore, \$10,412,462 of the proceeds from the bonds were used to provide funding for certain public works projects consisting of the acquisition of public art; the acquisition, construction, improvement and renovation of public school facilities; road, street, parking, and sidewalk construction, improvement and expansion, including Greenbelt improvements; the acquisition, construction, renovation, improvement and equipping of public buildings within the Municipality, including renovations to the public library and engineering services building and including HVAC improvements; acquisition of public works equipment; acquisition of firefighting equipment for a fire ladder truck, and a fire station generator; improvements to the City's technology system infrastructure; construction, expansion and improvement of the City's water and sewer systems, including the acquisition of all property real and personal, appurtenant thereto or connected with such work.

The refunding component of the General Obligation Refunding & Improvement Bonds, Series 2015A, was included due to current market conditions at the time providing significant annual aggregate and net present value savings as part of a composite transaction with other new debt obligations.

The net proceeds of the General Obligation Refunding & Improvement Bonds, Series 2015A, totaled \$15,451,382 and consisted of the par amount of, \$15,105,000, plus a net premium of \$604,134, less an underwriter's discount and other issuance costs of \$257,752. With the implementation of GASB 65, bond issuance costs are expensed in the year incurred.

On June 3, 2016, the City issued General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2016A with a par value of \$16,580,000 and General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2016B with a par value of \$13,360,000. The objectives of these two bond issues were to take advantage of exceptionally low interest rates and refinance the callable portions of four (4) outstanding bond issues, which carried a composite average rate of 4.47%.

On an individual basis, the net proceeds of General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2016A totaled \$18,570,960 and consisted of the par amount of, \$16,580,000, plus a net premium of, \$2,166,404, less an underwriter's discount and other bond costs totaling \$175,444. The net proceeds of General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2016B totaled \$14,915,442 and consisted of the par amount of, \$13,360,000, plus a net premium of, \$1,687,591, less an underwriter's discount and other bond costs totaling of \$132,149.

A discussion concerning these refunding bond issues follows under the heading, Advanced Refunding.

#### **Advance Refunding**

A portion of the proceeds from the General Obligation Refunding & Improvement Bonds, Series 2015A were used to advance refund portions of the following prior bond issues not previously refinanced:

Water System Revenue and Tax Bonds, Series 2008 in the amount of, \$1,200,000, dated June 12, 2008 (the Water Bonds), maturing on March 1, 2019 through March 1, 2023 that are callable on March 1, 2018 and anytime thereafter at a price of par and accrued interest. Water Bonds maturing on March 1, 2016 through March 1, 2018 remain in place and will be paid as scheduled;

#### 4. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

#### E. Long-term liabilities (continued)

#### **Advance Refunding (continued)**

- General Obligation School and Public Improvement Bonds, Series 2007 in the amount of \$19,360,000, dated June 8, 2007 (the Series 2007 Bonds), maturing on February 1, 2019 which are callable on or after February 1, 2017 at a price of par and accrued interest. The Series 2007 Bonds maturing on February 1, 2016 through February 1, 2018 remain in place and were not advance refunded;
- General Obligation School and Public Improvement Bonds, Series 2008 in the amount of \$7,480,000, dated June 12, 2008 (the Series 2008A Bonds), maturing on March 1, 2020 through March 1, 2022, inclusive, which are callable on or after March 1, 2018 at a price of par and accrued interest. The Series 2008A Bonds maturing on March 1, 2016 through March 1, 2019 remain in place and were not advance refunded:
- General Obligation Bonds, Series 2008 in the amount of \$11,165,000, dated June 12, 2008 (the Series 2008B Bonds), maturing on March 1, 2020 through March 1, 2022, inclusive, which are callable on or after March 1, 2018 at a price of par and accrued interest. The Series 2008A Bonds maturing on March 1, 2016 through March 1, 2019 remain in place and were not advance refunded;

The City's Aa2 / AA credit ratings were clearly appealing to investors as witnessed by the exceptionally low yields bid and the number of proposals received for the bonds. The City achieved a significant annual aggregate savings totaling \$193,195 and a net present value savings of \$187,216 (3.996 percent of the refunded principal).

The proceeds from the City's General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2016A and General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2016B were used to advance refund portions of the following outstanding debt obligations:

- General Obligation Public Improvement Bonds, Series 2009A in the amount of \$12,160,000, dated January 22, 2009 (the Series 2009A Bonds), maturing on March 1, 2020 through March 1, 2022, on March 1, 2024, on March 1, 2025 and on March 1, 2026 through March 1, 2029, which are callable on March 1, 2019 and at any time thereafter at par and accrued interest. The Series 2009A Bonds maturing on March 1, 2017 through March 1, 2019 are not subject to optional redemption and remain in place to be paid as scheduled.
- General Obligation Bonds, Series 2009B in the amount of \$7,100,000, dated January 22, 2009 (the Series 2009B Bonds), maturing on March 1, 2020 through March 1, 2027 and on March 1, 2029, which are callable on March 1, 2019 and at any time thereafter at par and accrued interest. The Series 2009B Bonds maturing on March 1, 2017 through March 1, 2019 are not subject to optional redemption and remain in place to be paid as scheduled.
- Local option Sales Tax Revenue and Tax Bonds, Series 2009C in the amount of \$15,180,000, dated January 22, 2009 (the Series 2009C Bonds), maturing on March 1, 2020 through March 1, 2022, on March 1, 2024, on March 1, 2025 through March 1, 2027 and on March 1, 2029, which are callable on March 1, 2019 and at any time thereafter at par and accrued interest. The Series 2009C Bonds maturing on March 1, 2017 through March 1, 2019 are not subject to optional redemption and remain in place to be paid as scheduled.
- General Obligation Bonds, Series 2009E in the amount of \$14,225,000, dated December 8, 2009 (the Series 2009E Bonds) maturing on March 1, 2021 through March 1, 2023, on March 1, 2025, on March 1, 2027 and on March 1, 2018 through March 1, 2030, which are callable on March 1, 2020 and at any time thereafter at par and accrued interest. The Series 2009E Bonds maturing on March 1, 2017 through March 1, 2020 are not subject to optional redemption and remain in place to be paid as scheduled.

#### 4. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

#### E. Long-term liabilities (continued)

#### **Advance Refunding (continued)**

The City's Aa2 / AA credit ratings were clearly appealing to investors as witnessed by the exceptionally low yields bid and the number of proposals received for the bonds. The City achieved a significant annual aggregate savings totaling \$3,605,902 and a net present value savings of \$3,258,168 (10.819 percent of the refunded principal).

#### **Transfers**

During the fiscal year 2016, the City transferred proceeds from the General Obligation Public Improvement Bonds, Series 2014A, in the amount of, \$1,362,955, and premium proceeds of \$116,897, from the Capital Projects Fund to the Solid Waste Management Fund. This transfer was for an expedited capital project within the enterprise fund that required immediate funding. The related liability was moved from general long-term debt to the enterprise fund.

#### Governmental Activities:

#### **Inter-local Cooperative Agreements**

The City entered into an inter-local agreement effective June 30, 2011 to contribute \$720,000 to IDBK for financing incentives related to the former Quebecor property. This contribution scheduled is in six installments of \$120,000 per year and began in August 2011. As of June 30, 2016, \$120,000 is outstanding.

#### **Notes Payable**

The City issued a loan with the State of Tennessee for Qualified Zone Academy Projects in November 2004 for \$3,524,680 with a maturity date of November 2020. Annual principal payments are \$220,293 and the interest rate is variable. As of June 30, 2016, \$1,101,463 is outstanding.

The City issued a loan with the State of Tennessee for the Qualified Zone Academy Bonds in December 2005 for \$1,549,000 with a maturity date of December 2020. Annual principal payments are \$103,267 and the interest rate is variable. As of June 30, 2016, \$516,333 is outstanding.

In December 2009, the City issued a loan with the State of Tennessee for Qualified School Construction Bonds in the amount of \$1,240,000, with a variable interest rate and a maturity date of September 2026. Annual principal payments are \$77,374. As of June 30, 2016, \$782,204 is outstanding.

In July 2010, the City issued a loan with the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development in the amount of \$856,000 with a maturity date of August 2030. Annual principal payments are \$43,000 and the interest rate ranges from 4.00% to 5.00%. As of June 30, 2016, \$641,000 is outstanding.

In December 2010, the City issued a loan with the State of Tennessee Energy Efficient Schools Initiative in the amount of \$5,000,000 with an annual interest rate of .75%. Repayment began December 4, 2012. As of June 30, 2016, \$3,551,279 is outstanding.

# 4. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

# E. Long-term liabilities (continued)

# **Notes Payable (continued)**

Governmental Activities (continued):

Payments to maturity on notes payable are as follows:

										2010		
								2010		School		
Fiscal Year	20	004		2005		2009	Н	UD 108	Energy			
Ending June 30	QZ	ZAB		QZAB	QSCB		Loan		Efficiency Loan			
2017	\$ 2	220,293	\$	103,266	\$	77,374	\$	43,000	\$	414,536		
2018	2	220,292		103,267		77,374		43,000		417,658		
2019	2	220,292		103,266		77,374		43,000		420,804		
2020	2	220,293		103,267		77,374		43,000		423,973		
2021	2	220,293		103,267		77,374		43,000		427,156		
2022		0		0		77,374		43,000		430,374		
2023		0		0		77,374	77,374			433,616		
2024		0		0		77,374		43,000		436,801		
2025		0	0		l		77,374		43,000			146,361
2026		0		0		77,374		43,000		0		
2027		0		0		8,464		43,000		0		
2028		0		0		0		43,000		0		
2029		0		0		0		43,000		0		
2030		0		0		0		43,000		0		
2031		0		0		0		39,000		0		
2032		0		0		0	0		0			
	\$ 1, <sup>2</sup>	101,463	\$	516,333	\$	782,204	\$	641,000	\$	3,551,279		

#### 4. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

#### E. Long-term liabilities (continued)

**Governmental Activities (continued):** 

#### **Bonds Payable**

The City issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital improvements. General obligation bonds have been issued for both governmental and business-type activities. The general obligation bonds issued for business-type activities have been reflected in the appropriate enterprise fund.

As previously mentioned, during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, the City issued General Obligation Refunding and Improvement Bonds, Series 2015A at par value of \$15,105,000. The portion of these bonds related to general governmental activities totals \$8,054,686 and carry an average coupon rate of 3.0160%. Of this amount, \$3,723,714 was utilized to fund new capital projects, while \$4,330,972 was used to refund existing debt, while taking advantage of the low interest rates available in the financial market.

As previously mentioned, during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, the City issued General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2015A at par value of \$16,580,000. Of this amount, \$6,928,927 relates to general governmental activities and carries an average coupon rate of 4.47%. These bonds were utilized exclusively to refund existing debt, while taking advantage of the low interest rates available in the financial market.

As previously mentioned, during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, the City issued General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2016B at par value of \$13,360,000. The portion of these bonds related to general governmental activities totals, \$4,330,138 and carries an average coupon rate of 4.47%. These bonds were utilized exclusively to refund existing debt, while taking advantage of the low interest rates available in the financial market.

# 4. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

## E. Long-term liabilities (continued)

General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the City. General obligation bonds currently outstanding and to be repaid by governmental activities are as follows:

# Governmental Activities (continued):

Debt Service Fund	Interest Payable Dates	Issue Date	Amount Authorized and Issued	Interest Rates	Outstanding June 30, 2016
2005 General Obligation	02/01, 08/01	12/06/05	\$ 2,826,250	3.750%-5.000%	\$ 218,750
2007 General Obligation School and Public Improvement	08/01, 02/01	06/08/07	19,360,000	4.000%-5.000%	2,040,000
2008A General Obligation Public Improvement and Refunding	03/01, 09/01	06/12/08	7,480,000	3.500%-4.375%	1,105,000
2008B General Obligation	03/01, 09/01	06/12/08	11,165,000	3.500%-4.375%	1,650,000
2009A General Obligation Public Improvement	03/01, 09/01	01/22/09	11,507,548	2.000%-5.000%	1,614,774
2009B General Obligation	03/01, 09/01	01/22/09	7,100,000	2.000%-5.000%	1,005,000
2009D General Obligation Public Improvement (BABS)	03/01, 09/01	12/08/09	13,821,065	2.000%-5.000%	11,228,470
2011 General Obligation Public Improvement	03/01, 09/01	12/16/11	10,742,779	2.000%-4.000%	9,790,971
2012B General Obligation Refunding	04/01, 10/01	06/22/12	4,357,887	3.00%	2,165,831
2012C General Obligation Public Improvement	04/01, 10/01	06/22/12	4,790,338	2.000%-5.000%	4,196,495
2013 General Obligation Refunding	02/01, 05/01	02/08/13	12,177,052	2.000%-5.000%	10,228,328
2013B General Obligation Public Improvement	03/01, 09/01	10/21/13	13,406,846	2.000%-5.000%	12,424,847
2014A General Obligation Public Improvement	03/01, 09/01	10/31/14	14,596,848	2.000%-5.000%	13,026,120
2015 General Obligation Refunding	03/01, 09/01	02/06/15	17,695,000	2.000%-4.000%	17,550,000
2015A General Obligation Refunding and Improvement	03/01, 09/01	10/27/15	8,054,686	2.000%-4.000%	8,054,686
2016A General Obligation Refunding	03/01, 09/01	06/03/16	6,928,927	2.000%-4.000%	6,928,927
2016B General Obligation Refunding	03/01, 09/01	06/03/16	4,330,138	2.000%-4.000%	4,330,138
Total General Obligation Bonds (before net premiums and discounts of \$5	7,265,679 )				\$ 107,558,337

# 4. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

### E. Long-term liabilities (continued)

Governmental Activities (continued):

#### **Bonds Payable (continued)**

General Obligation Bonds, Series 2005, issued December 6, 2005, debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30	 Principal	I	nterest	Total
2017	\$ 218,750	\$	6,563	\$ 225,313
	\$ 218,750	\$	6,563	\$ 225,313

General Obligation School and Public Improvement Bonds, Series 2007, issued June 8, 2007 debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30	Principal	 Interest	Total
2017 2018	\$ 1,000,000 1,040,000	\$ 91,600 41,600	\$ 1,091,600 1,081,600
	\$ 2,040,000	\$ 133,200	\$ 2,173,200

General Obligation Public Improvement and Refunding Bonds, Series 2008A, issued June 12, 2008 debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30	 Principal	Interest	Total
2017 2018 2019	\$ 355,000 370,000 380,000	\$ 42,425 30,000 15,200	\$ 397,425 400,000 395,200
	\$ 1,105,000	\$ 87,625	\$ 1,192,625

General Obligation Bonds, Series 2008B, issued June 12, 2008 debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30	 Principal	Interest	 Total
2017 2018 2019	\$ 530,000 550,000 570,000	\$ 63,350 44,800 22,800	\$ 593,350 594,800 592,800
	\$ 1,650,000	\$ 130,950	\$ 1,780,950

#### 4. <u>DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)</u>

#### E. Long-term liabilities (continued)

**Governmental Activities (continued):** 

#### **Bonds Payable (continued)**

General Obligation Public Improvement Bonds, Series 2009A, issued January 22, 2009 debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30	Principal	 Interest	Total
2017 2018 2019	\$ 522,566 536,688 555,520	\$ 53,998 38,322 22,221	\$ 576,564 575,010 577,741
	\$ 1,614,774	\$ 114,541	\$ 1,729,315

General Obligation Bonds, Series 2009B, issued January 22, 2009 debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30	 Principal	 Interest	 Total
2017	\$ 325,000	\$ 34,437	\$ 359,437
2018	335,000	24,688	359,688
2019	345,000	 13,800	358,800
	\$ 1,005,000	\$ 72,925	\$ 1,077,925

General Obligation Public Improvement Bonds, Series 2009D (BABS), issued December 08, 2009 debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Fiscal Year					
Ending June 30	 Principal	 Interest		Total	
		_		·	
2017	\$ 682,812	\$ 565,094	\$	1,247,906	
2018	701,125	538,635		1,239,760	
2019	698,509	507,084		1,205,593	
2020	719,438	475,651		1,195,089	
2021	742,984	442,377		1,185,361	
2022	761,296	407,086		1,168,382	
2023	784,842	369,972		1,154,814	
2024	816,236	330,730		1,146,966	
2025	816,236	289,918		1,106,154	
2026	839,781	248,086		1,087,867	
2027	868,558	203,997		1,072,555	
2028	897,336	157,312		1,054,648	
2029	931,346	106,837		1,038,183	
2030	967,971	54,449		1,022,420	
	\$ 11,228,470	\$ 4,697,228	\$	15,925,698	

The GOB, Series 2009D Build America Bonds (BABS) carry an interest rate of 2.000% to 5.625%. During fiscal year 2016 the City's Debt Service Fund paid \$398,066 and the Federal government paid \$191,945 in interest, respectively.

# 4. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

### E. Long-term liabilities (continued)

**Governmental Activities (continued):** 

### **Bonds Payable (continued)**

General Obligation Public Improvement Bonds, Series 2011, issued December 16, 2011 debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Fiscal Year					
Ending June 30	Principal	Interest		Total	
	_			_	
2017	\$ 489,216	\$ 311,895	\$	801,111	
2018	505,856	302,111		807,967	
2019	512,512	291,994		804,506	
2020	522,496	281,743		804,239	
2021	535,808	266,068		801,876	
2022	559,104	244,636		803,740	
2023	575,744	227,863		803,607	
2024	595,712	210,591		806,303	
2025	612,352	192,719		805,071	
2026	625,664	173,737		799,401	
2027	652,288	153,402		805,690	
2028	672,255	131,388		803,643	
2029	692,223	107,859		800,082	
2030	718,847	83,631		802,478	
2031	745,472	57,034		802,506	
2032	 775,422	29,078		804,500	
			·		
	\$ 9,790,971	\$ 3,065,749	\$	12,856,720	

General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2012B, issued June 22, 2012 debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Fiscal Year			
Ending June 30	 Principal	 Interest	 Total
2017	\$ 876,386	\$ 64,975	\$ 941,361
2018	911,353	38,683	950,036
2019	378,092	 11,343	389,435
	 		 _
	\$ 2,165,831	\$ 115,001	\$ 2,280,832

## 4. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

# E. Long-term liabilities (continued)

**Governmental Activities (continued):** 

# **Bonds Payable (continued)**

General Obligation Public Improvement Bonds, Series 2012C, issued June 22, 2012 debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Fiscal Year				
Ending June 30	 Principal	 Interest	 Total	
2017	\$ 307,235	\$ 128,329	\$ 435,564	
2018	315,001	119,112	434,113	
2019	327,934	106,512	434,446	
2020	338,229	96,674	434,903	
2021	348,560	89,064	437,624	
2022	358,892	78,607	437,499	
2023	192,364	67,840	260,204	
2024	197,494	62,069	259,563	
2025	205,188	56,145	261,333	
2026	210,318	49,989	260,307	
2027	215,448	43,680	259,128	
2028	223,142	37,216	260,358	
2029	228,272	30,522	258,794	
2030	235,966	23,674	259,640	
2031	241,096	16,005	257,101	
2032	251,356	8,169	259,525	
	\$ 4,196,495	\$ 1,013,607	\$ 5,210,102	

General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2013, issued February 08, 2013 debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Fiscal Year					
Ending June 30	Principal	Interest		Total	
	 ·	 _			
2017	\$ 697,386	\$ 323,827	\$	1,021,213	
2018	979,308	295,932		1,275,240	
2019	1,018,876	256,759		1,275,635	
2020	1,048,552	226,193		1,274,745	
2021	1,073,282	194,736		1,268,018	
2022	830,928	162,538		993,466	
2023	865,550	129,301		994,851	
2024	890,280	103,334		993,614	
2025	915,010	76,626		991,636	
2026	939,740	53,751		993,491	
2027	 969,416	29,082		998,498	
	\$ 10,228,328	\$ 1,852,079	\$	12,080,407	

## 4. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

# E. Long-term liabilities (continued)

**Governmental Activities (continued):** 

# **Bonds Payable (continued)**

General Obligation Public Improvement Bonds, Series 2013B, issued October 21, 2013 debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Fiscal Year						
Ending June 30	 Principal Interest		Interest	Total		
2017	\$ 514,148	\$	507,553	\$	1,021,701	
2018	543,389		481,846		1,025,235	
2019	550,699		470,978		1,021,677	
2020	567,756		454,457		1,022,213	
2021	596,997		426,069		1,023,066	
2022	616,491		408,160		1,024,651	
2023	640,858		383,500		1,024,358	
2024			351,457		1,023,992	
2025	638,421		317,830		956,251	
2026	665,225		291,495		956,720	
2027	692,029		263,223		955,252	
2028	723,707		233,812		957,519	
2029	752,947		204,864		957,811	
2030	784,625		172,864		957,489	
2031	816,302		139,517		955,819	
2032	850,416		106,865		957,281	
2033	882,094		72,848		954,942	
2034	916,208		37,565		953,773	
	 ,		,		· · · · · ·	
	\$ 12,424,847	\$	5,324,903	\$	17,749,750	

# 4. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

### E. Long-term liabilities (continued)

**Governmental Activities (continued):** 

### **Bonds Payable (continued)**

General Obligation Public Improvement Bonds, Series 2014A, issued October 31, 2014 debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30	 Principal		Interest		Total	
2017	\$ 237,455	\$	492,508	\$	729,963	
2018	491,872		479,108		970,980	
2019	508,833		464,183		973,016	
2020	525,794		445,950		971,744	
2021	551,236		419,024		970,260	
2022	580,917		390,720		971,637	
2023	602,119		370,176		972,295	
2024	623,320		348,572		971,892	
2025	653,002		316,664		969,666	
2026	686,925		283,165	970,090		
2027	720,847		251,575		972,422	
2028	750,528		222,148		972,676	
2029	780,210		191,533		971,743	
2030	809,892		159,731		969,623	
2031	843,814		126,657		970,471	
2032	873,496		96,678		970,174	
2033	898,938		70,092		969,030	
2034	928,620		42,678		971,298	
2035	958,302	14,374		972,676		
	,		,		,	
	\$ 13,026,120	\$	5,185,536	\$	18,211,656	

## 4. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

### E. Long-term liabilities (continued)

**Governmental Activities (continued):** 

### **Bonds Payable (continued)**

General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2015, issued February 06, 2015 debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

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Ending June 30	 Principal	 Interest Total		Total	
2017	\$ 150,000	\$ 658,700	\$	808,700	
2018	0	654,200		654,200	
2019	160,000	654,200		814,200	
2020	1,220,000	649,400		1,869,400	
2021	1,100,000	600,600		1,700,600	
2022	1,145,000	556,600		1,701,600	
2023	2,300,000	510,800		2,810,800	
2024	2,390,000	418,800		2,808,800	
2025	2,485,000	323,200		2,808,200	
2026	2,580,000	223,800		2,803,800	
2027	2,695,000	120,600		2,815,600	
2028	 1,325,000	 39,750		1,364,750	
	\$ 17,550,000	\$ 5,410,650	\$	22,960,650	

General Obligation Refunding and Improvement Bonds, Series 2015A, issued October 27, 2015 debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Fiscal Year

Ending June 30		Principal		Interest		Total
2017	\$	231,962	\$	229,669	\$	461,631
2018	•	234,628	•	225,030	•	459,658
2019		863,859		220,337		1,084,196
2020		805,202		211,699		1,016,901
2021		837,197		179,491		1,016,688
2022		853,194		162,747		1,015,941
2023		290,619		128,619		419,238
2024		250,626		119,900		370,526
2025		258,625		112,382		371,007
2026		266,623		104,623		371,246
2027		277,288		96,624		373,912
2028		285,287		88,306		373,593
2029		293,286		79,747		373,033
2030		301,284		70,948		372,232
2031		309,283		61,910		371,193
2032		319,948		52,631		372,579
2033		327,947		43,033		370,980
2034		338,611		33,195		371,806
2035		349,276		22,613		371,889
2036		359,941		11,698	. <u></u>	371,639
	\$	8,054,686	\$	2,255,202	\$	10,309,888

# 4. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

### E. Long-term liabilities (continued)

**Governmental Activities (continued):** 

### **Bonds Payable (continued)**

General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2016A, issued June 03, 2016. debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Fiscal Year						
Ending June 30	 Principal	Interest		Total		
2017	\$ 0	\$	182,995	\$	182,995	
2018	0		245,814		245,814	
2019	0		245,814		245,814	
2020	578,803		245,814		824,617	
2021	603,878		222,662		826,540	
2022	626,863		198,507		825,370	
2023	651,937		173,432		825,369	
2024	679,102		147,354		826,456	
2025	706,266		120,190		826,456	
2026	733,430		91,940		825,370	
2027	760,594		62,603		823,197	
2028	785,668		39,785		825,453	
2029	 802,386		24,071		826,457	
			_			
	\$ 6,928,927	\$	2,000,981	\$	8,929,908	

General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2016B, issued June 03, 2016. debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Fiscal Year			
Ending June 30	 Principal	 Interest	 Total
2017	\$ 0	\$ 112,245	\$ 112,245
2018	0	150,777	150,777
2019	0	150,777	150,777
2020	118,301	150,777	269,078
2021	369,488	146,045	515,533
2022	384,073	131,265	515,338
2023	398,658	115,903	514,561
2024	416,484	99,956	516,440
2025	431,069	83,297	514,366
2026	448,895	66,054	514,949
2027	466,721	48,098	514,819
2028	479,686	34,097	513,783
2029	491,030	24,503	515,533
2030	325,733	9,772	335,505
	\$ 4,330,138	\$ 1,323,566	\$ 5,653,704

# 4. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

### E. Long-term liabilities (continued)

**Governmental Activities (continued):** 

### **Bonds Payable (continued)**

Total annual debt service requirements for general obligation bonds related to Governmental Activities is as follows:

Fiscal Year						
Ending June 30	 Principal		Interest		Total	
2017	\$ 7,137,916	\$	3,870,163	\$	11,008,079	
2018	7,514,220		3,710,658		11,224,878	
2019	6,869,834		3,454,002		10,323,836	
2020	6,444,571		3,238,358		9,682,929	
2021	6,759,430		2,986,136		9,745,566	
Next Five Years	37,269,008		10,886,646		48,155,654	
Next Five Years	26,532,783		4,002,826		30,535,609	
Next Five Years	9,030,575		641,517		9,672,092	
	\$ 107,558,337	\$	32,790,306	\$	140,348,643	

The total on the statement of net assets has been adjusted by net premiums and discounts of \$7,265,679.

#### 4. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

#### E. Long-term liabilities (continued)

#### Business-type Activities:

Long-term debt issued by the City for capital improvement projects related to business-type activities is recorded and to be paid from the applicable enterprise fund. Maturities on July 1 are considered as maturing on the preceding June 30th.

#### **Loans Payable**

On July 1, 2014, the City approved Resolution Number 2015-011, authorizing the financing and construction of a water facilities project known as the, Raw Water Intake Project. The total amount of the project is estimated to be \$16,500,000 and will be funded through a Drinking Water Revolving Fund Loan in the amount of \$15,000,000, and a \$1,500,000 Economic Development Administration Grant, with the State of Tennessee. Draws will be made, as funds are needed to complete the project. As of June 30, 2016, the City had received \$3,894,310 from the Drinking Water Revolving Loan Fund. Monthly interest payments are being made on the outstanding balance at a current annual interest rate of 1.78%. Principal payments will begin 90 days after the project is completed, with a repayment schedule over 20 years.

#### **Bonds Payable**

As previously mentioned, during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, the City issued General Obligation Refunding and Improvement Bonds, Series 2015A at par value of \$15,105,000. The portion of these bonds related to business-type activities totals \$7,050,314 and carry an average coupon rate of 3.0160%. Of this amount, the Sewer Fund utilized \$4,823,895 to fund a sewer extension project in the Colonial Heights area; the Water Fund utilized \$1,703,130 to fund master plan system upgrades; and \$523,289 was utilized to refund existing debt in the Water Fund, while taking advantage of the low interest rates available in the financial market.

As previously mentioned, during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, the City issued General Obligation Refunding and Improvement Bonds, Series 2016A at par value of \$16,580,000. The portion of these bonds related to business-type activities totals \$9,651,073 and carry an average coupon rate of 4.47%. Of this amount, the Storm Water Management Fund utilized \$430,058 and the MeadowView Conference Report and Convention Center Fund utilized \$9,221,015 to refund existing debt, while taking advantage of the low interest rates available in the financial market.

As previously mentioned, during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, the City issued General Obligation Refunding and Improvement Bonds, Series 2016B at par value of \$13,360,000. The portion of these bonds related to business-type activities totals \$9,029,862 and carry an average coupon rate of 4.47%. The proceeds were utilized to refund existing debt of the Aquatic Center Fund, while taking advantage of the low interest rates available in the financial market.

# 4. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

# E. Long-term liabilities (continued)

**Business-type Activities:** 

# **Bonds Payable (continued)**

Bonds currently outstanding to be repaid from business-type activities and the enterprise funds from which they will be paid are as follows:

	Interest Payable Dates	Issue Date	 Amount Authorized and Issued	Interest Rates	Outstanding ine 30, 2016
Solid Waste Management Fund					
2005 General Obligation	02/01, 08/01	12/06/05	\$ 403,750	3.000%-5.000%	\$ 31,250
2009D BABS General Obligation Public Improvement	03/01, 09/01	12/08/09	303,404	2.250%-5.625%	246,491
2012C General Obligation Public Improvement	04/01, 10/01	06/22/12	1,141,983	2.000%-3.750%	880,479
2013 General Obligation Refunding	05/01, 11/01	02/08/13	132,948	2.000%-3.750%	111,672
2013B General Obligation Public Improvement	03/01, 09/01	10/21/13	289,856	2.000%-5.000%	268,625
2014A General Obligation Public Improvement	03/01, 09/01	10/31/14	1,008,152	2.000%-5.000%	 2,333,880
Total Solid Waste Management Fu ( before net premiums and discoun					\$ 3,872,397
MeadowView Conference Resort and Convention Center Fund					
2009C Local Option Sales Tax Revenue and Tax Bonds	03/01, 09/01	01/22/09	\$ 15,180,000	2.000%-5.000%	\$ 2,130,000
2009D BABS General Obligation Public Improvement	03/01, 09/01	12/08/09	1,016,085	2.250%-5.625%	825,485
2016A General Obligation Refunding	03/01, 09/01	06/03/16	9,221,015	2.000%-4.000%	 9,221,015
Total MeadowView Conference Res ( before net premiums and discoun		n Center Fund			\$ 12,176,500
Cattails at MeadowView Golf Course Fund					
1998 Golf Course-TMBF	Monthly	1998	\$ 1,450,000	Variable	\$ 137,000
2012C General Obligation Public Improvement	04/01, 10/01	06/22/12	517,721	2.000%-3.750%	 472,490
Total Cattails at MeadowView Golf ( before net premiums and discoun					\$ 609,490

# 4. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

# E. Long-term liabilities (continued)

**Business-type Activities (continued):** 

# **Bonds Payable (continued)**

	Interest Payable Dates	Issue Date	Amount Authorized and Issued	Interest Rates	Outstanding June 30, 2016
Storm Water Fund					·
2009A General Obligation	03/01, 09/01	01/22/09	\$ 652,452	2.000%-5.000%	\$ 100,225
2009D BABS General Obligation	03/01, 09/01	12/08/09	606,808	2.250%-5.625%	492,981
2011 General Obligation Public Improvement	03/01, 09/01	12/16/11	395,414	2.000%-4.000%	360,381
2016A General Obligation Refunding	03/01, 09/01	06/03/16	430,058	2.000%-4.000%	430,058
Total Storm Water Fund ( before net premiums and discounts	s of \$61,690)				\$ 1,383,645
Aquatic Center Fund					
2009D BABS General Obligation	03/01, 09/01	12/08/09	\$ 554,170	2.250%-5.625%	\$ 450,217
2009E General Obligation	03/01, 09/01	12/08/09	14,225,000	2.500%-5.000%	2,745,000
2011 General Obligation Public Improvement	03/01, 09/01	12/16/11	160,000	2.000%-4.000%	145,824
2012A General Obligation Public Improvement	04/01, 10/01	06/22/12	3,110,000	2.000%-5.000%	2,850,000
2013A General Obligation Public Improvement	03/01, 09/01	10/21/13	1,310,000	3.000%-4.000%	1,215,000
2016B General Obligation Refunding	03/01, 09/01	06/03/16	9,029,862	2.000%-4.000%	9,029,862
Total Aquatic Center Fund ( before net premiums and discounts	s of \$1,333,764)				\$ 16,435,903

# 4. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

# E. Long-term liabilities (continued)

**Business-type Activities (continued):** 

# **Bonds Payable (continued)**

Water Fund	Amount Interest Authorized Payable Issue and Interest Dates Date Issued Rates		Outstanding June 30, 2016		
2005 Water and Sewer System Revenue and Tax	02/01, 08/01	12/06/05	\$ 870,000	3.000%-5.000%	\$ 70,000
2008 Water and Sewer System Revenue and Tax	03/01, 09/01	06/12/08	1,200,000	3.500%-4.250%	175,000
2008 Tennessee Municipal Bond Fund	Monthly	10/15/08	9,698,196	Variable	6,493,196
2009D BABS General Obligation Public Improvement	03/01, 09/01	12/08/09	4,045,387	2.250%-5.625%	3,286,542
2010 General Obligation Refunding	12/01, 06/01	04/19/10	1,515,000	2.000%-3.000%	230,000
2011 General Obligation Public Improvement	03/01, 09/01	12/16/11	2,430,991	2.000%-3.750%	2,215,606
2012B General Obligation Refunding	04/01, 10/01	06/22/12	1,194,406	3.000%	593,609
2012C General Obligation Public Improvement	04/01, 10/01	06/22/12	1,181,362	2.000%-3.750%	1,078,153
2013 General Obligation Refunding	05/01, 11/01	02/08/13	3,025,000	2.000%-3.750%	620,000
2013B General Obligation Public Improvement	03/01, 09/01	10/21/13	4,262,308	2.000%-5.000%	3,950,110
2014B General Obligation Public Improvement	03/01, 09/01	10/31/14	2,717,899	2.000%-5.000%	2,717,899
2015A General Obligation Refunding and Improvement	03/01, 09/01	10/27/15	2,226,419	1.000%-4.000%	2,226,419
Total Water Fund ( before net premiums and discou	nts of \$666,455)				\$ 23,656,534

# 4. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

# E. Long-term liabilities (continued)

**Business-type Activities (continued):** 

# **Bonds Payable (continued)**

Sewer Fund	Interest Payable Dates	Issue Date	Amount Authorized and Issued	Interest Rates	Outstanding une 30, 2016
2005 Water and Sewer System Revenue and Tax	02/01, 08/01	12/06/05	\$ 4,100,000	2.750%-4.125%	\$ 305,000
2009D BABS General Obligation Public Improvement	03/01, 09/01	12/08/09	6,068,081	2.250%-5.625%	4,929,814
2010 General Obligation Refunding	12/01, 06/01	04/19/10	2,940,000	2.000%-3.000%	445,000
2011 General Obligation Public Improvement	03/01, 09/01	12/16/11	2,410,816	2.000%-3.750%	2,197,219
2012B General Obligation Refunding	04/01, 10/01	06/22/12	4,417,707	3.000%	2,195,561
2012C General Obligation Public Improvement	04/01, 10/01	06/22/12	1,673,596	2.000%-3.750%	1,527,383
2013 General Obligation Refunding	05/01, 11/01	02/08/13	27,760,000	2.000%-5.000%	19,190,000
2013B General Obligation Public Improvement	03/01, 09/01	10/21/13	9,550,990	2.000%-5.000%	8,851,418
2014B General Obligation Public Improvement	03/01, 09/01	10/31/14	6,582,101	2.000%-5.000%	6,582,101
2015A General Obligation Refunding and Improvement	03/01, 09/01	10/27/15	4,823,895	1.000%-4.000%	 4,823,895
Total Sewer Fund ( before net premiums and discoun	nts of \$2,627,216)				\$ 51,047,391

# 4. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

#### E. Long-term liabilities (continued)

Business-type Activities (continued):

#### **Bonds Payable (continued)**

Solid Waste Management Fund issued 2005 Series General Obligation Bonds December 6, 2005, debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30	F	Principal		Interest	Total		
2017	\$	31,250	\$	938	\$	32,188	
	\$	31,250	\$	938	\$	32,188	

General Obligation Public Improvement Bonds, Series 2009D (BABS), issued December 08, 2009 debt service requirements to maturity for the Solid Waste Management Fund are as follows:

Fiscal Year					
Ending June 30	Principal	Interest		Total	
	 _	 		_	
2017	\$ 14,989	\$ 12,420	\$	27,409	
2018	15,392	11,839		27,231	
2019	15,334	11,145		26,479	
2020	15,794	10,454		26,248	
2021	16,310	9,723		26,033	
2022	16,712	8,947		25,659	
2023	17,229	8,132		25,361	
2024	17,918	7,269		25,187	
2025	17,918	6,372		24,290	
2026	18,435	5,453		23,888	
2027	19,067	4,484		23,551	
2028	19,699	3,458		23,157	
2029	20,445	2,348		22,793	
2030	21,249	1,196		22,445	
	\$ 246,491	\$ 103,240	\$	349,731	

GOBPI, Series 2009D Build America Bonds (BABS) carry an interest rate from 2.000% to 5.625%. During fiscal year 2016, the Solid Waste Management Fund paid \$8,738 while the Federal government paid \$4,214 in interest, respectively.

# 4. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

### E. Long-term liabilities (continued)

Business-type Activities (continued):

### **Bonds Payable (continued)**

General Obligation Public Improvement Bonds, Series 2012C, issued June 22, 2012 debt service requirements to maturity for the Solid Waste Management Fund are as follows:

Fiscal Year					
Ending June 30	Principal	 Interest	Total		
2017	\$ 134,351	\$ 26,690	\$	161,041	
2018	139,149	22,660		161,809	
2019	146,347	17,094		163,441	
2020	148,746	12,703		161,449	
2021	153,544	9,357		162,901	
2022	158,342	4,750		163,092	
	 _	 _			
	\$ 880,479	\$ 93,254	\$	973,733	
	-				

General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2013, issued February 08, 2013 debt service requirements to maturity for the Solid Waste Management Fund are as follows:

Fiscal Year					
Ending June 30	Principal	Interest		Total	
	 _				
2017	\$ 7,614	\$	3,535	\$	11,149
2018	10,692		3,231		13,923
2019	11,124		2,803		13,927
2020	11,448		2,470		13,918
2021	11,718		2,126		13,844
2022	9,072		1,775		10,847
2023	9,450		1,412		10,862
2024	9,720		1,128		10,848
2025	9,990		837		10,827
2026	10,260		587		10,847
2027	 10,584		317		10,901
	\$ 111,672	\$	20,221	\$	131,893

# 4. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

# E. Long-term liabilities (continued)

**Business-type Activities (continued):** 

### **Bonds Payable (continued)**

General Obligation Public Improvement Bonds, Series 2013B, issued October 21, 2013 debt service requirements to maturity for the Solid Waste Management Fund are as follows:

Fiscal Year						
Ending June 30		Principal	 Interest		Total	
2017	\$	11,116	\$ 10,973	\$	22,089	
2018		11,748	10,417		22,165	
2019		11,906	10,183		22,089	
2020		12,275	9,825		22,100	
2021		12,907	9,212		22,119	
2022		13,329	8,824		22,153	
2023		13,855	8,291		22,146	
2024		14,540	7,599		22,139	
2025		13,803	6,872		20,675	
2026		14,382	6,302		20,684	
2027		14,962	5,691		20,653	
2028		15,646	5,055		20,701	
2029		16,279	4,429		20,708	
2030		16,964	3,737		20,701	
2031		17,648	3,016		20,664	
2032		18,386	2,311		20,697	
2033		19,071	1,575		20,646	
2034		19,808	 812		20,620	
	·		 _	-		
	\$	268,625	\$ 115,124	\$	383,749	

# 4. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

# E. Long-term liabilities (continued)

**Business-type Activities (continued):** 

### **Bonds Payable (continued)**

General Obligation Public Improvement Bonds, Series 2014A, issued October 31, 2014 debt service requirements to maturity for the Solid Waste Management Fund are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30	Principal	Interest	Total		
2017	\$ 42,545	\$ 88,242	\$	130,787	
2018	88,128	85,842		173,970	
2019	91,167	83,167		174,334	
2020	94,206	79,900		174,106	
2021	98,764	75,076		173,840	
2022	104,082	70,005		174,087	
2023	107,881	66,324		174,205	
2024	111,680	62,453		174,133	
2025	116,998	56,736		173,734	
2026	123,076	50,735		173,811	
2027	129,153	45,075		174,228	
2028	134,472	39,802		174,274	
2029	139,790	34,317		174,107	
2030	145,108	28,619		173,727	
2031	151,186	22,693		173,879	
2032	156,504	17,322		173,826	
2033	161,062	12,558		173,620	
2034	166,380	7,647		174,027	
2035	171,698	2,576		174,274	
		 _		_	
	\$ 2,333,880	\$ 929,089	\$	3,262,969	

#### 4. <u>DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)</u>

#### E. Long-term liabilities (continued)

Business-type Activities (continued):

#### **Bonds Payable (continued)**

Local Option Sales Tax Revenue and Tax Bonds, Series 2009C, issued January 22, 2009 for MeadowView Conference Resort and Convention Center Fund, debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30	Principal		 Interest	 Total		
2017	\$	685,000	\$ 80,063	\$ 765,063		
2018		710,000	57,800	767,800		
2019		735,000	29,400	764,400		
	\$	2,130,000	\$ 167,263	\$ 2,297,263		

General Obligation Public Improvement Bonds, Series 2009D (BABS), issued December 08, 2009 debt service requirements to maturity for the MeadowView Conference Resort and Convention Center Fund are as follows:

 Principal		Interest		Total	
\$ 50,199	\$	41,580	\$	91,779	
51,545		39,634		91,179	
51,352		37,312		88,664	
52,891		34,999		87,890	
54,622		32,551		87,173	
55,968		29,954		85,922	
57,699		27,223		84,922	
60,007		24,336		84,343	
60,007		21,333		81,340	
61,738		18,255		79,993	
63,854		15,010		78,864	
65,970		11,575		77,545	
68,470		7,861		76,331	
71,163		4,006		75,169	
\$ 825,485	\$	345,629	\$	1,171,114	
\$	51,545 51,352 52,891 54,622 55,968 57,699 60,007 61,738 63,854 65,970 68,470 71,163	\$ 50,199 \$ 51,545 51,352 52,891 54,622 55,968 57,699 60,007 60,007 61,738 63,854 65,970 68,470 71,163	\$ 50,199 \$ 41,580 51,545 39,634 51,352 37,312 52,891 34,999 54,622 32,551 55,968 29,954 57,699 27,223 60,007 24,336 60,007 21,333 61,738 18,255 63,854 15,010 65,970 11,575 68,470 7,861 71,163 4,006	\$ 50,199 \$ 41,580 \$ 51,545 39,634 51,352 37,312 52,891 34,999 54,622 32,551 55,968 29,954 57,699 27,223 60,007 24,336 60,007 21,333 61,738 18,255 63,854 15,010 65,970 11,575 68,470 7,861 71,163 4,006	

The GOBPI, Series 2009D Build America Bonds (BABS) carry an interest rate from 2.000% to 5.625%. During fiscal year 2016, the MeadowView Conference Resort and Convention Center Fund paid \$29,265 while the Federal government paid \$14,111 in interest, respectively.

#### 4. <u>DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)</u>

#### E. Long-term liabilities (continued)

**Business-type Activities (continued):** 

#### **Bonds Payable (continued)**

General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2016A, issued June 03, 2016 debt service requirements to maturity for the MeadowView Conference Resort and Convention Center Fund portion are as follows:

Fiscal Year						
Ending June 30	Principal		Interest		Total	
2017	\$	0	\$	243,529	\$ 243,529	
2018		0		327,129	327,129	
2019		0		327,129	327,129	
2020		770,272		327,129	1,097,401	
2021		803,641		296,318	1,099,959	
2022		834,229		264,173	1,098,402	
2023		867,599		230,803	1,098,402	
2024		903,749		196,100	1,099,849	
2025		939,898		159,950	1,099,848	
2026		976,048		122,354	1,098,402	
2027		1,012,198		83,312	1,095,510	
2028		1,045,567		52,946	1,098,513	
2029		1,067,814		32,034	1,099,848	
	\$	9,221,015	\$	2,662,906	\$ 11,883,921	

Golf Course Bonds, Series 1998 issued through the Tennessee Municipal Bond Fund (TMBF) totaling \$1,450,000, debt service requirements to maturity for the Cattails at MeadowView Golf Course Fund are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30	F	Principal	In	terest *	Total
2017	\$	137,000	\$	2,584	\$ 139,584
	\$	137,000	\$	2,584	\$ 139,584

Principal payments are made on an annual basis, while interest is paid monthly.

<sup>\*</sup> The interest rate on the TMBF Golf Course Bonds is a variable monthly rate, based on the average daily rate for the period, plus a 0.15% administrator's fee. The annual interest expense requirements to maturity are estimated using the monthly interest amount and other monthly loan expenses, as of June 30, 2016, to calculate an estimated annual effective interest rate of 1.886%.

# 4. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

#### E. Long-term liabilities (continued)

**Business-type Activities (continued):** 

### **Bonds Payable (continued)**

General Obligation Public Improvement Bonds, Series 2012C, issued June 22, 2012 debt service requirements to maturity for the Cattails at MeadowView Golf Course Fund are as follows:

Fiscal Year				
Ending June 30	F	Principal	 Interest	 Total
2017	\$	23,550	\$ 14,486	\$ 38,036
2018		23,923	13,779	37,702
2019		24,671	12,822	37,493
2020		25,793	12,082	37,875
2021		26,540	11,502	38,042
2022		27,288	10,706	37,994
2023		28,035	9,887	37,922
2024		28,783	9,046	37,829
2025		29,904	8,183	38,087
2026		30,652	7,286	37,938
2027		31,400	6,366	37,766
2028		32,521	5,424	37,945
2029		33,269	4,448	37,717
2030		34,390	3,450	37,840
2031		35,138	2,333	37,471
2032		36,633	1,191	 37,824
			_	
	\$	472,490	\$ 132,991	\$ 605,481

General Obligation Bonds, Series 2009A, issued January 22, 2009 debt service requirements to maturity for the Storm Water Fund are as follows:

Fiscal Year		5 · · ·				<b>T</b>
Ending June 30		Principal		nterest		Total
2017	\$	32,434	\$	3,352	\$	35,786
2018	Ψ	33,311	Ψ	2,378	Ψ	35,689
		•		,		,
2019		34,480		1,379		35,859
	\$	100,225	\$	7,109	\$	107,334

### 4. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

### E. Long-term liabilities (continued)

**Business-type Activities (continued):** 

### **Bonds Payable (continued)**

General Obligation Bonds, Series 2009D (BABS), issued December 08, 2009 debt service requirements to maturity for the Storm Water Fund are as follows:

Fiscal Year					
Ending June 30	Principal	 Interest		Total	
2017	\$ 29,979	\$ 24,809	\$	54,788	
2018	30,783	23,647		54,430	
2019	30,668	22,262		52,930	
2020	31,587	20,882		52,469	
2021	32,620	19,421		52,041	
2022	33,425	17,872		51,297	
2023	34,458	16,243		50,701	
2024	35,836	14,520		50,356	
2025	35,836	12,728		48,564	
2026	36,870	10,892		47,762	
2027	38,134	8,956		47,090	
2028	39,397	6,906		46,303	
2029	40,890	4,690		45,580	
2030	42,498	2,390		44,888	
	\$ 492,981	\$ 206,218	\$	699,199	

GOB, Series 2009D Build America Bonds (BABS) issued by the City carry an interest rate from 2.000% to 5.625%. During fiscal year 2016, the Storm Water Fund paid \$17,477 while the Federal government paid \$8,427 in interest, respectively.

## 4. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

### E. Long-term liabilities (continued)

**Business-type Activities (continued):** 

## **Bonds Payable (continued)**

General Obligation Public Improvement Bonds, Series 2011, issued December 16, 2011 debt service requirements to maturity for the Storm Water Fund are as follows:

Fiscal Year					
Ending June 30	 Principal	 Interest		Total	
	 _	_			
2017	\$ 18,007	\$ 11,480	\$	29,487	
2018	18,619	11,120		29,739	
2019	18,864	10,748		29,612	
2020	19,232	10,370		29,602	
2021	19,722	9,793		29,515	
2022	20,579	9,005		29,584	
2023	21,192	8,387		29,579	
2024	21,927	7,751		29,678	
2025	22,539	7,094		29,633	
2026	23,029	6,395		29,424	
2027	24,009	5,646		29,655	
2028	24,744	4,836		29,580	
2029	25,479	3,970		29,449	
2030	26,459	3,078		29,537	
2031	27,439	2,099		29,538	
2032	28,541	1,070		29,611	
	\$ 360,381	\$ 112,842	\$	473,223	

### 4. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

#### E. Long-term liabilities (continued)

Business-type Activities (continued):

### **Bonds Payable (continued)**

General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2016A, issued June 03, 2016 debt service requirements to maturity for the Storm Water Fund are as follows:

Fiscal Year					
Ending June 30	F	Principal	 Interest		Total
		_			_
2017	\$	0	\$ 11,358	\$	11,358
2018		0	15,257		15,257
2019		0	15,257		15,257
2020		35,924	15,257		51,181
2021		37,481	13,820		51,301
2022		38,907	12,321		51,228
2023		40,464	10,764		51,228
2024		42,150	9,146		51,296
2025		43,836	7,460		51,296
2026		45,522	5,706		51,228
2027		47,208	3,886		51,094
2028		48,764	2,469		51,233
2029		49,802	1,494		51,296
	· <u>-</u>				_
	\$	430,058	\$ 124,195	\$	554,253

General Obligation Bonds, Series 2009D (BABS), issued December 08, 2009 debt service requirements to maturity for the Aquatic Center Fund are as follows:

Fiscal Year					
Ending June 30	Principal	Interest		 Total	
			_		
2017	\$ 27,378	\$	22,680	\$ 50,058	
2018	28,112		21,618	49,730	
2019	28,007		20,352	48,359	
2020	28,847		19,090	47,937	
2021	29,791		17,755	47,546	
2022	30,525		16,339	46,864	
2023	31,469		14,849	46,318	
2024	32,728		13,274	46,002	
2025	32,728		11,636	44,364	
2026	33,672		9,957	43,629	
2027	34,826		8,188	43,014	
2028	35,979		6,314	42,293	
2029	37,343		4,288	41,631	
2030	 38,812		2,185	 40,997	
	\$ 450,217	\$	188,525	\$ 638,742	

GOB, Series 2009D Build America Bonds (BABS) carry an interest rate from 2.000% to 5.625%. During fiscal year 2016, the Aquatic Center Fund paid \$15,961 while the Federal government paid \$7,696 in interest.

## 4. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

#### E. Long-term liabilities (continued)

Business-type Activities (continued):

## **Bonds Payable (continued)**

General Obligation Bonds, Series 2009E, issued December 08, 2009 debt service requirements to maturity for the Aquatic Center Fund are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30	Principal		 Interest	 Total		
2017	\$	655,000	\$ 101,912	\$ 756,912		
2018		675,000	82,263	757,263		
2019		695,000	60,325	755,325		
2020		720,000	 36,000	756,000		
		_	 	_		
	\$	2,745,000	\$ 280,500	\$ 3,025,500		

General Obligation Public Improvement Bonds, Series 2011, issued December 16, 2011 debt service requirements to maturity for the Aquatic Center Fund are as follows:

Fiscal Year					
Ending June 30	 Principal	Interest		 Total	
2017	\$ 7,286	\$	4,645	\$ 11,931	
2018	7,534		4,500	12,034	
2019	7,633		4,349	11,982	
2020	7,782		4,196	11,978	
2021	7,980		3,963	11,943	
2022	8,327		3,643	11,970	
2023	8,575		3,394	11,969	
2024	8,872		3,136	12,008	
2025	9,120		2,870	11,990	
2026	9,319		2,588	11,907	
2027	9,715		2,285	12,000	
2028	10,013		1,957	11,970	
2029	10,310		1,606	11,916	
2030	10,706		1,246	11,952	
2031	11,103		849	11,952	
2032	11,549		433	 11,982	
	\$ 145,824	\$	45,660	\$ 191,484	

## 4. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

### E. Long-term liabilities (continued)

**Business-type Activities (continued):** 

## **Bonds Payable (continued)**

General Obligation, Series 2012A, issued June 22, 2012 debt service requirements to maturity for the Aquatic Center Fund are as follows:

Fiscal Year				
Ending June 30	 Principal	Interest	Total	
2017	\$ 140,000	\$ 85,906	\$	225,906
2018	145,000	78,906		223,906
2019	155,000	71,656		226,656
2020	160,000	68,556		228,556
2021	160,000	65,357		225,357
2022	165,000	61,756		226,756
2023	170,000	58,044		228,044
2024	175,000	53,794		228,794
2025	175,000	48,981		223,981
2026	185,000	43,731		228,731
2027	190,000	38,181		228,181
2028	195,000	32,482		227,482
2029	200,000	26,631		226,631
2030	205,000	20,382		225,382
2031	210,000	13,975		223,975
2032	 220,000	7,150		227,150
	\$ 2,850,000	\$ 775,488	\$	3,625,488

## 4. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

## E. Long-term liabilities (continued)

**Business-type Activities (continued):** 

## **Bonds Payable (continued)**

General Obligation, Series 2013A, issued October 21, 2013 debt service requirements to maturity for the Aquatic Center Fund are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30	Principal		Interest	Total	
	 •				
2017	\$ 50,000	\$	44,662	\$ 94,662	
2018	50,000		43,163	93,163	
2019	55,000		41,662	96,662	
2020	55,000		40,013	95,013	
2021	55,000		37,812	92,812	
2022	60,000		35,613	95,613	
2023	60,000		33,212	93,212	
2024	65,000		31,413	96,413	
2025	65,000		29,463	94,463	
2026	65,000		27,431	92,431	
2027	70,000		25,400	95,400	
2028	70,000		22,600	92,600	
2029	75,000		19,800	94,800	
2030	80,000		16,800	96,800	
2031	80,000		13,600	93,600	
2032	85,000		10,400	95,400	
2033	85,000		7,000	92,000	
2034	90,000		3,600	 93,600	
	 	·		 	
	\$ 1,215,000	\$	483,644	\$ 1,698,644	

## 4. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

### E. Long-term liabilities (continued)

**Business-type Activities (continued):** 

## **Bonds Payable (continued)**

General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2016B, issued June 03, 2016 debt service requirements to maturity for the Aquatic Center Fund are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30	Principal			Interest		Total		
2017	\$	0	\$	234,070	\$	234,070		
2018	Ψ	0	Ψ	314,423	Ψ	314,423		
2019		0		314,423		314,423		
2020		246,699		314,423		561,122		
2021		770,512		304,555		1,075,067		
2022		800,927		273,735		1,073,662		
2023		831,342		241,698		1,073,040		
2024		868,516		208,444		1,076,960		
2025		898,931		173,703		1,070,900		
2026				,				
		936,105		137,746		1,073,851		
2027		973,279		100,302		1,073,581		
2028		1,000,314		71,103		1,071,417		
2029		1,023,970		51,097		1,075,067		
2030		679,267		20,378		699,645		
	\$	9,029,862	\$	2,760,100	\$	11,789,962		

### 4. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

#### E. Long-term liabilities (continued)

Business-type Activities (continued):

#### **Bonds Payable (continued)**

Water and Sewer System Revenue and Tax Bonds, Series 2005, issued December 6, 2005, debt service requirements to maturity for the Water Fund are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30	F	Principal	lı	nterest	 Total
2017	\$	70,000	\$	2,100	\$ 72,100
	\$	70,000	\$	2,100	\$ 72,100

Water System Revenue and Tax Bonds, Series 2008, issued June 12, 2008 debt service requirements to maturity for the Water Fund are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30	F	Principal	 Interest	 Total
2017 2018	\$	85,000 90,000	\$ 7,000 3,600	\$ 92,000 93,600
	\$	175,000	\$ 10,600	\$ 185,600

Water Bonds, Series 2008 were issued through the Tennessee Municipal Bond Fund (TMBF) totaling \$9,698,196. These bonds funded the acquisition and installation of an automated meter reading and leak detection system. The debt service requirements to maturity for the Water Fund portion are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30		Principal	ı	nterest *		Total
Enailig danc 30		Tillopai		ntorost		Total
2017	\$	555,000	\$	74,342	\$	629,342
2018	•	555,000	•	67,988	Ť	622,988
2019		605,000		61,634		666,634
2020		630,000		54,707		684,707
2021		655,000		47,494		702,494
2022		655,000		39,994		694,994
2023		710,000		32,495		742,495
2024		735,000		24,366		759,366
2025		735,000		15,951		750,951
2026		658,196		7,536		665,732
	\$	6,493,196	\$	426,507	\$	6,919,703

Principal payments are made on an annual basis, while interest is paid monthly.

<sup>\*</sup> The interest rate on the TMBF Water Bonds is a variable monthly rate, based on the average daily rate for the period, plus a 0.15% administrator's fee. The annual interest expense requirements to maturity are estimated using the monthly interest amount and other monthly loan expenses, as of June 30, 2016, to calculate an estimated annual effective interest rate of 1.145%.

## 4. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

#### E. Long-term liabilities (continued)

Business-type Activities (continued):

### **Bonds Payable (continued)**

General Obligation Public Improvement Bonds, Series 2009D (BABS), issued December 08, 2009 debt service requirements to maturity for the Water Fund are as follows:

Fiscal Year					
Ending June 30	Principal		 Interest	 Total	
			 _	_	
2017	\$	199,857	\$ 165,350	\$ 365,207	
2018		205,217	157,608	362,825	
2019		204,452	148,376	352,828	
2020		210,578	139,178	349,756	
2021		217,469	129,442	346,911	
2022		222,829	119,116	341,945	
2023		229,721	108,256	337,977	
2024		238,910	96,774	335,684	
2025		238,910	84,832	323,742	
2026		245,801	72,591	318,392	
2027		254,225	59,691	313,916	
2028		262,648	46,030	308,678	
2029		272,602	31,261	303,863	
2030		283,323	 15,932	 299,255	
	\$	3,286,542	\$ 1,374,437	\$ 4,660,979	

GOBPI, Series 2009D Build America Bonds (BABS) carry an interest rate from 2.000% to 5.625%. During fiscal year 2016, the Water Fund paid \$116,513 while the Federal government paid \$56,182 in interest, respectively.

General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2010, issued April 19, 2010 debt service requirements to maturity for the Water Fund are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30	 Principal	lı	nterest	 Total
2017	\$ 230,000	\$	6,900	\$ 236,900
	\$ 230,000	\$	6,900	\$ 236,900

## 4. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

### E. Long-term liabilities (continued)

**Business-type Activities (continued):** 

### **Bonds Payable (continued)**

General Obligation Public Improvement Bonds, Series 2011, issued December 16, 2011 debt service requirements to maturity for the Water Fund are as follows:

Fiscal Year				
Ending June 30	Principal	 Interest	 Total	
2017	\$ 110,705	\$ 70,579	\$ 181,284	
2018	114,470	68,365	182,835	
2019	115,977	66,075	182,052	
2020	118,236	63,756	181,992	
2021	121,248	60,209	181,457	
2022	126,520	55,359	181,879	
2023	130,285	51,563	181,848	
2024	134,804	47,655	182,459	
2025	138,570	43,611	182,181	
2026	141,582	39,315	180,897	
2027	147,607	34,713	182,320	
2028	152,125	29,732	181,857	
2029	156,644	24,407	181,051	
2030	162,669	18,925	181,594	
2031	168,693	12,906	181,599	
2032	 175,471	 6,580	 182,051	
	\$ 2,215,606	\$ 693,750	\$ 2,909,356	

General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2012B, issued June 22, 2012 debt service requirements to maturity for the Water Fund are as follows:

Fiscal Year							
Ending June 30	Principal			Interest		Total	
2017	\$	240,199	\$	17,808	\$	258,007	
2018		249,783	·	10,602	·	260,385	
2019		103,627		3,109		106,736	
	\$	593,609	\$	31,519	\$	625,128	

## 4. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

### E. Long-term liabilities (continued)

**Business-type Activities (continued):** 

### **Bonds Payable (continued)**

General Obligation Public Improvement Bonds, Series 2012C, issued June 22, 2012 debt service requirements to maturity for the Water Fund are as follows:

Fiscal Year						
Ending June 30	Principal		Interest		Total	
	_		_		_	
2017	\$	53,737	\$	33,055	\$	86,792
2018		54,590		31,443		86,033
2019		56,296		29,259		85,555
2020		58,855		27,570		86,425
2021		60,561		26,246		86,807
2022		62,267		24,429		86,696
2023		63,973		22,561		86,534
2024		65,679		20,642		86,321
2025		68,238		18,671		86,909
2026		69,943		16,624		86,567
2027		71,649		14,526		86,175
2028		74,208		12,377		86,585
2029		75,914		10,150		86,064
2030		78,473		7,873		86,346
2031		80,179		5,322		85,501
2032		83,591		2,717		86,308
	\$	1,078,153	\$	303,465	\$	1,381,618

General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2013, issued February 08, 2013 debt service requirements to maturity for the Water Fund are as follows:

Fiscal Year					
Ending June 30	 Principal	 Interest		Total	
2017	\$ 170,000	\$ 21,712	\$	191,712	
2018	140,000	14,913		154,913	
2019	85,000	9,312		94,312	
2020	80,000	6,763		86,763	
2021	85,000	4,362		89,362	
2022	10,000	1,813		11,813	
2023	10,000	1,412		11,412	
2024	10,000	1,113		11,113	
2025	10,000	812		10,812	
2026	10,000	563		10,563	
2027	10,000	300		10,300	
	\$ 620,000	\$ 63,075	\$	683,075	

## 4. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

## E. Long-term liabilities (continued)

**Business-type Activities (continued):** 

## **Bonds Payable (continued)**

General Obligation Public Improvement Bonds, Series 2013B, issued October 21, 2013 debt service requirements to maturity for the Water Fund are as follows:

Fiscal Year				
Ending June 30	Principal	Interest		 Total
				_
2017	\$ 163,458	\$	161,362	\$ 324,820
2018	172,754		153,189	325,943
2019	175,078		149,734	324,812
2020	180,501		144,481	324,982
2021	189,798		135,456	325,254
2022	195,995		129,762	325,757
2023	203,742		121,922	325,664
2024	213,813		111,735	325,548
2025	202,967		101,045	304,012
2026	211,489		92,672	304,161
2027	220,010		83,684	303,694
2028	230,081		74,334	304,415
2029	239,377		65,130	304,507
2030	249,448		54,957	304,405
2031	259,519		44,355	303,874
2032	270,364		33,975	304,339
2033	280,435		23,160	303,595
2034	 291,281		11,942	 303,223
	\$ 3,950,110	\$	1,692,895	\$ 5,643,005

## 4. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

## E. Long-term liabilities (continued)

**Business-type Activities (continued):** 

## **Bonds Payable (continued)**

General Obligation Public Improvement Bonds, Series 2014B, issued October 31, 2014 debt service requirements to maturity for the Water Fund are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30	Principal		Interest		Total	
2017	\$	113,976	\$ 71,805	\$	185,781	
2018		115,438	69,511		184,949	
2019		118,360	67,173		185,533	
2020		121,283	64,170		185,453	
2021		124,205	61,109		185,314	
2022		125,666	58,610		184,276	
2023		130,050	56,053		186,103	
2024		131,511	53,437		184,948	
2025		135,895	50,084		185,979	
2026		140,279	45,941		186,220	
2027		144,662	41,667		186,329	
2028		149,046	37,262		186,308	
2029		153,430	32,724		186,154	
2030		156,352	28,078		184,430	
2031		160,736	23,321		184,057	
2032		166,581	18,412		184,993	
2033		170,965	13,348		184,313	
2034		176,810	8,132		184,942	
2035		182,654	2,740		185,394	
_000	_	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	 ·			
	\$	2,717,899	\$ 803,577	\$	3,521,476	

## 4. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

### E. Long-term liabilities (continued)

**Business-type Activities (continued):** 

## **Bonds Payable (continued)**

General Obligation Refunding & Improvement Bonds, Series 2015A, issued October 27, 2015 debt service requirements to maturity for the Water Fund are as follows:

Fiscal Year							
Ending June 30		Principal		Interest		Total	
2017	\$	64,117	\$	63,484	\$	127,601	
2018		64,854		62,201		127,055	
2019		238,782		60,904		299,686	
2020		222,568		58,516		281,084	
2021		231,412		49,614		281,026	
2022		235,834		44,985		280,819	
2023		80,331		35,552		115,883	
2024		69,276		33,142		102,418	
2025		71,487		31,064		102,551	
2026		73,698		28,919		102,617	
2027		76,646		26,708		103,354	
2028		78,857		24,409		103,266	
2029		81,068		22,043		103,111	
2030		83,279		19,611		102,890	
2031		85,490		17,113		102,603	
2032		88,438		14,548		102,986	
2033		90,649		11,895		102,544	
2034		93,597		9,175		102,772	
2035		96,545		6,250		102,795	
2036		99,491		3,234		102,725	
	_		_		_		
	\$	2,226,419	\$	623,367	\$	2,849,786	

## 4. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

### E. Long-term liabilities (continued)

**Business-type Activities (continued):** 

#### **Bonds Payable (continued)**

Water and Sewer System Revenue and Tax Bonds, Series 2005, issued December 6, 2005, debt service requirements to maturity for the Sewer Fund are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30	 Principal	lı	nterest	Total
2017	\$ 305,000	\$	9,150	\$ 314,150
	\$ 305,000	\$	9,150	\$ 314,150

General Obligation Public Improvement Bonds, Series 2009D (BABS), issued December 08, 2009 debt service requirements to maturity for the Sewer Fund are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2017	\$ 299,786	\$ 248,079	\$ 547,865
2018	307,826	236,463	544,289
2019	306,678	222,612	529,290
2020	315,866	208,813	524,679
2021	326,204	194,206	520,410
2022	334,244	178,712	512,956
2023	344,582	162,420	507,002
2024	358,365	145,192	503,557
2025	358,365	127,275	485,640
2026	368,702	108,911	477,613
2027	381,337	89,556	470,893
2028	393,972	69,061	463,033
2029	408,903	46,902	455,805
2030	424,984	23,903	448,887
	\$ 4,929,814	\$ 2,062,105	\$ 6,991,919

GOBPI, Series 2009D Build America Bonds (BABS) carry an interest rate from 2.000% to 5.625%. During fiscal year 2016, the Sewer Fund paid \$174,769 while the Federal government paid \$84,273 in interest, respectively.

## 4. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

### E. Long-term liabilities (continued)

**Business-type Activities (continued):** 

### **Bonds Payable (continued)**

General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2010, issued April 19, 2010 debt service requirements to maturity for the Sewer Fund are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30	Principal		 Interest	Total		
2017	\$	445,000	\$ 13,350	\$	458,350	
	\$	445,000	\$ 13,350	\$	458,350	

General Obligation Public Improvement Bonds, Series 2011, issued December 16, 2011 debt service requirements to maturity for the Sewer Fund are as follows:

Fiscal Year					
Ending June 30	 Principal	Interest		Total	
2017	\$ 109,786	\$ 69,993	\$	179,779	
2018	113,520	67,798		181,318	
2019	115,014	65,527		180,541	
2020	117,255	63,227		180,482	
2021	120,242	59,709		179,951	
2022	125,470	54,899		180,369	
2023	129,204	51,135		180,339	
2024	133,685	47,259		180,944	
2025	137,420	43,249		180,669	
2026	140,407	38,989		179,396	
2027	146,382	34,425		180,807	
2028	150,863	29,485		180,348	
2029	155,344	24,205		179,549	
2030	161,319	18,768		180,087	
2031	167,293	12,799		180,092	
2032	 174,015	6,526		180,541	
			-		
	\$ 2,197,219	\$ 687,993	\$	2,885,212	

## 4. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

### E. Long-term liabilities (continued)

**Business-type Activities (continued):** 

### **Bonds Payable (continued)**

General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2012B, issued June 22, 2012 debt service requirements to maturity for the Sewer Fund are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30	Principal		Interest		 Total	
2017 2018	\$	888,415 923,864	\$	65,867 39,214	\$ 954,282 963,078	
2019	\$	383,282 2,195,561	\$	11,499 116,580	\$ 394,781 2,312,141	

General Obligation Public Improvement Bonds, Series 2012C, issued June 22, 2012 debt service requirements to maturity for the Sewer Fund are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30	Principal		Interest		Total	
2017	\$	76,127	\$	46,827	\$	122,954
2018	Ψ	77,336	Ψ	44,544	Ψ	121,880
2019		79,753		41,450		121,203
2020		83,378		39,058		121,203
		,		•		,
2021		85,794		37,182		122,976
2022		88,211		34,608		122,819
2023		90,628		31,961		122,589
2024		93,045		29,243		122,288
2025		96,670		26,451		123,121
2026		99,087		23,551		122,638
2027		101,503		20,579		122,082
2028		105,128		17,533		122,661
2029		107,545		14,380		121,925
2030		111,170		11,153		122,323
2031		113,587		7,540		121,127
2032		118,421		3,849		122,270
	\$	1,527,383	\$	429,909	\$	1,957,292

# 4. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

## E. Long-term liabilities (continued)

**Business-type Activities (continued):** 

### **Bonds Payable (continued)**

General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2013, issued February 08, 2013 debt service requirements to maturity for the Sewer Fund are as follows:

Fiscal Year						
Ending June 30	Principal		Interest		Total	
2017	\$ 1,330,000	\$	602,731	\$	1,932,731	
2018	1,635,000		549,531		2,184,531	
2019	1,350,000		484,131		1,834,131	
2020	1,375,000		443,631		1,818,631	
2021	1,410,000		402,382		1,812,382	
2022	1,085,000		360,081		1,445,081	
2023	1,125,000	316,681		1,441,681		
2024	1,155,000		282,931		1,437,931	
2025	1,185,000		248,282		1,433,282	
2026	1,215,000		218,656		1,433,656	
2027	1,240,000		186,763		1,426,763	
2028	1,195,000		149,563		1,344,563	
2029	1,230,000		116,700		1,346,700	
2030	1,265,000		79,800		1,344,800	
2031	1,230,000		41,850		1,271,850	
2032	165,000		4,950		169,950	
	\$ 19,190,000	\$	4,488,663	\$	23,678,663	

## 4. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

## E. Long-term liabilities (continued)

**Business-type Activities (continued):** 

### **Bonds Payable (continued)**

General Obligation Public Improvement Bonds, Series 2013B, issued October 21, 2013 debt service requirements to maturity for the Sewer Fund are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30	Principal	Interest		Total	
Enaing saile so	 Ппстраг	 IIICICS		Total	
2017	\$ 366,278	\$ 361,579	\$	727,857	
2018	387,108	343,266		730,374	
2019	392,316	335,523		727,839	
2020	404,468	323,754		728,222	
2021	425,299	303,530		728,829	
2022	439,186	290,772		729,958	
2023	456,545	273,204		729,749	
2024	479,112	250,377		729,489	
2025	454,809	226,421		681,230	
2026	473,904	207,660		681,564	
2027	492,999	187,519		680,518	
2028	515,566	166,567		682,133	
2029	536,397	145,944		682,341	
2030	558,964	123,147		682,111	
2031	581,531	99,392		680,923	
2032	605,833	76,130		681,963	
2033	628,400	51,897		680,297	
2034	 652,703	 26,761	_	679,464	
	\$ 8,851,418	\$ 3,793,443	\$	12,644,861	

## 4. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

### E. Long-term liabilities (continued)

**Business-type Activities (continued):** 

## **Bonds Payable (continued)**

General Obligation Public Improvement Bonds, Series 2014B, issued October 31, 2014 debt service requirements to maturity for the Sewer Fund are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30	Principal		Interest		Total	
2017	\$	276,024	\$	173,895	\$ 449,919	
2018		279,562		168,339	447,901	
2019		286,640		162,677	449,317	
2020		293,717		155,405	449,122	
2021		300,795		147,991	448,786	
2022		304,334		141,940	446,274	
2023		314,950		135,747	450,697	
2024		318,489		129,413	447,902	
2025		329,105		121,291	450,396	
2026		339,721		111,259	450,980	
2027		350,338		100,908	451,246	
2028		360,954		90,238	451,192	
2029		371,570		79,251	450,821	
2030		378,648		67,997	446,645	
2031		389,264		56,479	445,743	
2032		403,419		44,588	448,007	
2033		414,035		32,327	446,362	
2034		428,190		19,693	447,883	
2035		442,346		6,635	448,981	
	\$	6,582,101	\$	1,946,073	\$ 8,528,174	

## 4. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

### E. Long-term liabilities (continued)

**Business-type Activities (continued):** 

## **Bonds Payable (continued)**

General Obligation Refunding & Improvement Bonds, Series 2015A, issued October 27, 2015 debt service requirements to maturity for the Sewer Fund are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30	Principal	Interest		Total
2017	\$ 138,921	\$ 137,547	\$	276,468
2018	140,517	134,769		275,286
2019	517,359	131,958		649,317
2020	482,230	126,785		609,015
2021	501,391	107,496		608,887
2022	510,972	97,468		608,440
2023	174,050	77,029		251,079
2024	150,098	71,807		221,905
2025	154,888	67,305		222,193
2026	159,679	62,658		222,337
2027	166,066	57,868		223,934
2028	170,856	52,886		223,742
2029	175,647	47,760		223,407
2030	180,437	42,490		222,927
2031	185,227	37,077		222,304
2032	191,615	31,521		223,136
2033	196,405	25,772		222,177
2034	202,792	19,880		222,672
2035	209,179	13,543		222,722
2036	 215,566	 7,006	222,572	
	\$ 4,823,895	\$ 1,350,625	\$	6,174,520

## 4. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

### E. Long-term liabilities (continued)

**Business-type Activities (continued):** 

## **Bonds Payable (continued)**

Total annual debt service requirements for general obligation and revenue bonds related to Business-type Activities is as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30	Principal	Interest		Total
Litaling surie so	 ТППСТРАТ	 IIICICSI		Total
2017	\$ 8,389,084	\$ 3,494,429	\$	11,883,513
2018	7,665,775	3,392,950		11,058,725
2019	7,245,167	3,144,421		10,389,588
2020	7,130,431	2,938,163		10,068,594
2021	7,145,570	2,684,769		9,830,339
Next Five Years	33,779,190	9,964,940		43,744,130
Next Five Years	29,242,220	4,255,100		33,497,320
Next Five Years	 8,584,423	 612,831		9,197,254
			· <del></del>	
	\$ 109,181,860	\$ 30,487,603	\$	139,669,463

The total on the statement of net position has been adjusted by net premiums and discounts of \$6,174,646.

# 4. <u>DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)</u>

# E. Long-term liabilities (continued)

## **Changes in Long-Term Liabilities**

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2016, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Transfers	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due within One Year
Governmental activities:	Dalarice	Hansiers	Additions	Reductions	Litaling Dalarice	One real
General Obligation Debt Plus: Net Premiums and discounts	\$ 112,003,505 6,177,718	\$(1,362,955) (116,897)	\$ 19,313,751 1,802,565	\$ (22,395,964) (597,707)	\$ 107,558,337 7,265,679	\$ 7,137,916 0
Total Bonds Payable	118,181,223	(1,479,852)	21,116,316	(22,993,671)	114,824,016	7,137,916
Interlocal Cooperative						
Agreement	240,000	0	0	(120,000)	120,000	120,000
Notes Payable-State	2,800,933	0	0	(400,933)	2,400,000	400,933
School Energy Efficiency Note	3,962,728	0	0	(411,449)	3,551,279	414,536
Hud 108 Note	684,000	0	0	(43,000)	641,000	43,000
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 125,868,884	\$(1,479,852)	\$ 21,116,316	\$ (23,969,053)	\$ 121,536,295	\$ 8,116,385
Business-type activities:						
General Obligation Debt	\$ 94,861,692	\$ 1,362,955	\$ 25,731,249	\$ (16,129,036)	\$ 105,826,860	\$ 6,569,084
Local Option Sales Tax						
Revenue and Tax Bonds Water and Sewer Revenue	12,105,000	0	0	(9,975,000)	2,130,000	685,000
and Tax Bonds	2,915,000	0	0	(1,690,000)	1,225,000	1,135,000
Plus: Net Premiums and discounts	4,121,873	116,897	2,655,564	(719,688)	6,174,646	0
T. 15 1 5 11	444,000,505	4 470 050	00 000 040	(00.540.704)	445.050.500	0.000.004
Total Bonds Payable	114,003,565	1,479,852	28,386,813	(28,513,724)	115,356,506	8,389,084
State Revolving Note	0	0	3,894,310	0	3,894,310	0
Total Business-type Activities	\$ 114,003,565	\$ 1,479,852	\$ 32,281,123	\$ (28,513,724)	\$ 119,250,816	\$ 8,389,084

#### 4. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

#### E. Long-term liabilities (continued)

### Discretely presented component units

#### **Industrial Development Board (IDBK)**

The IDBK, a discretely presented component unit of the City, reports the following long-term liabilities at June 30, 2016.

In August 2011, a bank loan known as the C & F Loan, was issued in the amount of \$3,500,000, with a 20 year maturity. The annual rate of interest is 4.68% and currently only accrued interest is being paid on a monthly basis. At June 30, 2016, the outstanding principal balance on the loan was \$3,090,304.

In October 2012, a bank loan known as the Bray Property Loan, was issued in the amount of \$1,785,000, with a 5 year maturity. The annual rate of interest is 2.9% and currently only accrued interest is being paid on the loan. At June 30, 2016, the outstanding principal balance on the loan was \$1,785,000.

In December 2013, a bank line of credit loan known as the General Shale Property Loan was established in the amount of \$4,000,000, with a 7 year maturity. The annual rate of interest is 3% and currently only accrued interest is being paid on the loan draw amount on a semi-annual basis. At June 30, 2016, the outstanding principal balance on the loan was \$2,979,288.

In May 2014, a bank loan known as the Heritage Glass Property Loan, was issued in the amount of \$2,600,000, with a 16 year maturity. The annual rate of interest is 3.95%, compounded monthly. The loan draw amount was subsequently, increased up to a maximum of \$2,675,000, with an extended maturity date of 20 years. At June 30, 2016, the outstanding principal balance on the loan was \$2,675,000. Payment of principal will begin in July 2016.

On May 15, 2015, the IDBK closed on a loan totaling \$6,540,000 in order to purchase approximately 33.75 acres and to construct an industrial building for lease to Pure Foods, Inc. Interest on the loan will accrue on the outstanding principal balance during the period May 15, 2015 through November 14, 2017, at a rate per annum equal to the LIBOR Rate plus ninety-nine basis points (.99). During the period November 15, 2017 through the maturity date of May 15, 2025, interest will accrue under the Loan at a fixed rate of 3.89% per annum. At June 30, 2016, the principal balance outstanding on the loan was \$5,316,679. The IDBK began paying interest on the loan on a monthly basis beginning in April 2016.

### **Emergency Communications District (ECD)**

The ECD, a discretely presented component unit of the City, reports no long-term liabilities at June 30, 2016.

#### 4. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

#### F. Closure and post closure costs

The City currently operates a demolition landfill located on Brookside Drive which was permitted by the State of Tennessee in 1986 with an estimated useful life of 60 years. At June 30, 2016, the estimated remaining useful life is 30 years. Upon closure, the City is required to continue a period of monitoring and conduct any necessary post-closure activities in compliance with applicable state and federal laws.

In June, 1996, the City entered into a *Contract in Lieu of Performance Bond* with the State of Tennessee Department of Environment and Conservation to provide financial assurance in the amount of \$1,390,095, for proper operation, closure and/or post-closure activities related to the City's demolition landfill. This financial assurance pledges any revenue due to the City from the State of Tennessee as collateral to fund estimated costs associated with the proper operation and closure, and/or post closure of the Kingsport Demolition Landfill.

This agreement is subsequently amended on an annual basis by the State of Tennessee Department of Environment and Conservation for inflation. The year 2015 financial assurance amount of, \$1,986,116, was adjusted for inflation by 1.20%, resulting in an amended amount of \$2,009,950 at June 30, 2016.

The City's actual closure costs for the 30-year period through June 30, 2016 exceeded the liability amount by \$287,902. The City has recorded this \$287,902 in pre-paid landfill closing costs as of June 30, 2016, which will be offset as future closure costs are accrued.

	Ending June 30, 2016	Ending June 30, 2015	Ending June 30, 2014	Ending June 30, 2013	Ending June 30, 2012	
Landfill closure costs paid	\$ 1,384,655	\$ 1,384,655	\$ 1,384,655	\$ 1,349,663	\$ 1,210,795	
Landfill closure costs accrued	1,096,753	1,042,480	981,726	922,385	856,017	
Pre-paid landfill closure costs	\$ 287,902	\$ 342,175	\$ 402,929	\$ 427,278	\$ 354,778	

#### 5. OTHER INFORMATION

#### A. Risk management

The City carries insurance coverage through the Tennessee Municipal League (TML) Risk Management Pool for general liability, automobile, and errors and omissions coverage. Although TML is a risk management pool and the policy contains an assessment clause, no assessment has been levied during the time the City has participated in this program.

The City's workers' compensation coverage is self-funded and administered by Tri-State Claims Service. The City carries a specific excess workers' compensation reinsurance agreement through Safety National Casualty Corporation.

An actuarial study for workers compensation and public liability was conducted for the period ended June 30, 2016. The estimated reserve requirements were as follows:

#### **ESTIMATED REQUIRED RESERVES**

	Low	Expected	<u>High</u>
Workers Compensation *	\$ 2,030,054	\$ 2,255,616	\$ 2,481,177
Public Liability *	812,958	903,287	993,616

<sup>\*</sup> Calculation utilizes U.S. Treasury yields as of June 30, 2016

Liabilities have been accrued to reflect the discounted expected claims of \$2,255,616 for workers compensation and \$903,287 for public liability, at June 30, 2016. The Insurance Reserve Fund has total assets of \$6,139,559 at June 30, 2016. Estimated claims are budgeted and charged to the various departments on an annual basis.

A reconciliation of workers' compensation claims for the past five years is as follows:

	Year Ended June 30. 2016	Year Ended June 30, 2015	Year Ended June 30. 2014	Year Ended June 30, 2013	Year Ended June 30, 2012
	<u>Julie 30, 2010</u>	<u> </u>	<u> 30116 30, 2014</u>	<u>Julie 30, 2013</u>	<u>Julie 30, 2012</u>
Claims Accrued, Beginning	\$ 2,111,500	\$ 2,211,677	\$ 2,557,398	\$ 2,380,000	\$ 2,320,000
Claims Incurred	688,740	380,022	425,333	1,146,686	1,245,507
Claims Paid	(544,624)	(480,199)	(771,054)	(969,288)	(1,185,507)
Claims Accrued, Ending	\$ 2,255,616	\$ 2,111,500	\$ 2,211,677	\$ 2,557,398	\$ 2,380,000

The City's estimate of claims accrued at year end is based on actuarial reports using the discounted expected claims liability.

### 5. OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

#### A. Risk management (continued)

A reconciliation of public liability claims for the past five years is as follows:

	Year Ended	Year Ended Year Ended	Year Ended	Year Ended
	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2015 June 30, 2014	June 30, 2013	<u>June 30, 2012</u>
Claims Accrued, Beginning	\$ 1,186,835	\$ 1,111,388 \$ 1,067,117	\$ 1,000,000	\$ 980,000
Claims Incurred	127,873	358,040 256,711	265,775	340,878
Claims Paid	(411,421)	(282,593) (212,440)	(198,658)	(320,878)
Claims Accrued, Ending	\$ 903,287	\$ 1,186,835 \$ 1,111,388	\$ 1,067,117	\$ 1,000,000

The City's estimate of claims accrued at year end is based on actuarial reports using the discounted expected claims liability.

The City carries additional coverage for public officials and other employees through Liberty Mutual, Travelers and Western Surety insurance companies and property insurance through Travelers, EMC, Great American, and Hartford insurance companies. There has been no significant reduction in insurance coverage from the prior year, and the City has not had any settlements in the last five years, which were not covered by insurance.

Health insurance for the City and Kingsport City Schools employees is provided through a self- funded health insurance program. The City's program is currently administered by Humana, Inc., and the Kingsport City Schools' program is currently administered through Meritain Health, Inc. Premiums are evaluated annually based on historical expenditures and expected cost increase trends. Premium equivalents for participation in the self-funded programs are established annually based on quotations from the third-party administrator for projected expenses. The City and Kingsport City Schools both carry stop-loss insurance.

#### 5. OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

### B. Contingencies

#### **Primary government**

The City, like other similar bodies, is subject to a variety of legal suits and proceedings arising in the ordinary conduct of its affairs. After reviewing the status of all pending and threatened litigation at June 30, 2016 except as specifically described below, the City Attorney believes that, while the outcome of any litigation cannot be predicted, the final settlement of all lawsuits that have been filed and of any actions or claims presently pending or threatened against the City or its officials in such capacity, are adequately covered by insurance or by sovereign immunity or will not have an adverse effect upon the City's financial condition.

The City hires an independent arbitrage compliance firm to calculate arbitrage rebates due the IRS, for each applicable debt issue's reporting computation period. The City has recorded an estimated arbitrage rebate liability in the water and sewer funds. At June 30, 2016, the water fund and sewer fund had arbitrage rebate liabilities recorded of \$40,037 and \$97,473, respectively. These arbitrage rebate liabilities are not directly related to any bond issue, however are recorded in anticipation of future liabilities.

The City has entered into several construction contracts in the various funds, which were not completed at year-end. To account for these commitments, the City reserves a portion of fund balance in the appropriate governmental fund. In the proprietary funds, the City internally designates a portion of net position.

The City is dependent upon financial resources flowing from, or associated with, both the Federal Government and the State of Tennessee. Due to this dependency, the City is subject to changes in specific flows of intergovernmental revenues based on modifications to Federal and State laws and appropriations. This includes long-term debt related interest subsidies provided by the Federal Government that may be reduced through sequestrations.

The Sullivan County Economic Development Partnership (SCEDP), (also known as NETWORKS), acquired considerable acreage near Tri-Cities Regional Airport for the purpose of establishing an industrial park. The related debt liabilities for SCEDP are reflected in the financial statements of Sullivan County, Tennessee government. In April 2005, \$1,995,000 in capital outlay notes was issued, of which, the City is contingently liable for 31%. In July 2007, \$6,500,000 in industrial park revenue bonds was issued, of which the City is contingently liable for 31%. In March 2015, \$6,265,000 in industrial park refunding bonds was issued, of which, the City is contingently liable for 31%. The capital outlay notes and the bonds are secured by the assignment of revenue derived from property sales in the industrial park. The SCEDP is responsible for making the bond payments, funded primarily from the sale of land in the industrial park. In the event that SCEDP is financially unable to repay these debt issues, the City is responsible for a 31% portion of the debt. During fiscal year 2016, total revenue from property sales in the industrial park was \$439,994 with \$136,398 representing the City's 31% proportionate share of the proceeds. This amount was not sufficient for the SCEDP to make the total amount of the annual debt service payments at their time of maturity. Therefore, the City recorded an expenditure of \$181,871 for the repayment of the associated debt principal and interest. As of June 30, 2016, a total of \$6,555,000 of principal debt was outstanding, with \$2,032,050 representing the City's 31% contingent share.

Sullivan County, Tennessee and The Sullivan County Board of Education as Plaintiffs ("Plaintiffs") filed Civil Action No. K0039409(c) on May 5, 2014 against the City as Defendant in the Chancery Court for Sullivan County, Tennessee. The lawsuit concerns the interpretation and application of Tennessee Code Annotated Section 57-4-306, which requires that a portion of the proceeds from the liquor by the drink tax paid to the City by the State "be expended and distributed in the same manner as the county property tax for schools is expended and distributed. Plaintiffs allege they are due unpaid liquor by the drink taxes from the City for the period from 1980 to 2014 and have demanded \$1,340,037 or the full amount of the unremitted tax revenues plus pre-judgment interest. The City denies any liability. The Tennessee Attorney General opined in 1980 that the statute in question does not apply to counties that have not authorized liquor by the drink, followed by an opinion in 1981 indicating the statute does not apply to municipalities that operate their own school system. Sullivan County has not authorized liquor by the drink and the City operates its own school system. Similar lawsuits have been filed against several municipalities in Tennessee. In 2014 the Tennessee legislature enacted legislation permitting the settlement of such lawsuits by counties and

#### 5. OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

#### B. Contingencies (continued)

#### **Primary government (continued)**

municipalities on mutual agreeable terms. In February 2016, the Sullivan County Chancery Court dismissed the suit in favor of the City, however Sullivan County voted to appeal the ruling. In an answer to the dismissal, a "motion to alter or amend" was filed by the Sullivan County Attorney in September 2016, with the Court again ruling in favor of the City. A subsequent appeal has been filed by Sullivan County to the Tennessee Eastern Division Court of Appeals. At this time, it is impossible to predict the outcome of this litigation.

On February 17, 2015, a complaint was filed which was captioned, Travis Scott Dishner v. City of Kingsport, et al. In addition to the City, various police officers are named as defendants. The case, filed in the United States District Court for the Eastern District of Tennessee as case number C2:15-cv-0047-JRG-DHI, alleges violation of the civil rights of the plaintiff, assault and battery, and outrageous conduct and infliction of emotional distress during an altercation with police at a drug "sting." The City has filed an answer denying any liability and it will vigorously defend itself and its officers. The complaint seeks \$1,000,000.00 in compensatory damages and \$500,000 in punitive damages. The case is in the discovery phase. It is impossible to predict the outcome of this litigation at this time.

On September 18, 2015, a lawsuit was filed which was captioned, Honaker, Judy on behalf of deceased spouse, Benjamin McDowell Honaker v. City, Safis and Glover. The case alleges a civil rights violation and gross neglect against the City and two police officers when the deceased was arrested on September 19, 2014 for DUI, and died while incarcerated in the City jail on September 20, 2014. The lawsuit includes a request for prayer for relief of \$1,000,000.00. The case is in the discovery phase. The City is prepared to vigorously, defend its actions in this matter. It is impossible to predict the outcome of this litigation at this time.

The City has coverage through the Tennessee Municipal League Risk Management Pool for compensatory damages for civil rights claims up to \$5,000,000. Ultimately, the City pays for this coverage, as it is self-insured through this risk pool. This coverage for its employees is for damages arising out of the performance of official duties. The charter of the City provides the following pertaining to coverage for its employees:

Whenever any elected official or employee of the City of Kingsport shall be sued for damages arising out of the performance of his official duties and while engaged in the course of his employment or discharge or attempted discharge of his official duties in his employment, the City of Kingsport shall be authorized and required to provide defense counsel for such elected official or employee in such suit and to indemnify him from any judgment rendered against him in such suit; provided, however, that such indemnity shall not extend to any judgment for punitive damages or for damages arising out of any willful wrongdoing by said elected official or employee and provided, further, that such municipal corporation or other political subdivision shall have notice of such suit.

The City of Kingsport is authorized to contract at governmental expense for policies of liability insurance to protect elected officials and employees in the course of their employment.

There is no coverage for punitive damages or intentional torts. Generally, the City has governmental immunity from intentional torts. For certain types of actions, immunity is waived, including certain negligent acts of its employees. The amount of damages that are recoverable are limited as set out in the Tennessee Governmental Tort Liability Act. The limits are \$300,000 for bodily injury or death of any one (1) person in any one (1) accident, occurrence, or act, and \$100,000 for injury or destruction of property of others in any one (1) accident, occurrence, or act.

#### 5. OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

#### **B.** Contingencies (continued)

#### Component Unit - Industrial Development Board

In July 2011 the Industrial Development Board of the City of Kingsport (IDBK) entered into a loan agreement with a local bank in the amount of \$3,500,000. The loan was used to purchase an industrial use facility near the Tri-Cities Regional Airport. In turn, the property was leased to C&F Manufacturing. In the event the manufacturing company fails to make lease payments, IDBK is required to fund the loan payments from other resources. The City and Sullivan County entered into agreements to support this project and share in a contingent liability, should the IDBK default on the loan. On October 7, 2014 the IDBK terminated the lease with C & F Manufacturing. Under the terms of their respective funding agreements, the City and the County each will pay to IDBK 50.0% of the amount necessary to make the debt service payments required under the terms of the loan agreement. In fiscal year 2016, the City's recorded an expenditure of \$74,845 to the IDBK for payment of the debt service on the loan. Future obligations may be as much as \$136,000 annually for up to 16 years. At June 30, 2016, the balance on the loan is \$3,090,304. The IDBK is in the process of marketing the property. Proceeds from the sale or lease of the facility, in excess of the amount needed to satisfy the outstanding principal balance and accrued interest of the loan, will be used to repay the City and the County for any amounts paid pursuant to the funding agreements.

In September 2012, the IDBK purchased real property located on West Sullivan Street and Clinchfield Streets within the City, known as the Bray Property. The purpose of this purchase is for future economic development, which will involve a significant quantity of residential housing units being constructed in the downtown area of the City. The IDBK purchased the property with proceeds from a \$1,785,000 loan, to be repaid in five years with an interest rate of 2.9%. The net rental income derived from existing leases and rental agreements currently on the property is sufficient to pay accrued interest on the loan and IDBK will use such income to service the loan. As portions of the property are sold, IDBK will use the proceeds from the sales to reduce the principal balance outstanding on the loan. In the event net rental income from leases and rental agreements on the property, and the sale of part or all of the property, is not sufficient to cover the annual interest portion of the debt service on the loan, the City has approved an agreement with the IDBK to provide an annual contribution to the IDBK in an amount up to the required annual debt service interest on the loan, which is \$52,587. A contingent liability exists should the IDBK default on the loan.

On December 6, 2012, the IDBK entered into an agreement with a developer, Stewart Taylor, for the purpose of developing property known as the Heritage Point Property to attract an extraordinary retail facility to locate on the property. The property is part of a 400 acre area located within the City's Border Region Retail Tourism Development District. The terms of the agreement grant the IDBK the exclusive right and option to purchase a specific section of the property for an option price of \$1 and a purchase price for the property of \$5.950,000. Upon receiving a firm written commitment from a "trigger tenant" retailer, the IDBK shall exercise its option to purchase the property contingent on the developer performing and advancing the funds necessary to prepare the property for development. The IDBK would then issue in the form of a bond or note to the developer, the purchase price and site development costs, payable within 4 years from the date of conveyance of the property at an interest rate of 4% per annum. The purchase price, site development costs, and interest shall be paid from the State sales and use tax incremental proceeds generated by the "trigger tenant" and any other retail facilities located within the district, and distributed to the City. The maximum site preparation costs for the entire Heritage Point Property development, payable to the developer by the IDBK, shall not exceed \$24,873,207, nor shall the IDBK be obligated to repay the developer for site preparation costs in the event the incremental increase in State sales and use tax proceeds distributed to the City, are not sufficient for this purpose. The City, by resolution number 2013-095 dated December 7, 2012, delegated the IDBK the statutory authority to carry out the project in the Border Region Retail Tourism Development District.

#### 5. OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

#### B. Contingencies (continued)

#### Component Unit - Industrial Development Board (continued)

On December 27, 2013, The IDBK borrowed \$4,000,000 at an interest rate of 3.0%, with an even year term in order to purchase and develop certain property known as the General Shale Property. Consisting of approximately 98 acres, this property will be used to provide for future economic development opportunities and construct the City's Brickyard Park. By resolution adopted on December 17, 2013, the City and IDBK entered into an agreement wherein proceeds from the sale of all or any portion of the property would be applied toward the retirement of the principal loan balance. To support IDBK's acquisition of the property and to assure its ability to pay the loan, the City also agreed to make certain semi-annual contributions up to \$60,000 each to the IDBK as economic development contributions for a period up to seven years, beginning in fiscal year 2014. The first such semi- annual contribution was made on or before June 1, 2014. Subsequent contributions will be made, on or before each December 1 and June 1, through December 1, 2020. IDBK agreed to use such contributions to pay interest payments due on the loan in the event net proceeds realized from the lease of all or any portion of the property are insufficient to pay such interest. During fiscal year 2016, the City recorded the expenditure of \$85,940 to the IDBK for loan interest payments. In the event a principal balance remains outstanding upon final maturity, the City agrees to: (1) purchase the property from the IDBK for a purchase price equal to the outstanding principal and accrued interest owed on the loan; or (2) provide an economic development contribution to IDBK in an amount sufficient to pay the outstanding principal and accrued interest owed on the loan. In either event, IDBK agrees to use such funds to retire any remaining balance on the loan in full.

In May 2014, the IDBK obtained a \$2,600,000 loan to purchase a glass manufacturing facility from AGC Glass. The loan carried a rate of 3.95%. Principal and interest were payable monthly over 15 years. The City became contingently liable for the loan through a contribution agreement with IDBK, previously approved by the BMA in April 2014. The facility was leased to a glass manufacturer, Heritage Glass, which in the spring of 2015 suspended operations and defaulted under the lease. The monthly lease payments covered the principal and interest on the loan. As a result, of the lease default by Heritage Glass, IDBK modified the terms of the loan whereby the lender agreed to accept interest only payments through December 31, 2015. In the spring of 2016, the IDBK successfully recruited and negotiated a lease agreement with a new glass manufacturer, EnviraGlass, LLC, to begin operations at the facility. In May 2016, the City's BMA approved an amendment to the IDBK contribution agreement providing for a maximum contribution amount of \$3,873,839. This allowed IDBK to obtain a subsequent loan, with the proceeds used to retire the existing loan and make improvements to the facility. The new loan amount was for \$2,675,000, with a rate of interest of 3.95% fixed, and payable in monthly installments over 20 years. The new glass manufacturer, EnviraGlass, entered into a lease agreement with IDBK for use of the facility. Monthly rental payments under the agreement with EnviraGlass were sufficient to pay principal and interest on the loan. Monthly loan payments were initiated by IDBK in July 2016.

On May 15, 2015, the IDBK closed on a loan totaling \$6,540,000 in order to purchase approximately 33.75 acres and to construct an industrial building for lease to Pure Foods, Inc. Interest on the loan accrues on the outstanding principal balance during the period May 15, 2015 through November 14, 2017, at a rate per annum equal to the LIBOR Rate plus ninety-nine basis points (.99). During the period November 15, 2017 through the maturity date of May 15, 2025, interest will accrue under the loan at a fixed rate of 3.89% per annum. On March 18, 2015, the City entered into an agreement with IDBK to provide economic development contributions as needed, during the 10 year term of the loan, in order to: support IDBK's acquisition and improvement of the property; to make the debt service payments under the loan, after application of the net rental income from the lease with Pure Foods, Inc.; and to make debt service payments for any other leases and rental agreements on the property. IDBK will use all net rental income received from the leases and rental agreements on the property, and all net proceeds realized from the sale of all or any portion of the property, to pay the accrued interest and debt service payments due under the loan. In the event any indebtedness remains outstanding under the loan at the maturity date, the City shall: (1) purchase the property from IDBK for a purchase price equal to the outstanding loan amount, or (2) provide an economic development contribution to IDBK sufficient to pay the outstanding indebtedness on the loan.

#### 5. OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

#### C. Retirement Plans

## **Defined Benefit Pension Plan – City of Kingsport**

#### Plan description

Employees of the City of Kingsport are provided a defined benefit pension plan through the Public Employee Retirement Plan, an agent multiple-employer pension plan administered by the Tennessee Consolidated Retirement System (TCRS). The City elected to close participation in this plan to new membership effective June 30, 2012, but the plan will continue providing benefits to existing members and retirees. The TCRS was created by state statute under Tennessee Code Annotated Title 8, Chapters 34-37. The TCRS Board of Trustees is responsible for the proper operation and administration of the TCRS. The Tennessee Treasury Department, an agency in the legislative branch of state government, administers the plans of the TCRS. The TCRS issues a publically available financial report that can be obtained at <a href="https://www.treasury.tn.gov/tcrs">www.treasury.tn.gov/tcrs</a>.

#### Benefits provided

Tennessee Code Annotated Title 8, Chapters 34-37 establishes the benefit terms and can be amended only by the Tennessee General Assembly. The chief legislative body may adopt the benefit terms permitted by statute. Members are eligible to retire with an unreduced benefit at age 60 with 5 years of service credit or after 30 years of service credit regardless of age. Benefits are determined by a formula using the member's highest five consecutive year average of compensation and the member's years of service credit. Reduced benefits for early retirement are available at age 55 and vested. Members vest with five years of service credit. Service related disability benefits are provided regardless of length of service. Five years of service is required for non-service related disability eligibility. The service related and non-service related disability benefits are determined in the same manner as a service retirement benefit but are reduced 10 percent and include projected service credits. The City has adopted a mandatory retirement provision at age 60 for eligible public safety officers (fire and police) and at age 62 for eligible public safety officers in administrative-type positions. Under this mandatory provision, public safety officers who are members of the TCRS plan, receive a supplemental bridge benefit which is payable at the beginning of the mandatory retirement age and ends when reaching eligibility for benefits under Title II of the Federal Social Security Act. The supplemental bridge benefit is equal to .75 percent of the member's average final compensation multiplied by the member's years of public safety service established in the TCRS plan. A variety of death benefits are available under various eligibility criteria for all members in the TCRS plan.

Member and beneficiary annuitants are entitled to automatic cost of living adjustments (COLAs) after retirement. A COLA is granted each July for annuitants retired prior to the 2<sup>nd</sup> of July of the previous year. The COLA is based on the change in the consumer price index (CPI) during the prior calendar year, capped at 3 percent, and applied to the current benefit. No COLA is granted if the change in the CPI is less than one-half percent. A one percent COLA is granted if the CPI change is between one-half percent and one percent. A member who leaves employment may withdraw their contributions, plus any accumulated interest.

## Employees covered by benefit terms

At the measurement date of June 30, 2015, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	804
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	822
Active employees	816
	2442

Effective July 1, 2012, the plan was closed to new entrants.

#### 5. OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

#### C. Retirement Plans (continued)

### **Defined Benefit Pension Plan – City of Kingsport (continued)**

#### **Contributions**

Contributions for employees are established in the statutes governing the TCRS and may only be changed by the Tennessee General Assembly. Employees hired before October 1, 2010 are non-contributory members in the plan and make no employee contributions to the plan. Employees hired from October 1, 2010 thru June 30, 2012 are contributory members in the plan and contribute 5 percent of salary. The City makes employer contributions at the rate set by the Board of Trustees as determined by an actuarial valuation.

For the year ended, June 30, 2015, the Actuarially Determined Contribution (ADC) for the City was \$5,677,773 based on an aggregate employer rate of 16.91 percent of covered payroll. In practice, separate rates are applied to general employees and public safety officers (fire and police). The employer rate for general employees was 15.89 percent and the employer rate for public safety officers was 19.39 percent. By law, employer contributions are required to be paid. The TCRS may intercept the City's state shared taxes if required employer contributions are not remitted. The employer's ADC and member contributions are expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by members during the year, the cost of administration, as well as an amortized portion of any unfunded liability.

#### Net pension liability

The City's net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2015 and the total pension liability used to calculate net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

#### **Actuarial assumptions**

The total pension liability as of the June 30, 2015 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 3.0 percent

Salary increases Graded salary ranges from 8.97 to 3.71 percent based

on age, including inflation, averaging 4.25 percent

Investment rate of return 7.5 percent, net of pension plan investment expenses,

including inflation

Cost-of-living adjustment 2.5 percent

Mortality rates were based on actual experience from the June 30, 2012 actuarial experience study adjusted for some of the expected future improvement in life expectancy.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2015 actuarial valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study performed for the period July 1, 2008 through June 30, 2012. The demographic assumptions were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and expected future experience.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was established by the TCRS Board of Trustees in conjunction with the June 30, 2012 actuarial experience study by considering the following three techniques: (1) the 25-year historical return of the TCRS at June 30, 2012, (2) the historical market returns of asset classes from 1926 to 2012 using the TCRS investment policy asset allocation, and (3) capital market projections that were utilized as a building block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are

#### 5. OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

#### C. Retirement Plans (continued)

#### Defined Benefit Pension Plan - City of Kingsport (continued)

#### **Actuarial assumptions (continued)**

developed for each major asset class. Four sources of capital market projections were blended and utilized in the third technique. The blended capital market projection established the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding inflation of 3 percent.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return	Target Allocation
U.S. Equity	6.46%	33%
Developed market international equity	6.26%	17%
Emerging market international equity	6.40%	5%
Private equity and strategic lending	4.61%	8%
U.S. fixed income	0.98%	29%
Real estate	4.73%	7%
Short-term securities	0.00%	1%
		100%

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was established by the TCRS Board of Trustees as 7.5 percent based on a blending of the three factors described above.

#### **Discount rate**

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.5 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current rate and that contributions from the City will be made at the actuarially determined contribution rate pursuant to an actuarial valuation in accordance with the funding policy of the TCRS Board of Trustees and as required to be paid by state statute. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

### 5. OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

### C. Retirement Plans (continued)

**Defined Benefit Pension Plan – City of Kingsport (continued)** 

Changes in the net pension liability

	Increase (Decrease)				
		Total Pension Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Postion (b)	Lia	Net Pension bility (Asset) (a) - (b)
Balance at 6/30/14	\$	191,467,246	\$168,923,565	\$	22,543,681
Changes for the year:					
Service Cost		2,928,686	0		2,928,686
Interest		14,225,977	0		14,225,977
Differences between expected					
and actual experience		1,727,975	0		1,727,975
Contributions by employer		0	5,677,773		(5,677,773)
Contributions by employees		0	138,269		(138,269)
Net Investment income		0	5,146,329		(5,146,329)
Benefit payments, including refunds					
of employee contributions		(9,432,488)	(9,432,488)		0
Administrative expense		0	(43,337)	_	43,337
Net Changes		9,450,150	1,486,546		7,963,604
Balance at 6/30/15	\$	200,917,396	\$170,410,111	\$	30,507,285

#### Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the City calculated using the discount rate of 7.5 percent, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage-point lower (6.5 percent) or 1 percentage-point higher (8.5 percent) than the current rate:

	Current					
	1% Decrease (6.5%)		Discount Rate (7.5%)		1% Increase (8.5%)	
City's Net Pension Liability	\$	56,742,430	\$	30,507,285	\$	8,661,869

Pension expense and deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions

#### Pension expense

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the City recognized pension expense of \$3,019,433.

### 5. OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

#### C. Retirement Plans (continued)

**Defined Benefit Pension Plan - City of Kingsport (continued)** 

#### Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$ 1,382,380	\$ 2,723,641	
Net difference between projected and actual earning on pension plan investments	5,908,558	7,950,289	
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date June 30, 2015	5,449,198	(not applicable)	
	\$12,740,136	\$ 10,673,930	

The amount show n above for "Contributions susequent to the measurement date of June 30, 2015", will be recognized as a reduction (increase) to net pension liability (asset) in the following measurement period.

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

#### Year Ended June 30th:

2017	\$ (1,508,272)
2018	(1,508,272)
2019	(1,508,272)
2020	1,141,824
2021	0
Thereafter	0

In the table shown above, positive amounts will increase pension expense while negative amounts will decrease pension expense.

#### Payable to the pension plan

At June 30, 2016, the City reported a payable of \$444,017 for the outstanding amount of contributions to the pension plan required at the year ended June 30, 2016.

#### 5. OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

#### C. Retirement Plans (continued)

#### **Defined Contribution Plan – City of Kingsport**

#### Plan description

Employees of the City hired on or after July 1, 2012 are participants in a Governmental Money Purchase Plan and Trust known as the City of Kingsport Defined Contribution Retirement Plan. The qualified plan is established under Internal Revenue Codes 401(a) and 457(b) and is administered by the International City/County Management Association Retirement Corporation (ICMA-RC). Investment decisions on contributions to the plan are controlled by the employee participant. In-service distributions are not permitted under the plan at any age. Employee contributions are immediately 100% vested to the participant. Employer contributions made by the City are subject to a graduated vesting schedule based upon the employee's completed years of service with the City as follows: 1 year – 0% vested; 2 years – 20% vested; 3 years – 40% vested; 4 years – 60% vested; 5 years – 80% vested; 6 years – 100% vested. The plan's provisions may be amended at the discretion of the City's BMA, by resolution and subject to applicable federal laws governing such plans.

#### **Contributions**

A mandatory employee contribution equal to 5% of compensation is required from each participant. An employer matching contribution equal to 5% of the employee's compensation is currently made by the City. Employees may make voluntary contributions to the plan up to the Internal Revenue Service code annual maximum. Voluntary contributions made by the employee receive an equal matching contribution made by the City, which is currently up to a maximum of 3%. Contribution requirements may be amended at the discretion of the City's BMA, by resolution and subject to applicable federal laws governing such plans. During the year ended June 30, 2016, \$29,371 in non-vested employer contributions was forfeited and returned to the plan due to employee terminations and will be used to offset future employer contributions to the plan. Total contributions for the year ended June 30, 2016 were \$862,803 and consisted of \$426,109 made by the City and \$436,694 made by employees.

#### Defined Benefit Pension Plan - Teacher Legacy Pension Plan - Kingsport City Schools

#### Plan description

Teachers with membership in the Tennessee Consolidated Retirement System (TCRS) before July 1, 2014 of Kingsport City Schools are provided with pensions through the Teacher Legacy Pension Plan, a cost sharing multiple-employer pension plan administered by the TCRS. The Teacher Legacy Plan closed to new membership on June 30, 2014, but will continue providing benefits to existing members and retirees. Beginning July 1, 2014, the Teacher Retirement Plan became effective for teachers employed by Local Education Agencies (LEAs) after June 30, 2014. The Teacher Retirement Plan is a separate cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit plan. The TCRS was created by state statute under Tennessee Code Annotated Title 8, Chapters 34-37. The TCRS Board of Trustees is responsible for the proper operation and administration of all employer pension plans in the TCRS. The Tennessee Treasury Department, an agency in the legislative branch of state government, administers the plans of the TCRS. The TCRS issues a publically available financial report that can be obtained at <a href="https://www.treasury.tn.gov/tcrs">www.treasury.tn.gov/tcrs</a>.

#### Benefits provided

Tennessee Code Annotated Title 8, Chapters 34-37 establishes the benefit terms and can be amended only by the Tennessee General Assembly. Members of the Teacher Legacy Pension Plan are eligible to retire with an unreduced benefit at age 60 with 5 years of service credit or after 30 years of service credit regardless of age. Benefits are determined by a formula using the member's highest five consecutive year average compensation and the member's years of service credit. A reduced early retirement benefit is available at age 55 and vested. Members are vested with five years of service credit. Service related disability benefits are provided regardless of length of service. Five years of service is required for non-

#### 5. OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

#### C. Retirement Plans (continued)

#### Defined Benefit Pension Plan - Teacher Legacy Pension Plan - Kingsport City Schools (continued)

#### Benefits provided (continued)

service related disability eligibility. The service related and non-service related disability benefits are determined in the same manner as a service retirement benefit but are reduced 10 percent and include projected service credits. A variety of death benefits are available under various eligibility criteria. Member and beneficiary annuitants are entitled to automatic cost of living adjustments (COLAs) after retirement. A COLA is granted each July for annuitants retired prior to the 2<sup>nd</sup> of July of the previous year. The COLA is based on the change in the consumer price index (CPI) during the prior calendar year, capped at 3 percent, and applied to the current benefit. No COLA is granted if the change in the CPI is less than one-half percent. A one percent COLA is granted if the CPI change is between one-half percent and one percent. A member who leaves employment may withdraw their employee contribution, plus any accumulated interest. Under the Teacher Legacy Pension Plan, benefit terms and conditions, including COLAs, can be adjusted on a prospective basis. Moreover, there are defined cost controls and unfunded liability controls that provide for the adjustment of benefit terms and conditions on an automatic basis.

#### **Contributions**

Contributions for teachers are established in the statutes governing the TCRS and may only be changed by the Tennessee General Assembly. Teachers contribute 5 percent of salary. The Local Education Agencies (LEAs) make employer contributions at the rate set by the Board of Trustees as determined by an actuarial valuation. By law, employer contributions for the Teacher Legacy Pension Plan are required to be paid. The TCRS may intercept the state shared taxes of the sponsoring governmental entity of the LEA if the required employer contributions are not remitted. Employer contributions by Kingsport City Schools for the year ended June 30, 2016 to the Teacher Legacy Pension Plan were \$2,855,179, which is 9.04 percent of covered payroll. The employer rate, when combined with member contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by members during the year, the cost of administration, as well as an amortized portion of any unfunded lability.

#### **Net pension liability**

At June 30, 2016, the Kingsport City Schools reported a liability of \$350,455 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2015, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. Kingsport City Schools' proportion of the net pension liability was based on Kingsport City Schools' share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating LEAs. At the measurement date of June 30, 2015, Kingsport City Schools' proportion was 0.855531 percent. The proportion measured as of June 30, 2014 was 0.830833 percent.

#### **Negative pension expense**

For the year ended June 30, 2016, Kingsport City Schools recognized negative pension expense of \$209,105.

#### 5. OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

#### C. Retirement Plans (continued)

Defined Benefit Pension Plan - Teacher Legacy Pension Plan - Kingsport City Schools (continued)

#### Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources

For the year ended June 30, 2016, Kingsport City Schools reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Outflows of		Outflows of		Outflows of		Outflows of			Deferred Inflows of Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$ 281,254		\$ 281,254		\$ 281,254		\$	5,454,878				
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		6,328,113		8,590,757								
Changes in proportion of Net Pension Liability (Asset)		433,834		0								
Kingsport City Schools contributions subsequent to the measurement date of June 30, 2014	2,855,179		2,855,179		2,855,179		2,855,179		2,855,179		(nc	ot applicable)
	\$	9,898,380	\$	14,045,635								

Kingsport City Schools employer contributions of \$2,855,179, reported as pension related deferred outflows of resources, subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as an increase in net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2017. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

#### Year Ended June 30th:

2017	\$ (2,229,515)
2018	(2,229,515)
2019	(2,229,515)
2020	634,070
2021	(947,958)
Thereafter	0

In the table shown above, positive amounts will increase pension expense while negative amounts will decrease pension expense.

#### 5. OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

#### C. Retirement Plans (continued)

#### Defined Benefit Pension Plan - Teacher Legacy Pension Plan - Kingsport City Schools (continued)

#### **Actuarial assumptions**

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2015 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.0 percent
Salary increases	Graded salary ranges from 8.97 to 3.71 percent based on age, including inflation, averaging 4.25 percent
Investment rate of return	7.5 percent, net of pension plan investment expenses, including inflation
Cost-of-living adjustment	2.5 percent

Mortality rates are customized based on the June 30, 2012 actuarial experience study and included some adjustment for expected future improvement in life expectancy.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2015 actuarial valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study and performed for the period July 1, 2008 through June 30, 2012. The demographic assumptions were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and expected future experience.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was established by the TCRS Board of Trustees in conjunction with the June 30, 2012 actuarial experience study by considering the following three techniques: (1) the 25-year historical return of the TCRS at June 30, 2012, (2) the historical market returns of asset classes from 1926 to 2012 using the TCRS investment policy asset allocation, and (3) capital market projections that utilized as a building-block method in which best-estimated ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. Four sources of capital market projections were blended and utilized in the third technique. The blended capital market projection established the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding inflation of 3 percent. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return	Target Allocation
U.S. Equity	6.46%	33%
Developed market international equity	6.26%	17%
Emerging market international equity	6.40%	5%
Private equity and strategic lending	4.61%	8%
U.S. fixed income	0.98%	29%
Real estate	4.73%	7%
Short-term securities	0.00%	1%
		100%

#### 5. OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

#### C. Retirement Plans (continued)

#### Defined Benefit Pension Plan - Teacher Legacy Pension Plan - Kingsport City Schools (continued)

#### **Actuarial assumptions (continued)**

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was established by the TCRS Board of Trustees as 7.5 percent based on a blending of the three factors described above.

#### Discount rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.5 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current rate and that contributions from the all LEAs will be made at the actuarially determined contribution rate pursuant to an actuarial valuation in accordance with the funding policy of the TCRS Board of Trustees and as required to be paid by state statute. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

#### Sensitivity of the proportionate share of net pension liability (asset) to changes in the discount rate

The following presents Kingsport City Schools' proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 7.5 percent, as well as what Kingsport City Schools' proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.5 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.5 percent) than the current rate:

	Current					
	1% Decrease (6.5%)		Discount Rate (7.5%)		1% Increase (8.5%)	
Kingsport City Schools' proportionate				_		
share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$	23,892,813	\$	350,455	\$	(19,139,842)

#### Pension plan fiduciary net position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued TCRS financial report.

#### Payable to the pension plan

At June 30, 2016, Kingsport City Schools reported a payable of \$511,061 for the outstanding amount of contributions to the pension plan required at the year ended June 30, 2016.

#### 5. OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

#### C. Retirement Plans (continued)

#### Defined Benefit Pension Plan - Teacher Retirement Plan - Kingsport City Schools

#### Plan description

Teachers with membership in the Tennessee Consolidated Retirement System (TCRS) before July 1, 2014 of Kingsport City Schools are provided with pensions through the Teacher Legacy Pension Plan, a cost sharing multiple-employer pension plan administered by the TCRS. The Teacher Legacy Pension Plan closed to new membership on June 30, 2014, but will continue providing benefits to existing members and retirees. Beginning July 1, 2014, the Teacher Retirement Plan became effective for teachers employed by LEAs after June 30, 2014. The teacher Retirement Plan is a separate cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit plan. The TCRS was created by state statute under Tennessee Code Annotated Title 8, Chapters 34-37. The TCRS Board of Trustees is responsible for the proper operation and administration of all employer pension plans in the TCRS. The Tennessee Treasury Department, an agency is the legislative branch of state government, administers the plans of the TCRS. The TCRS issues a publically available financial report that can be obtained at <a href="https://www.treasury.tn.gov/tcrs">www.treasury.tn.gov/tcrs</a>.

#### **Benefits provided**

Tennessee Code Annotated Title 8, Chapters 34-37 establishes the benefit terms and can be amended only by the Tennessee General Assembly. Members of the Teacher Retirement Plan are eligible to retire at age 65 with 5 years of service credit or pursuant to the rule of 90 in which the member's age and service credit total 90. Benefits are determined by a formula using the member's highest five consecutive year average compensation and the member's years of service credit. A reduced early retirement benefit is available at age 60 and vested pursuant to the rule of 80. Members are vested with five years of service credit. Service related to disability benefits are provided regardless of length of service. Five years of service is required for non-service related disability eligibility. The service related and non-service related disability benefits are determined in the same manner as a service retirement benefit but are reduced 10 percent and include projected service credits. A variety of death benefits are available under various eligibility criteria. Member and beneficiary annuitants are entitled to automatic cost of living adjustments (COLAs) after retirement. A COLA is granted each July for annuitants retired prior to the 2<sup>nd</sup> of July of the previous year. The COLA is based on the change in the consumer price index (CPI) during the prior calendar year, capped at 3 percent, and applied to the current benefit. No COLA is granted if the change in the CPI is less than one-half percent. A one percent COLA is granted if the CPI change is between one-half percent and one percent. A member who leaves employment may withdraw their employee contributions, plus any accumulated interest. Under the Teacher Retirement Plan, benefit terms and conditions, including COLA, can be adjusted on a prospective basis. Moreover, there are defined cost controls, and unfunded liability controls that provide for the adjustment of benefit terms and conditions on an automatic basis.

#### **Contributions**

Contributions for teachers are established in the statutes governing the TCRS and may only be changed by the Tennessee General Assembly or by automatic cost controls set out in law. Teachers contribute 5 percent of salary. The Local Education Agencies (LEAs) make employer contributions at the rate set by the Board of Trustees as determined by an actuarial valuation. Per the statutory provisions governing the TCRS, the employer contribution rate cannot be less than 4 percent, except in years when the maximum funded level, as established by the TCRS Board of Trustees, is reached. By law, employer contributions for the Teacher Retirement Plan are required to be paid. The TCRS may intercept the state shared taxes of the sponsoring governmental entity of the LEA if the required employer contributions are not remitted. Employer contributions by Kingsport City Schools for the year ended June 30, 2016 to the Teacher Retirement Plan were \$99,167, which is 4 percent of covered payroll. The employer rate, when combined with member contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by members during the year, the cost of administration, as well as an amortized portion of any unfunded liability.

#### 5. OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

#### C. Retirement Plans (continued)

#### Defined Benefit Pension Plan - Teacher Retirement Plan - Kingsport City Schools (continued)

#### Pension liabilities (assets)

At June 30, 2016, Kingsport City Schools reported an asset of \$16,828 for its proportionate share of the net pension asset. The net pension asset was measured as of June 30, 2015, and the total pension asset used to calculate the net pension asset was determined by an actuarial value as of that date. Kingsport City Schools' proportion of the net pension asset was based on Kingsport City Schools' share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating LEAs. At the measurement date of June 30, 2015 Kingsport City Schools' proportion was 0.418304 percent.

#### **Pension Expense**

For the year ended June 30, 2016, Kingsport City Schools recognized pension expense of \$22,054.

#### Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources

For the year ended June 30, 2016, Kingsport City Schools reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Oi	eferred atflows of esources	_							
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	0	\$	5,477						
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		1,360		0						
Kingsport City Schools contributions subsequent to the measurement date of June 30, 2015	99,167		99,167		99,167		99,167		(not a	ipplicable)
	\$	100,527	\$	5,477						

#### 5. OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

#### C. Retirement Plans (continued)

Defined Benefit Pension Plan - Teacher Retirement Plan - Kingsport City Schools (continued)

#### Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources (continued)

Kingsport City Schools' employer contributions of \$99,167 reported as pension related deferred outflows of resources, subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as an increase of net pension liability (asset) in the year ended June 30, 2017. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

#### Year Ended June 30th:

2017	\$ (116)
2018	(116)
2019	(116)
2020	(116)
2021	(456)
Thereafter	(3,195)

In the table shown above, positive amounts will increase pension expense while negative amounts will decrease pension expense.

#### **Actuarial assumptions**

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2015 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.0 percent
Salary increases	Graded salary ranges from 8.97 to 3.71 percent based on age, including inflation, averaging 4.25 percent
Investment rate of return	7.5 percent, net of pension plan investment expenses, including inflation
Cost-of-living adjustment	2.5 percent

Mortality rates are customized based on the June 30, 2012 actuarial experience study and included some adjustment for expected future improvement in life expectancy.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2015 actuarial valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study and performed for the period July 1, 2008 through June 30, 2012. The demographic assumptions were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and expected future experience.

#### 5. OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

#### C. Retirement Plans (continued)

#### Defined Benefit Pension Plan - Teacher Retirement Plan - Kingsport City Schools (continued)

#### **Actuarial assumptions (continued)**

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was established by the TCRS Board of Trustees in conjunction with the June 30, 2012 actuarial experience study by considering the following three techniques: (1) the 25-year historical return of the TCRS at June 30, 2012, (2) the historical market returns of asset classes from 1926 to 2012 using the TCRS investment policy asset allocation, and (3) capital market projections that utilized as a building-block method in which best-estimated ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. Four sources of capital market projections were blended and utilized in the third technique. The blended capital market projection established the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding inflation of 3 percent. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return	Target Allocation		
U.S. Equity	6.46%	33%		
Developed market international equity	6.26%	17%		
Emerging market international equity	6.40%	5%		
Private equity and strategic lending	4.61%	8%		
U.S. fixed income	0.98%	29%		
Real estate	4.73%	7%		
Short-term securities	0.00%	1%		
		100%		

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was established by the TCRS Board of Trustees as 7.5 percent based on a blending of the three factors described above.

#### **Discount rate**

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.5 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current rate and that contributions from the all LEAs will be made at the actuarially determined contribution rate pursuant to an actuarial valuation in accordance with the funding policy of the TCRS Board of Trustees and as required to be paid by state statute. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

#### 5. OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

#### C. Retirement Plans (continued)

Defined Benefit Pension Plan - Teacher Retirement Plan - Kingsport City Schools (continued)

#### Sensitivity of the proportionate share of net pension liability (asset) to changes in the discount rate

The following presents Kingsport City Schools' proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 7.5 percent, as well as what Kingsport City Schools' proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.5 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.5 percent) than the current rate:

	Current					
	1% Decrease (6.5%)		Discount Rate (7.5%)		1% Increase (8.5%)	
Kingsport City Schools' proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$	2,984	\$	(16,828)	\$	(31,359)

#### Pension plan fiduciary net position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued TCRS financial report.

#### Payable to the pension plan

At June 30, 2016, Kingsport City Schools reported a payable of \$19,439 for the outstanding amount of contributions to the pension plan required at the year ended June 30, 2016.

#### **Defined Contribution Plan - Kingsport City Schools**

#### Plan description

As previously described, teachers of the Kingsport City Schools hired on or after July 1, 2014 are provided with pensions through a legally separate plan referred to as the Teacher Retirement Plan, a cost sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the TCRS. In addition to this defined benefit plan, teachers hired on or after July 1, 2014 are required to participate in a separately managed defined contribution plan referred to as the State of Tennessee 401(k) Deferred Compensation Program, administered by Great West Financial. The teacher participant controls investment decisions on contributions to the plan. Teachers are immediately 100% vested in the plan.

#### **Contributions**

An employer contribution equal to 5% of the teacher's compensation is made by the Kingsport City Schools. Teachers are automatically enrolled in the plan when hired with an employee contribution rate of 2 percent. Teachers have the ability to opt out of employee contribution portion within 30 days of hire date. Teachers may make voluntary contributions to the plan up to the Internal Revenue Service code annual maximum. Total contributions for the year ended June 30, 2016 were \$185,535 and consisted of \$118,874 made by the Kingsport City Schools and \$66,661 made by teachers.

#### 5. OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

#### D. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

#### Postemployment Health and Life Insurance Plans - City of Kingsport

From an accrual accounting perspective, the cost of postemployment healthcare benefits, like the cost of pension benefits, generally should be associated with the periods in which the cost occurs, rather than in the future year when it will be paid. In adopting the requirements of GASB Statement No. 45 during the year ended June 30, 2008, the City recognizes the cost of postemployment healthcare in the year when the employee services are received, reports the accumulated liability from prior years, and provides information useful in assessing potential demands on the City's future cash flows. Recognition of the liability accumulated for prior years will be phased in over 30 years, commencing with the 2008 liability.

#### Plan description

The City provides postemployment health insurance and life insurance benefits for certain eligible retired full-time employees under a single-employer defined benefit plan. The pre-65 health plans are self-insured while post-65 health plans are fully insured. Eligible employees are classified in one of two categories:

Category I: Employees hired prior to June 1, 2007 are eligible to receive retiree health benefits once they meet the following requirements: (1) Age 55 with a minimum of five years of service with the City or 25 years of service with the City and (2) Receiving benefits through TCRS immediately upon separation from service with the City and must have been enrolled in the City's offered health insurance plan as an active full time employee at the date of retirement.

Category II: Employees hired on or after June 1, 2007, are eligible to receive retiree health benefits once they meet the following requirements: (1) Age 55 with a minimum of 25 years of service with the City and have been enrolled in the City's offered health insurance plan for a minimum of three years immediately prior to retirement or have 30 years of service with the City and enrolled in the City's offered health insurance plan for a minimum of one full year immediately prior to retirement, and. (2) Receiving benefits through TCRS or has retired from the City and participated in a non-TCRS retirement plan upon separation from service with the City.

Spouses of retirees and surviving spouses of Category I retirees are allowed to remain on the plan until age 65. They are responsible for 100% of the premium. Public Safety employees (fire and police) hired prior to July 1, 2012 are held to a mandatory retirement requirement at age 60. Those with more than 50% of job duties in administrative or supervisory capacity are held to a mandatory retirement requirement at age 62. The Department Head (Chief) is exempt from any mandatory retirement provision.

Employees who retired on or before June 30, 2010 and continued on the City's health insurance plan as listed above are eligible for the City funded post-Medicare coverage when they reach 65 years of age. Employees retiring on or after July 1, 2010 are not eligible for the City funded post-Medicare coverage. The City provides the Medicare Advantage plan for retirees prior to July 1, 2010 and pays the premium for this coverage with a cap of \$85. Since January 2011, the Medicare Advantage plan has been a zero premium plan. The OPEB valuation assumes the plan will continue to be a zero premium with the City having no contribution requirement.

All retirees of the City of Kingsport are eligible for a life insurance benefit. The City's life insurance benefit is based upon 25% of final annual compensation and remains in effect until death. Policy premiums are paid for by the City.

#### 5. OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

#### D. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) (continued)

#### Postemployment Health and Life Insurance Plans - City of Kingsport (continued)

#### Plan Description (continued)

The number of active and retired employee participants as of the last full actuarial valuation date of June 30, 2015 was as follows.

Active employees - health & life insurance benefits	612
Active employees - life insurance benefit only	96
Retired employees - health & life insurance benefits	162
Retired employees - life insurance benefit only	149
	_
Total	1,019

#### **Funding policy**

The premium requirements of plan members are established and may be amended by the BMA. The plan is self-insured and financed on a pay-as-you-go basis with the risk shared equally among the participants. Claim liabilities of the plan are periodically computed using actuarial and statistical techniques to establish premium rates.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEE	3 Obligation				,	of Kingsport Retiree Plan
Annual Required Contribution (ARC Interest on the Net OPEB Obligation NOO Amortization Adjustment to the Note of the Note of the Note of the Noor Interest o	on (NOO) to end of yea	r			\$	1,826,908 676,415 (542,106)
Annual OPEB Cost Annual Employer Contribution for particular Annual Employer Contribution for particular and particular annual Employer Contribution for particular annual Employer Contribution for particular annual Employer Contribution for particular annual Co						1,961,217 (468,295) 0
Change in NOO NOO as of Beginning of Year						1,492,922 13,528,307
NOO as of end of year					\$	15,021,229
Year End*	Plan		Annual OPEB Cost	Percentage OPEB Cost Contributed	a	Net OPEB Obligation at Year End
06/30/16	City Retiree	\$	1 961 217	25 63%	\$	15 021 229

		,			
		OPEB	OPEB Cost		Obligation
Year End*	Plan	Cost	Contributed	a	at Year End
 06/30/16	City Retiree	\$ 1,961,217	25.63%	\$	15,021,229
06/30/15	City Retiree	1,858,603	41.45%		13,528,307
06/30/14	City Retiree	1,956,061	44.54%		12,388,944
06/30/13	City Retiree	2,029,501	35.00%		11,254,354
06/30/12	City Retiree	2,562,314	32.00%		9,936,937
06/30/11	City Retiree	2,422,409	20.00%		8,203,478
06/30/10	City Retiree	2,581,342	47.00%		6,272,246
06/30/09	City Retiree	3,292,208	27.00%		4,906,010
06/30/08	City Retiree	3,166,263	20.00%		2,518,897

<sup>\*</sup>Data not available for the 2007 year.

#### 5. OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

#### D. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) (continued)

#### Postemployment Health and Life Insurance Plans - City of Kingsport (continued)

#### **Funded Status and Funding Progress**

The funded status of the plan as of July 1, 2015 and the immediate two years prior was as follows:

	City of Kingsport		City of Kingsport		City of Kingsport	
	Retiree Plan		Retiree Plan		Retiree Plan	
	FY 2015-16		FY 2014-15		FY 2013-14	
Actuarial valuation date Actuarial accrued liability (AAL) as of beginning of year Actuarial value of assets as of beginning of year Unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) Covered payroll (active plan members) UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll	\$	07/01/15 21,829,468 0 21,829,468 30,794,328 70.89%	\$	07/01/14 20,682,464 0 20,682,464 29,609,931 69.85%	\$	07/01/13 23,012,654 0 23,012,654 30,020,389 76.66%

Actuarial valuations involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. These actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

The schedule of funding progress and employer contributions for the retiree health plan, presented as Required Supplementary Information (RSI) following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

#### **Actuarial Methods and Assumptions**

The actuarial assumptions used represent a reasonable long-term expectation of future OPEB outcomes. As national economic and City experience change over time, the assumptions will be tested for ongoing reasonableness and, if necessary, updated.

For the fiscal year 2016 OPEB, an interim actuarial valuation was performed. Per capita costs have been updated. Health care trend rates and per capita costs are expected to be updated again in the next full OPEB valuation, which will be for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2017.

Measurement Date	June 30, 2016
Discount Rate	5.00%
Payroll Growth	4.00% per year
Inflation Rate	3.00% per year
Cost Method	Projected Unit Credit with linear proration to decrement
Amortization	Level % of pay over thirty years based on an open group
Census Data	As of July 2015

#### 5. OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

#### D. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) (continued)

Postemployment Health and Life Insurance Plans - City of Kingsport (continued)

**Actuarial Methods and Assumptions (continued)** 

Health Care Coverage Election Rate Active employees with current coverage: 85%

Active employees with no coverage: 0%

Retired employees with current coverage: 100%

Retired employees with no coverage: 0%

**Spousal Coverage** Based on actual data for retirees. 80% of current actives are

assumed to have spousal coverage at retirement. Husbands are

assumed to be three years older than wives

Employer Funding Policy Pay-as-you-go basis

Mortality SOA RPH-2014 Total Dataset Mortality Table fully generational

using Scale MP-2014

**Disability** None

Turnover Rate Assumption used to project terminations (voluntary and involuntary)

prior to meeting minimum retirement eligibility for retiree health coverage. Rates represent the probability of termination in the next

12 months and are based on the City's Experience Study

conducted as of August 2015

Retirement Rate Annual rates of retirement are based on the City's Experience

Study conducted as of August 2015. Retirees with less than 5 years of service at age 65 are assumed to retire with no benefit

Health Care Trend Rates FYE Rate FYE Rate

2017	8.5%	2021	6.5%
2018	8.0%	2022	6.0%
2019	7.5%	2023	5.5%
2020	7.0%	2024+	5.0%

**Retiree Contributions** Retiree contributions are assumed to increase according to health

care trend rates. All retirees are assumed to qualify for the wellness

rate

Per Capita Costs Annual per capita costs were calculated based on City paid claims

experience for the 12-month period ending June 30, 2016 plus administrative expenses, actuarially increased using health index factors and current enrollment. The costs are assumed to increase

with health care trend rates

**Explicit Subsidy**The difference between the premium rate and the retiree contribution

Implicit Subsidy The difference between the per capita cost and the premium rate

#### 5. OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

#### D. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) (continued)

#### Postemployment Health and Life Insurance Plans - Kingsport City Schools

#### Plan description

The Kingsport City Schools (KCS) provide postemployment health insurance and life insurance benefits for certain eligible retired full-time employees under a single-employer defined benefit plan. The health plan is self-insured and experience rated. Retirees, their dependents, and survivors are eligible to remain on the plan until age 65. All employees must have been enrolled in KCS's offered health insurance plan as an active full-time employee at the date of retirement.

For individuals retired and participating in the Tennessee Consolidated Retirement System (TCRS), one of the following conditions must be met for continuation in the health insurance plan:

- (i) The retiree must have at least 10 years of employment with KCS, with 3 continuous years of insurance coverage in the plan immediately prior to final termination for retirement; or
- (ii) The retiree with 20 or more total years of employment with KCS, with one year of insurance coverage in the plan immediately prior to final termination for retirement. For such retirees, the period of time between the employee's final termination date and the date retirement benefits commence (retirement date) may be up to 5 years in length. If more than 5 years, retirees, and eligible dependents would have to meet the late applicant requirements of the plan before becoming insured.

Employees who participate in a retirement program sponsored by a participating local education agency other than TCRS, must meet one of the following conditions to continue insurance coverage under the plan:

- (a) Attainment of age 55 and 20 or more total years of employment with KCS, with one year of insurance coverage in the plan immediately prior to final termination unless they satisfy one or more of the late applicant requirements in the plan. For such retirees, the time between the employee's final termination date and attainment of age 55 may be up to 5 years in length; or
- (b) Attainment of age 55 at final termination or at least 10 but less than 20, total years of employment with KCS, with 3 continuous years of insurance coverage in the plan immediately prior to final termination unless they satisfy one or more of the late applicant requirements in the plan, or
- (c) 25 years of employment with KCS, with one year of insurance coverage in the plan immediately prior to final termination unless they satisfy one or more of the late applicant requirements in the plan.

School board members are eligible to continue their coverage at the time of retirement as long as they meet the eligibility guidelines. To be eligible to continue insurance at retirement, the school board member must have at least 20 years of service as a member of the KCS school board, must be age 55 and be enrolled in the plan for one full year of coverage immediately prior to retirement or 30 years of service as a member of the KCS school board and at least one full year of coverage on the plan immediately prior to retirement. School board members are required to pay the entire monthly premium.

All retirees of the KCS are eligible for a life insurance benefit. The life insurance benefit is based upon 25% of final annual compensation and remains in effect until death. Policy premiums are paid for by KCS.

#### 5. OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

#### D. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) (continued)

#### Postemployment Health and Life Insurance Plans - Kingsport City Schools (continued)

#### Plan description (continued)

The number of active and retired employee participants as of the last full actuarial valuation date of June 30, 2015 was as follows.

Active employees - health & life insurance benefits	706
Active employees - life insurance benefit only	245
Retired employees - health & life insurance benefits	100
Retired employees - life insurance benefit only	518
Total	1,569

#### **Special Funding Situation**

The state is legally responsible for contributions to the State Teacher Group and Medicare Supplement Plans that cover the retirees of other governmental entities. The state provided a subsidy for retired teachers who participated in the plans. The state is not the sole employer for the LEA employees since some of these agencies provide additional direct subsidies and all provide implicit subsidies.

#### **Funding policy**

The premium requirements of plan members are established and may be amended by the KCS Board of Education. The plan is self-insured and financed on a pay-as-you-go basis with the risk shared equally among the participants. Claim liabilities of the plan are periodically computed using actuarial and statistical techniques to establish premium rates.

	Kingsport
	City Schools
Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation	Retiree Plan
Annual Required Contribution (ARC) as of end of year	\$ 2,465,857
Interest on the Net OPEB Obligation (NOO) to end of year	602,155
NOO Amortization Adjustment to the ARC	(482,591)
Annual OPEB Cost	2,585,421
Annual Employer Contribution for pay-as-you-go cost	(1,344,014)
Annual Employer Contribution for pre-funding	0
Change in NOO	1,241,407
NOO as of Beginning of Year	12,043,095
NOO as of end of year	\$13,284,502

#### 5. OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

#### D. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) (continued)

#### Postemployment Health and Life Insurance Plans – Kingsport City Schools (continued)

#### **Funding policy (continued)**

Year End	Plan		Annual OPEB Cost	Percentage OPEB Cost Contributed	Net OPEB Obligation at Year End
06/30/16	KCS Retiree	\$	2,585,421	54.50%	\$13,284,502
06/30/15	KCS Retiree	·	2,477,290	52.03%	12,043,095
06/30/14	State Teacher Group		1,511,954	25.00%	10,798,845
06/30/13	State Teacher Group		1,912,941	21.00%	9,660,477
06/30/12	State Teacher Group		2,021,793	19.00%	8,156,792
06/30/11	State Teacher Group		1,992,215	20.00%	6,527,534
06/30/10	State Teacher Group		2,055,663	17.00%	4,932,899
06/30/09	State Teacher Group		1,992,895	17.00%	3,233,246
06/30/08	State Teacher Group		1,900,000	17.00%	1,575,446

<sup>\*</sup>Data not available for the fiscal year ending 06/30/07

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation	Medicare plement Plan
Annual Required Contribution (ARC) as of end of year (1) Interest on the Net OPEB Obligation (NOO) to end of year NOO Amortization Adjustment to the ARC	\$ 2,906,000 648,079 (610,014)
Annual OPEB Cost Annual Employer Contribution for pay-as-you-go cost Annual Employer Contribution for pre-funding	 2,944,065 (320,019) 0
Change in NOO NOO as of Beginning of Year	 2,624,046 16,201,966
NOO as of end of year	\$ 18,826,012

Year End	Plan	Annual OPEB Cost	Percentage OPEB Cost Contributed	(	Net OPEB Obligation t Year End
06/30/16	Medicare Supplement Plan	\$ 2,944,065	11.01%	\$	18,826,012
06/30/15	Medicare Supplement Plan	2,920,015	11.01%		16,201,966
06/30/14	Medicare Supplement Plan	2,816,431	11.00%		13,601,970
06/30/13	Medicare Supplement Plan	2,085,190	13.00%		11,094,436
06/30/12	Medicare Supplement Plan	2,206,865	11.00%		9,275,049
06/30/11	Medicare Supplement Plan	2,013,969	11.00%		7,311,881
06/30/10	Medicare Supplement Plan	2,079,538	10.00%		5,518,188
06/30/09	Medicare Supplement Plan	2,033,125	10.00%		3,650,763
06/30/08	Medicare Supplement Plan	1,928,000	6.00%		1,815,000

<sup>\*</sup>Data not available for the fiscal year ending 06/30/07

#### 5. OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

#### D. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) (continued)

#### Postemployment Health and Life Insurance Plans – Kingsport City Schools (continued)

#### **Funded Status and Funding Progress**

The funded status of the plan as of July 1, 2015 and the immediate two years prior was as follows:

	King	gsport City Schools Retiree Plan FY 2015-16	Kir	ngsport City Schoo Retiree Plan FY 2014-15	ols	State Teacher Group Plan FY 2013-14
Actuarial valuation date Actuarial accrued liability (AAL) as of beginning of year Actuarial value of assets as of beginning of year Unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) Covered payroll (active plan members) UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll	\$	07/01/15 24,335,937 0 24,335,937 43,335,770 56.16%	\$	07/01/14 23,268,2 23,268,2 41,669,0 55.8	0 69 10	07/01/13 \$ 13,210,000 0 13,210,000 25,898,037 51.01%
		Medicare Supplement Pla FY 2015-16	n S	Medicare Supplement Plan FY 2014-15	Su	Medicare upplement Plan FY 2013-14
Actuarial valuation date Actuarial accrued liability (AAL) as of beginning of year Actuarial value of assets as of beginning of year Unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL)	(1)	07/01/15 \$ 25,653,000 0 25,653,000	)	07/01/14 5 25,653,000 0 25,653,000	\$	07/01/13 25,653,000 0 25,653,000

<sup>(1)</sup> Effective January 1, 2017, Kingsport City Schools current and future retirees will be covered under the Local Ecuation Employee Group OPEB Plan through the State of Tennessee. Due to this change, the City of Kingsport has opted to disclose the same AAL and ARC as the FY 2015 reporting period.

Actuarial valuations involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. These actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

The schedule of funding progress and employer contributions for the retiree health plan, presented as Required Supplementary Information (RSI) following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

#### **Actuarial Methods and Assumptions**

The actuarial assumptions used represent a reasonable long-term expectation of future OPEB outcomes. As national economic and KCS experience change over time, the assumptions will be tested for ongoing reasonableness and, if necessary, updated.

Health care trend rates and per capita costs are expected to be updated again in the next full OPEB valuation, which will be for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2017.

#### 5. OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

#### D. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) (continued)

Postemployment Health and Life Insurance Plans - Kingsport City Schools (continued)

**Actuarial Methods and Assumptions (continued)** 

Measurement Date June 30, 2016

Discount Rate 5.00%

Payroll Growth 4.00% per year Inflation Rate 3.00% per year

Cost MethodProjected Unit Credit with linear proration to decrementAmortizationLevel % of pay over thirty years based on an open group

Census Data As of September 2015

**Health Care Coverage Election Rate** Active employees with current coverage: 85%

Active employees eligible for life insurance: 100%

Active employees with no coverage: 0%

Retired employees with current coverage: 100%

Retired employees with current life insurance coverage: 100% Retired employees with no coverage or life insurance: 0%

Spousal Coverage Based on actual data for actives and retirees

Husbands are assumed to be three years older than wives

**Employer Funding Policy** Pay-as-you-go basis

Mortality SOA RPH-2014 Total Dataset Mortality Table fully generational

using Scale MP-2014

**Disability** None

Turnover Rate Assumption used to project terminations (voluntary and involuntary)

prior to meeting minimum retirement eligibility for retiree health coverage. Rates represent the probability of termination in the next 12 months as used in the TCRS actuarial valuation as of July 1,

2013

Retirement Rate Annual rates of retirement are based on the TCRS actuarial

valuation as of July 1, 2013.

Health Care Trend Rates <u>FYE</u> <u>Rate</u> <u>FYE</u> <u>Rate</u>

2017 8.5% 6.5% 2021 2018 8.0% 2022 6.0% 2019 7.5% 2023 5.5% 2020 7.0% 2024+ 5.0%

Retiree Contributions Retiree contributions are assumed to increase according to health

care trend rates.

#### 5. OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

#### D. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) (continued)

Postemployment Health and Life Insurance Plans - Kingsport City Schools (continued)

**Actuarial Methods and Assumptions (continued)** 

Per Capita Costs Annual per capita costs were calculated based on FY 2016

premium equivalent rates increased using health index factors and current enrollment. The costs are assumed to increase with health

care trend rates

**Explicit Subsidy**The difference between the premium rate and the retiree contribution

Implicit Subsidy The difference between the per capita cost and the premium rate

#### 5. OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

#### E. On-Behalf Payments

As required by GASB Statement No. 24, Accounting, and Financial Reporting for Certain Grants and Other Financial Assistance, the following on-behalf payments have been recorded.

#### **Medicare Supplement Plan**

The State of Tennessee made contributions (on-behalf payments) for retired teachers who participated in the Medicare Supplement plan through the TCRS. For fiscal year 2016, on-behalf payments made by the State of Tennessee totaled, \$94,175, and have been recorded as revenue and expenditure in the general purpose school fund. During the year ended June 30, 2016, Kingsport City Schools contributed \$320,019 to the Medicare Supplement plan.

#### F. Economic dependency

A material portion of the City's property tax revenue is derived from one taxpayer, the loss of which would have a material effect on the City. During the tax years ended December 31, 2014 and 2015, the taxes assessed on the previously mentioned taxpayer, accounted for approximately 24% and 23% respectively, of the total property taxes assessed for each tax year.

#### G. Joint Ventures

#### **Phipps Bend Joint Venture**

The IDBK entered into a joint venture with the Hawkins County Industrial Development Board (HCIDB) to purchase and develop land known as Phipps Bend for industrial purposes.

According to the Joint Venture Agreement, HCIDB shall have an 80% interest and IDBK shall have a 20% interest in the profit and losses of the Joint Venture. However, each party shall have an equal 50% right to control, manage, operate, and otherwise deal with the Joint Venture in all matters and respects. A separate capital account is maintained for each party. No party shall withdraw any part of its original or additional capital account without the express written agreement of both parties respectively. IDBK's investment in the Phipps Bend Joint Venture at June 30, 2016 is valued as follows:

Note Receivable from Phipps Bend Venture	\$ 499,216
20% interest in capital of Phipps Bend Joint Venture	319,180
	_
Total Investment	\$ 818,396

#### 5. OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

#### G. Joint Ventures (continued)

Audited information for the Phipps Bend joint venture as of June 30, 2016 is as follows:

	Р	hipps
	E	Bend
	<u>Joint</u>	<u>Venture</u>
Operating Revenues	\$	3,500
Operating Expenses		(41,333)
Non Operating Revenues		30
Non Operating Expenses		0
Capital Contributions		
Principal and interest payments on loan by Hawkins County as guarantor		0
Accounting fees paid by Hawkins County		5,000
Change in Net Position		(32,803)
Net Position, July 1	2,	359,786
Net Postion, June 30	\$ 2,	326,983
Total Assets	\$3,	787,026
Total Liabilities	(1,	460,043)
Total Net Position	\$ 2,	326,983

Complete financial statements for the joint venture may be obtained at the administrative offices of:

Phipps Bend Joint Venture C/o Rebecca Baker 107 East Main Street, Suite 221 Rogersville, TN 37857

#### 5. OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

#### H. Jointly Governed Organization

#### **Tri-Cities Airport Authority**

The Tri-Cities Airport Authority, (the Airport) is jointly governed by representatives of Johnson City; Kingsport; Bristol, Tennessee; Bristol, Virginia and Washington and Sullivan Counties, Tennessee, and operates the Tri-Cities Regional Airport, TN/VA. The City initially contributed 20 percent of the start-up costs of the Airport in 1934 and has not contributed further since 1967. The City is represented by two of the Airport's twelve commissioners. The Airport prepares its own separate financial statements. The participating governments do not record any balances for the Airport. If the Airport ceased operations, disposition of its assets would be controlled by the Federal Aviation Administration. The City would not be guaranteed a return of its initial investments or subsequent retained earnings.

Complete financial statements for the jointly governed organization may be obtained at the administrative offices of:

Tri-Cities Airport Authority ATTN: Director of Finance 2525 Highway 75, Suite 301 Blountville, TN 37617

Audited information for the Tri-Cities Regional Airport Authority jointly governed organization as of June 30, 2016 is presented below:

Operating Revenues \$ 6,593,732
0 1
Operating Expenses (6,177,281
Depreciation (4,827,993
Non Operating Revenues 1,283,911
Non Operating Expenses (58,735
Capital Contributions 6.495.422
Change in Net Position 3,309,056
Beginning Net Position, July 1 88,436,360
Net Position, June 30 \$ 91,745,416
Total Assets \$ 98,198,938
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources 324,738
Total Liabilities (6,583,081
Total Deffered Inflows of Resources (195,179
Total Net Position\$ 91,745,416

#### 5. OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

#### I. Subsequent Events

In July 2016, the City entered into an agreement with the Kingsport Housing & Redevelopment Authority (KHRA) to provide financial support to redevelop public housing facilities within the City. The estimated \$50,500,000 project will rehabilitate 378 existing public housing units and construct 51 replacement units. To support the financing of this project, the KHRA, or an entity formed by KHRA, will be applying for approximately \$17,000,000 of Low Income Housing Tax Credits. If the application is approved, the City has agreed to donate to KHRA up to a total of \$4,493,440, in annual amounts, beginning January 30, 2018, of \$224,672 over a twenty-year period, in support of this project, if needed. The total amount of the donation will be limited to the amount needed to complete the project or \$4,493,440, whichever is less. Funds donated to the KHRA that are not used on the project, will be returned to the City. Approval of the Low Income Tax Credit application is expected in January 2017. In October 2016, Pure Foods, Inc. announced a temporary suspension of operations at its Kingsport facility to allow the company to restructure its business and recapitalize. The 88,000 square-foot, state-of-the-art manufacturing facility, located inside the City, was built to produce nutrient-dense and reduced-fat snack foods for distribution in the United States, Canada, and Mexico. As previously mentioned, the City has a contingent liability associated with this manufacturing facility. The IDBK used proceeds from a bank loan to purchase the property and construct the facility. Lease payments by Pure Food, Inc. are used to repay the loan through the maturity date of May 2025. The City has a contribution agreement with the IDBK which provides for the repayment of the loan or purchase of the property by the City, should lease payments become insufficient to repay the loan. As of December 2016, lease payments made by Pure Foods, LLC remain sufficient to repay the IDBK loan.

As previously reported, the City has a contingent liability associated with the IDBK's purchase of a glass manufacturing facility operated by EnviraGlass, LLC. Effective September 1, 2016, EnviraGlass, LLC ceased paying rent payment to the IDBK, as the company terminated operations at the facility. The IDBK and the City are actively seeking a buyer for the property.

As previously reported, the City has a contingent liability associated with the IDBK's purchase of real property known as the Bray Property. On September 30, 2016 the IDBK executed a "termination of lease agreement" with a tenant of the property, Houchen Food Group, Inc., and paid a \$515,000 termination fee to the now, former tenant. Lease payments previously received from the tenant were used by the IDBK to repay the loan used to purchase the property.

On September 30, 2016, the IDBK closed on the purchase of real property located in the downtown area of Main Street in the city, from the Brooks Family Limited Partnership #3. The purchase price was \$510,000 and the property will be utilized for continued redevelopment efforts in the Main Street area and for use in part for the City's Centennial Park Project.

On November 4, 2016, the City issued General Obligation Public Improvement Bonds, Series 2016 at a par value of \$21,335,000, plus a net premium of \$1,768,371, less an underwriter's discount and other bond issuance costs of \$242,765. The average coupon rate is 3.3563%. Net interest cost is 2.6780% and the true interest cost is 2.5694%. The bonds will mature on March 1 of each year, beginning March 1, 2018 and through March 1, 2036. Moody's Investors Service assigned an Aa2 rating on the bonds and Standard and Poor's Financial Services assigned an AA rating on the bonds. The Series 2016 Bonds are to be used to finance the City's adopted Capital Improvement Program (CIP), for the fiscal year 2017, approved by the BMA.

On November 15, 2016, the City approved a contribution agreement with the IDBK supporting a lease purchase of vacant industrial manufacturing property commonly referred to as the former C&F Manufacturing property. Under the terms of the contribution agreement, IDBK would create a payment-in-lieu-of-tax (PILOT) arrangement with the lessee for a seven year period. IDBK will retain 80% of the PILOT and utilize the proceeds to repay the current loan, which was used to purchase the property. The remaining 20% of the PILOT proceeds will be received by the City and Sullivan County in a proportionate share to the normal property tax rates. The City and Sullivan County would each be contingently liable for \$350,000 in annual contributions to IDBK for the seven year period, should the PILOT revenue stream become insufficient to retire the loan.

#### 5. OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

#### I. Subsequent Events (continued)

On November 22, 2016, the City purchased property from the IDBK commonly known as the Foundry Site, located in the downtown area of the city. The purchase price for the real property was \$508,000 and will be utilized to construct a terminal building for the Kingsport Area Transit Service (KATS) operation, at an estimated design and construction cost of \$4,850,000. Funding for the property purchase was split using 80% Federal Transit Administration funds, 10% State of Tennessee funds, and 10% City funds.

The City has requested additional loan draws totaling \$6,618,094 from the \$15,000,000 Drinking Water Revolving Fund Loan bringing the current outstanding balance to \$10,512,404.

On December 20, 2016, the City's BMA approved a Tax Increment Financing (TIF) Amendment for the Riverbend Redevelopment District, in support of the project known as, The Blake at Riverbend. Under the terms of the TIF, approximately \$1.0 million in increment financing would be utilized by the project over 10 years. The assisted living project includes 119 total apartment units with 170 beds and 47 of the units being designated to memory care (Alzheimer's wing). Approximately 47% of the available tax increment is estimated to be retained by the City and Sullivan County.

On December 20, 2016, the City's BMA approved a payment-in-lieu-of-tax (PILOT) agreement proposed by the IDBK for Clark & Company. The PILOT is in support of a new company locating office headquarters within the City in the Sheridan Square development. The PILOT would be for 5 years and the business will result in approximately 50 new jobs.

On December 20, 2016, the City's BMA approved a payment-in-lieu-of-tax (PILOT) agreement proposed by the IDBK with Hull Property Group with respect to retail shopping facilities known as the Kingsport Town Center. The PILOT for the project will be for 20 years and will result in various renovations and improved retail square footage as well as replacement operators for entertainment venues in phase one of the project. The Hull Property Group has additional plans for expansion based upon the stabilization of the current retailers and success of phase one.

#### City of Kingsport - Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios Based on Participation in the Public Employee Pension Plan of the TCRS Last Fiscal Year Ending June 30th

	2014	2015
Total Pension Liability		
Service Cost	\$ 3,134,841	\$ 2,928,686
Interest	13,948,239	14,225,977
Changes in Benefit Terms	0	0
Differences Between Actual & Expected Experience	(4,085,461)	1,727,975
Change of Assumptions	0	0
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Employee Contributions	(8,744,114)	(9,432,488)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	4,253,505	9,450,150
Total Pension Liability-Beginning	187,213,741	191,467,246
Total Pension Liability-Ending (a)	\$191,467,246	\$200,917,396
Plan Fiduciary Net Position		
Contributions-Employer	\$ 6,099,494	\$ 5,677,773
Contributions-Employee	149,333	138,269
Net Investment Income	24,199,909	5,146,329
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Employee Contributions	(8,744,114)	(9,432,488)
Administrative Expense	(42,145)	(43,337)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	21,662,477	1,486,546
Plan Fiduciary Net Position-Beginning	147,261,088	168,923,565
Plan Fiduciary Net Position-Ending (b)	\$168,923,565	\$170,410,111
Net Pension Liability (Asset)- Ending (a) - (b)	\$ 22,543,681	\$ 30,507,285
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total Pension Liability	88.23%	84.82%
Covered-Employee Payroll	\$ 35,655,016	\$ 33,574,550
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll	63.23%	90.86%

This is a 10-year schedule however, the information in this schedule is not required to be presented retroactively. Years will be added to this schedule in future fiscal years until 10 years of information is available.

## City of Kingsport Schedule of Contributions Based on Participation in the Public Employee Pension Plan of the TCRS Fiscal Year Ended June 30

	2014	2015	2016
Actuarially Determined Contribution Contributions in Relation to the Actuarially Determined Contribution	\$ 6,099,494 6,099,494	\$ 5,677,773 5,677,773	\$ 5,449,198 5,449,198
Contribution Deficiency (excess)	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
Covered-Employee Payroll	\$ 35,655,016	\$ 33,574,550	\$ 32,224,706
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll	17.11%	16.91%	16.91%

This is a 10-year schedule however, the information in this schedule is not required to be presented retroactively. Years will be added to this schedule in future fiscal years until 10 years of information is available.

## City of Kingsport Notes to Schedule Public Employee Pension Plan of the TCRS

#### **Valuation Date**

Actuarially determined contribution rates for 2016 were calculated based on the July 1, 2013 2013 actuarial valuation.

#### Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates

Actuarial cost method Frozen initial liability

Amortization method Level dollar, closed (not to exceed 20 years)

Remaining amortization period 17 years

Asset valuation 10-year smoothed within a 20 percent corridor to market

value

Inflation 3.00 percent

Salary increases Graded salary ranges from 8.97 to 3.71 percent based

on age, including inflation

Investment Rate of Return 7.5 percent, net of investment expense, including inflation Retirement age Pattern of retirement determined by experience study

Mortality Customized table based on actual experience including an

adjustment for some anticipated improvement

Cost of Living Adjustments 2.5 percent

## Kingsport City Schools Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset) Teacher Legacy Pension Plan of the TCRS Fiscal Year Ended June 30\*

	 2015		2016
Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	0.83%		0.86%
Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ (135,007)	\$	350,455
Covered Payroll	\$ 32,610,169	\$3	2,026,901
Propionate Share of the Net Pension Laibility (Asset) as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	(0.41)%		1.09%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	100.08%		99.81%

<sup>\*</sup>The amounts presented were determined as of June 30 of the prior fiscal year

This is a 10-year schedule how ever, the information in this schedule is not required to be presented retroactively. Years will be added to this schedule in future fiscal years until 10 years of information is available.

## Kingsport City Schools Schedule of Contributions Teacher Legacy Pension Plan of the TCRS Fiscal Year Ended June 30

	2014	2015	2016
Contractually Required	\$ 2,895,779	\$ 2,895,224	\$ 2,855,179
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	2,895,779	2,895,224	2,855,179
Contribution Deficiency (excess)	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
Covered Payroll	\$32,610,169	\$32,026,901	\$31,583,838
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	8.88%	9.04%	9.04%

This is a 10-year schedule how ever, the information in this schedule is not required to be presented retroactively. Years will be added to this schedule in future fiscal years until 10 years of information is available.

# Kingsport City Schools Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset) Teacher Retirement Plan of the TCRS Fiscal Year Ended June 30\*

	 2016
Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	0.42%
Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ (16,828)
Covered Payroll	\$ 869,128
Propionate Share of the Net Pension Laibility (Asset) as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	(1.94)%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	127.46%

<sup>\*</sup>The amounts presented were determined as of June 30 of the prior fiscal year

This is a 10-year schedule however, the information in this schedule is not required to be presented retroactively. Years will be added to this schedule in future fiscal years until 10 years of information is available.

# Kingsport City Schools Schedule of Contributions Teacher Retirement Plan of the TCRS Fiscal Year Ended June 30

	 2015	 2016
Contractually Required	\$ 21,728	\$ 82,339
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	 34,765	 99,167
Contribution Deficiency (excess)	\$ (13,037)	\$ (16,828)
Covered Payroll	\$ 869,128	\$ 2,479,179
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	4.00%	4.00%

This is a 10-year schedule how ever, the information in this schedule is not required to be presented retroactively. Years will be added to this schedule in future fiscal years until 10 years of information is available.

### City of Kingsport - Schedule of Funding Progress Postemployment Health Insurance Plan

Actuarial Valuation Date *	Plan	Val As	uarial ue of sets <u>a)</u>	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) ( <u>(b-a)</u>	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll ((b-a)/c)
July 1, 2015	City Retiree	\$	0	\$ 21,829,468	\$ 21,829,468	0.00%	\$ 30,794,328	71%
July 1, 2014	City Retiree		0	20,682,464	20,682,464	0.00%	29,609,931	70%
July 1, 2013	City Retiree		0	23,012,654	23,012,654	0.00%	30,020,389	77%
July 1, 2012	City Retiree		0	24,569,633	24,569,633	0.00%	28,865,759	85%
July 1, 2011	City Retiree		0	31,010,598	31,010,598	0.00%	27,872,345	111%
July 1, 2010	City Retiree		0	29,469,147	29,469,147	0.00%	26,800,332	110%
July 1, 2009	City Retiree		0	32,019,362	32,019,362	0.00%	23,721,000	134%
July 1, 2007	City Retiree		0	30,541,000	30,541,000	0.00%	21,931,000	139%

<sup>\*</sup> An additional year will be reported as data becomes available.

### Kingsport City Schools - Schedule of Funding Progress Postemployment Health Insurance Plans

Actuarial Valuation Date *	Plan	Val As	uarial ue of sets <u>a)</u>	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) ( <u>b-a)</u>	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Covered Payroll (1) (c)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll ((b-a)/c)
July 1, 2015	KCS Retiree	\$	0	\$ 24,335,937	\$ 24,335,937	0.00%	\$ 43,335,770	56%
July 1, 2015	Medicare Supplement (2) (3)		0	25,653,000	25,653,000	0.00%	N/A	N/A
July 1, 2014	KCS Retiree	\$	0	\$ 23,268,269	\$ 23,268,269	0.00%	\$ 41,669,010	56%
July 1, 2014	Medicare Supplement		0	25,653,000	25,653,000	0.00%	N/A	N/A
July 1, 2013	State Teacher Group	\$	0	\$ 13,210,000	\$ 13,210,000	0.00%	\$ 25,898,037	51%
July 1, 2013	Medicare Supplement		0	25,653,000	25,653,000	0.00%	N/A	N/A
July 1, 2011	State Teacher Group	\$	0	\$ 16,816,000	\$ 16,816,000	0.00%	\$ 23,523,443	71%
July 1, 2011	Medicare Supplement		0	19,371,000	19,371,000	0.00%	N/A	N/A
July 1, 2010	State Teacher Group	\$	0	\$ 17,243,000	\$ 17,243,000	0.00%	\$ 23,571,575	73%
July 1, 2010	Medicare Supplement		0	18,481,000	18,481,000	0.00%	N/A	N/A
July 1, 2009	State Teacher Group	\$	0	\$ 17,196,000	\$ 17,196,000	0.00%	\$ 23,629,947	73%
July 1, 2009	Medicare Supplement		0	18,481,000	18,481,000	0.00%	N/A	N/A
July 1, 2007	State Teacher Group	\$	0	\$ 17,503,000	\$ 17,503,000	0.00%	\$ 22,277,957	70%
July 1, 2007	Medicare Supplement		0	18,268,000	18,268,000	0.00%	N/A	N/A

<sup>\*</sup> An additional year will be reported as data becomes available.

<sup>(1)</sup> Covered Payroll for FY 2016 is based on FY 2015 covered payroll increased using salary scale assumption of 4%.

<sup>(2)</sup> Based on adjustment factgor of 25.66 for FY 2015 and 26.56 for FY 2016. The discount rate and other assumptions to develop the Medicare Supplement Plan group liabilities were selected by the State of Tennessee actuary.

<sup>(3)</sup> Effective January 1, 2017, Kingsport City Schools current and future retirees will be covered under the Local Education Employee Group OPEB Plan through the State of Tennessee. Due to this change, the City has opted to disclose the same AAL and ARC as the FY 2015 reporting period.

## C. COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES



### CITY OF KINGSPORT, TENNESSEE DEBT SERVICE FUND

## SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

	_	ginal dget	Fir	nal Budget		Actual Amount	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES:									
Investment Earnings	\$ 1	29,800	\$	129,800	\$	138,668	\$	8,868	
Federal Interest Subsidy	1	93,700		193,700		191,945		(1,755)	
Total Revenues	3	23,500		323,500		330,613		7,113	
EXPENDITURES:									
Principal	8,0	28,700		7,818,879		7,697,555		121,324	
Interest	4,5	67,900		4,563,439		4,356,358		207,081	
Miscellaneous		8,700		41,867		17,311		24,556	
Total Expenditures	12,6	05,300		12,424,185		12,071,224		352,961	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(12,2	81,800)	(1	12,100,685)	(	11,740,611)		360,074	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):									
Transfers In	12,2	81,800		11,972,017		11,685,371		(286,646)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	12,2	81,800		11,972,017		11,685,371		(286,646)	
Net Change in Fund Balances		0		(128,668)		(55,240)		73,428	
Fund Balances, July 1, 2015		0		128,668		99,358		(29,310)	
Fund Balances, June 30, 2016	\$	0	\$	0	\$	44,118	\$	44,118	

#### CITY OF KINGSPORT, TENNESSEE COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2016

	Special Revenue Funds P												Pern	nanent Fund		
		Community Revenue Development General Fund Projects Fund		Pu	Public Safety Funds		Transportation Funds		Culture & ecreation Funds	Education Funds		otal Special venue Funds	Allandale Trust Fund		Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
ASSETS:																
Cash	\$	0	\$	0	\$	359	\$	100	\$	0	\$ 1,653,441	\$	1,653,900	\$	0	\$ 1,653,900
Equity in Pooled Cash & Investments		1,338		820,643		323,068		285,119		151,763	456,585		2,038,516		8,212	2,046,728
Long Term Certificates of Deposit		0		0		0		0		0	98,000		98,000		152,691	250,691
Investments		0		0		0		0		258,948	66,056		325,004		35,584	360,588
Accounts Receivable		0		0		0		0		40,201	848		41,049		0	41,049
Accrued Interest Receivable		0		0		0		0		0	0		0		69	69
Due from Other Governments		65,728		6,920		1,456		729,652		634,300	547,808		1,985,864		0	1,985,864
Inventories		0		0		0		0		0	193,069		193,069		0	193,069
Prepaids		0		0		0		0		0	527		527		0	527
Restricted Investments		0		0		20,250		0		0	0		20,250		0	20,250
Total Assets	\$	67,066	\$	827,563	\$	345,133	\$	1,014,871	\$	1,085,212	\$ 3,016,334	\$	6,356,179	\$	196,556	\$ 6,552,735
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES: Liabilities:																
Accounts Payable	\$	50,595	\$	81,723	\$	1,240	\$	200,234	\$	10,837	\$ 96,203	\$	440,832	\$	0	\$ 440,832
Other Liabilities		0		0		0		0		0	21,447		21,447		0	21,447
Due to Other Funds		0		0		0		144,324		336,875	446,325		927,524		0	927,524
Due to Other Governments		0		0		0		0		33	0		33		0	33
Unearned Revenue		0		0		0		0		0	62,928		62,928		0	62,928
Total Liabilities		50,595		81,723		1,240		344,558		347,745	626,903		1,452,764		0	1,452,764
Fund Balances: Nonspendable:																
Inventory		0		0		0		0		0	193,069		193,069		0	193,069
Allandale Trust Principal		0		0		0		0		0	0		0		152,691	152,691
Restricted:																
Unspent Federal Forfeitures		0		0		20,250		0		0	0		20,250		0	20,250
Unspent Hotel Tax		0		0		0		0		104,497	0		104,497		0	104,497
Assigned		16,471		745,840		323,643		670,313		632,970	2,196,362		4,585,599		43,865	4,629,464
Total Fund Balances		16,471		745,840		343,893		670,313	_	737,467	2,389,431		4,903,415		196,556	5,099,971
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	67,066	\$	827,563	\$	345,133	\$	1,014,871	\$	1,085,212	\$ 3,016,334	\$	6,356,179	\$	196,556	\$ 6,552,735

### CITY OF KINGSPORT, TENNESSEE COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

#### NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Special Revenue Funds F													Pern	nanent Fund													
		Community Development Fund		Development		Development		Development		Development		evelopment		evelopment		Special Revenue General ojects Fund	Public Safety Funds		Transportation Funds		Culture & Recreation Funds		Education Funds	Total Special Revenue Funds		Allandale Trust Fund		Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
REVENUES:																												
Local Option Sales Tax	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$ 3,807,192	\$	0	\$	3,807,192	\$	0	\$ 3,807,192												
Hotel/Motel Tax Allocation		0		0		0		0	419,397		0		419,397		0	419,397												
Federal Government		529,814		2,842		3,954		1,119,697	0		6,103,361		7,759,668		0	7,759,668												
State Government		0		22,979		0		1,941,751	0		1,025,198		2,989,928		0	2,989,928												
Charges for Services		0		0		0		117,862	111,172		1,052,970		1,282,004		0	1,282,004												
Fines and Forfeitures		0		10,660		172,505		0	0		0		183,165		0	183,165												
Investment Earnings		0		0		146		0	916		421		1,483		2,588	4,071												
Contributions and Donations		0		41,759		0		0	106,171		144,356		292,286		0	292,286												
Other		0		0		0		0	250		0		250		0	250												
Total Revenues		529,814	_	78,240		176,605		3,179,310	4,445,098		8,326,306	_	16,735,373		2,588	16,737,961												
EXPENDITURES:																												
General & Administrative		0		685,416		0		0	0		0		685,416		0	685,416												
School Food Service		0		0		0		0	0		3,242,393		3,242,393		0	3,242,393												
School Federal Projects		0		0		0		0	0		3.697.352		3,697,352		0	3,697,352												
Economic & Physical Development		529,814		0		0		0	0		0		529,814		0	529,814												
Public Safety		0		0		107,075		0	0		0		107,075		0	107,075												
Transportation		0		0		0		4,428,006	0		0		4,428,006		0	4,428,006												
Culture and Recreation		0		0		0		0	181,039		0		181,039		0	181,039												
Education		0		0		0		0	0		1,101,383		1,101,383		0	1,101,383												
Capital Outlay		0		98,445		48,640		200,919	16,443		339,035		703,482		0	703,482												
Total Expenditures		529,814	_	783,861		155,715		4,628,925	197,482		8,380,163		14,675,960		0	14,675,960												
. ota. Zapomanaroo		020,011	_	. 55,55		.00,0	-	.,020,020	.01,102		3,000,100	_	,			,00,000												
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		0		(705,621)		20,890		(1,449,615)	4,247,616		(53,857)		2,059,413		2,588	2,062,001												
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):																												
Transfers In		0		860,909		0		1,439,710	0		63,429		2,364,048		0	2,364,048												
Transfers Out		0		0		0		0	(4,108,379)		(27,843)		(4,136,222)		0	(4,136,222)												
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		0		860,909		0		1,439,710	(4,108,379)		35,586		(1,772,174)		0	(1,772,174)												
Net Change in Fund Balances		0		155,288		20,890		(9,905)	139,237		(18,271)		287,239		2,588	289,827												
Fund Balances, July 1, 2015	_	16,471	_	590,552		323,003		680,218	598,230		2,407,702		4,616,176		193,968	4,810,144												
Fund Balances, June 30, 2016	\$	16,471	\$	745,840	\$	343,893	\$	670,313	\$ 737,467	\$	2,389,431	\$	4,903,415	\$	196,556	\$ 5,099,971												

See Independent Auditors' Report.

# CITY OF KINGSPORT, TENNESSEE COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - PUBLIC SAFETY June 30, 2016

		Criminal Forfeiture Fund		Drug Fund		Justice Assistance Grant Fund		Total Public Safety Funds	
ASSETS:									
Cash	\$	0	\$	359	\$	0	\$	359	
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments		83,450		239,618		0		323,068	
Due from Other Governments		0		882		574		1,456	
Restricted Investments		20,250		0		0		20,250	
Total Assets	\$	103,700	\$	240,859	\$	574	\$	345,133	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES: Liabilities:									
Accounts Payable	\$	0	\$	666	\$	574	\$	1,240	
Due to Other Funds		0		0		0		0	
Unearned Revenue		0		0		0		0	
Total Liabilities		0		666		574		1,240	
Fund Balances:									
Restricted:									
Unspent Federal Forfeitures		20,250		0		0		20,250	
Assigned		83,450		240,193		0		323,643	
Total Fund Balances		103,700		240,193		0		343,893	
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	103,700	\$	240,859	\$	574	\$	345,133	

#### CITY OF KINGSPORT, TENNESSEE

## COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - PUBLIC SAFETY

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

		Criminal Forfeiture Fund		Drug Fund		Justice Assistance Grant Fund		Total Public Safety Funds	
REVENUES:	•	_			•		•		
Federal Government	\$	0	\$	0	\$	3,954	\$	3,954	
State Government		0		0		0		0	
Fines and Forfeitures		6,348		166,157		0		172,505	
Miscellaneous		0		0		0		0	
Investment Earnings		146		0		0		146	
Total Revenues		6,494		166,157		3,954		176,605	
EXPENDITURES:									
General and Administrative		0		0		0		0	
Public Safety		39,645		67,314		116		107,075	
Capital Outlay		9,547		35,255		3,838		48,640	
Total Expenditures		49,192		102,569		3,954		155,715	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(42,698)		63,588		0		20,890	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):									
Transfers In		0		0		0		0	
Transfers Out		0		0		0		0	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		0		0		0		0	
Net Change in Fund Balances		(42,698)		63,588		0		20,890	
Fund Balances, July 1, 2015		146,398		176,605		0		323,003	
Fund Balances, June 30, 2016	\$	103,700	\$	240,193	\$	0	\$	343,893	

# CITY OF KINGSPORT, TENNESSEE COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - TRANSPORTATION June 30, 2016

400570		eral Transit ninistration Fund	F	etropolitan Planning fice Fund	-	ate Street Aid Fund	Tra	Total ansportation Funds
ASSETS: Cash	\$	100	\$	0	\$	0	\$	100
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	Φ	285,119	φ	0	φ	0	Φ	285,119
Due from Other Governments		354,136		119,012		256,504		729,652
Total Assets	\$	639,355	\$	119,012	\$	256,504	\$	1,014,871
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES: Liabilities:								
Accounts Payable	\$	12,870	\$	11,419	\$	175,945	\$	200,234
Due to Other Governments		0		0		0		0
Due to Other Funds		0		66,447		77,877		144,324
Total Liabilities		12,870		77,866		253,822		344,558
Fund Balances:								
Assigned		626,485		41,146		2,682		670,313
Total Fund Balances		626,485		41,146		2,682		670,313
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	639,355	\$	119,012	\$	256,504	\$	1,014,871

#### CITY OF KINGSPORT, TENNESSEE

## COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - TRANSPORTATION

	Federal Transit Administration Fund		F	etropolitan Planning ifice Fund	tate Street Aid Fund	Total Transportation Funds		
REVENUES:								
Federal Government	\$	847,652	\$	272,045	\$ 0	\$	1,119,697	
State Government		526,310		5,720	1,409,721		1,941,751	
Charges for Services		117,862		0	0		117,862	
Investment Earnings		0		0	 0		0	
Total Revenues		1,491,824		277,765	 1,409,721		3,179,310	
EXPENDITURES:								
Transportation		1,511,013		347,785	2,569,208		4,428,006	
Capital Outlay		182,126		4,688	 14,105		200,919	
Total Expenditures		1,693,139		352,473	 2,583,313		4,628,925	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(201,315)		(74,708)	(1,173,592)		(1,449,615)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Transfers In		344,025		(77,907)	1,173,592		1,439,710	
Transfers Out		0		0	 0		0	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		344,025		(77,907)	1,173,592		1,439,710	
Net Change in Fund Balances		142,710		(152,615)	0		(9,905)	
Fund Balances, July 1, 2015		483,775		193,761	 2,682		680,218	
Fund Balances, June 30, 2016	\$	626,485	\$	41,146	\$ 2,682	\$	670,313	

## CITY OF KINGSPORT, TENNESSEE COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - CULTURE AND RECREATION June 30, 2016

	S	Regional ales Tax Revenue Fund	Visitors nancement Fund	-	eadman emetery Fund	Con	ic Library nmission Fund	Bays Iountain ark Fund	Å	Senior Citizens Advisory pard Fund	 al Culture & ecreation Funds
ASSETS:											
Cash	\$	0	\$ 0	\$	0	\$	0	\$ 0	\$	0	\$ 0
Equity in Pooled Cash & Investments		0	64,296		0		3,110	31,501		52,856	151,763
Investments		3,129	0		11,763		1,156	151,657		91,243	258,948
Accounts Receivable		0	40,201		0		0	0		0	40,201
Due from Other Governments		634,300	0		0		0	0		0	634,300
Due from Other Funds		0	 0		0		0	 0		0	 0
Total Assets	\$	637,429	\$ 104,497	\$	11,763	\$	4,266	\$ 183,158	\$	144,099	\$ 1,085,212
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES:											
Liabilities:											
Accounts Payable	\$	0	\$ 0	\$	0	\$	0	\$ 1,799	\$	9,038	\$ 10,837
Due to Other Governments		0	0		0		0	0		33	33
Due to Other Funds		336,875	 0		0		0	 0		0	 336,875
Total Liabilities		336,875	0		0		0	 1,799		9,071	347,745
Fund Balances:											
Restricted for:											
Unspent Hotel Tax		0	104,497		0		0	0		0	104,497
Assigned		300,554	 0		11,763		4,266	 181,359		135,028	 632,970
Total Fund Balances		300,554	104,497		11,763		4,266	 181,359		135,028	737,467
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	637,429	\$ 104,497	\$	11,763	\$	4,266	\$ 183,158	\$	144,099	\$ 1,085,212

See Independent Auditors' Report.

#### CITY OF KINGSPORT, TENNESSEE

### COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - CULTURE AND RECREATION

#### For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Regional Sales Tax Revenue Fund	Visitors Enhancement Fund	Steadman Cemetery Fund	Public Library Commission Fund	Bays Mountain Park Fund	Senior Citizens Advisory Board Fund	Total Culture & Recreation Funds
REVENUES:							
Local Option Sales Tax	\$ 3,807,192	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 3,807,192
Hotel/Motel Tax Allocation	0	419,397	0	0	0	0	419,397
Charges for Services	0	0	0	0	0	111,172	111,172
Investment Earnings	386	0	30	3	331	166	916
Contributions and Donations	0	0	0	0	32,074	74,097	106,171
Other	0	0	0	0	0	250	250
Total Revenues	3,807,578	419,397	30	3	32,405	185,685	4,445,098
EXPENDITURES:							
Culture and Recreation	0	47,887	2,400	0	16,784	113,968	181,039
Capital Outlay	0	0	0	0	5,215	11,228	16,443
Total Expenditures	0	47,887	2,400	0	21,999	125,196	197,482
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over							
(Under) Expenditures	3,807,578	371,510	(2,370)	3	10,406	60,489	4,247,616
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Transfers In	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Transfers Out	(3,570,345)	(538,034)	0	0	0	0	(4,108,379)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(3,570,345)	(538,034)	0	0	0	0	(4,108,379)
Net Change in Fund Balances	237,233	(166,524)	(2,370)	3	10,406	60,489	139,237
Fund Balances, July 1, 2015	63,321	271,021	14,133	4,263	170,953	74,539	598,230
Fund Balances, June 30, 2016	\$ 300,554	\$ 104,497	\$ 11,763	\$ 4,266	\$ 181,359	\$ 135,028	\$ 737,467

See Independent Auditors' Report.

## CITY OF KINGSPORT, TENNESSEE COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - EDUCATION June 30, 2016

		School Nutrition Services Fund	Special School jects Fund	ublic Law -380 Fund	Palr	mer Center Fund	Tot	al Education Funds
ASSETS:			 					
Cash	\$	1,653,441	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$	0	\$	1,653,441
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments		456,585	0	0		0		456,585
Long Term Certificates of Deposit		98,000	0	0		0		98,000
Investments		0	0	0		66,056		66,056
Accounts Receivable		848	0	0		0		848
Due from Other Governments		55,954	147,248	344,606		0		547,808
Prepaids		0	527	0		0		527
Inventories		193,069	 0	 0		0		193,069
Total Assets	\$	2,457,897	\$ 147,775	\$ 344,606	\$	66,056	\$	3,016,334
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES:								
Liabilities:								
Accounts Payable	\$	88,195	\$ 2,800	\$ 5,208	\$	0	\$	96,203
Other Liabilities		0	10,491	10,956		0		21,447
Due to Other Funds		0	117,883	328,442		0		446,325
Due to Other Governments		0	0	0		0		0
Unearned Revenue		46,327	 16,601	 0		0		62,928
Total Liabilities		134,522	 147,775	 344,606		0		626,903
Fund Balances:								
Nonspendable:								
Inventory		193,069	0	0		0		193,069
Assigned	_	2,130,306	 0	 0		66,056		2,196,362
Total Fund Balances		2,323,375	 0	 0		66,056		2,389,431
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	2,457,897	\$ 147,775	\$ 344,606	\$	66,056	\$	3,016,334

#### CITY OF KINGSPORT, TENNESSEE

### COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - EDUCATION

		School Nutrition Services Fund	5	Special School ects Fund		olic Law 80 Fund	Palmer Center Fund		Tot	Total Education Funds	
REVENUES:											
Federal Government	\$	2,223,634	\$	0	\$ 3,	879,727	\$	0	\$	6,103,361	
State Government		27,685		997,513		0		0		1,025,198	
Charges for Services		966,461		86,509		0		0		1,052,970	
Investment Earnings		267		0		0		154		421	
Contributions and Donations		144,356		0		0		0		144,356	
Total Revenues		3,362,403		1,084,022	3,	879,727		154		8,326,306	
EXPENDITURES:											
School Food Service		3,242,393		0		0		0		3,242,393	
School Federal Projects		0		0	3,	697,352		0		3,697,352	
Education		0		1,101,383		0		0		1,101,383	
Capital Outlay	_	137,439		47,064		154,532		0		339,035	
Total Expenditures		3,379,832		1,148,447	3,	851,884		0		8,380,163	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(17,429)		(64,425)		27,843		154		(53,857)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):											
Transfers In		0		63,429		0		0		63,429	
Transfers Out	_	0		0		(27,843)		0		(27,843)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		0		63,429		(27,843)		0		35,586	
Net Change in Fund Balances		(17,429)		(996)		0		154		(18,271)	
Fund Balances, July 1, 2015		2,340,804		996		0		65,902		2,407,702	
Fund Balances, June 30, 2016	\$	2,323,375	\$	0	\$	0	\$	66,056	\$	2,389,431	

### CITY OF KINGSPORT, TENNESSEE CRIMINAL FORFEITURE FUND

## SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	riginal sudget	Fin	al Budget	 Actual Amount	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES:	 			 _	·		
Federal Government	\$ 0	\$	0	\$ 0	\$	0	
Fines and Forfeitures	6,000		6,000	6,348		348	
Investment Earnings	0		0	146		146	
Contributions and Donations	 0		0	 0		0	
Total Revenues	 6,000		6,000	6,494		494	
EXPENDITURES:							
Public Safety	6,000		45,645	39,645		6,000	
Capital Outlay	 0		20,355	 9,547		10,808	
Total Expenditures	 6,000		66,000	 49,192		16,808	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	 0		(60,000)	 (42,698)		17,302	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Transfers In	0		0	0		0	
Transfers Out	 0		0	 0		0	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	0		0	 0		0	
Net Change in Fund Balances	0		(60,000)	(42,698)		17,302	
Fund Balances, July 1, 2015	0		60,000	146,398		86,398	
Fund Balances, June 30, 2016	\$ 0	\$	0	\$ 103,700	\$	103,700	

### CITY OF KINGSPORT, TENNESSEE DRUG FUND

## SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL

		Original Budget	Fin	al Budget	 Actual Amount	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES:								
State Government	\$	0	\$	0	\$ 0	\$	0	
Fines and Forfeitures		98,900		98,900	166,157		67,257	
Miscellaneous	-	0		0	 0		0	
Total Revenues		98,900		98,900	 166,157		67,257	
EXPENDITURES:								
General and Administrative		5,000		0	0		0	
Public Safety		99,600		93,700	67,314		26,386	
Capital Outlay		35,000		50,080	 35,255		14,825	
Total Expenditures		139,600		143,780	 102,569		41,211	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(40,700)		(44,880)	63,588		108,468	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Transfers In		0		0	0		0	
Transfers Out		0		0	 0		0	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		0		0	 0		0	
Net Change in Fund Balances		(40,700)		(44,880)	63,588		108,468	
Fund Balances, July 1, 2015		40,700		44,880	176,605		131,725	
Fund Balances, June 30, 2016	\$	0	\$	0	\$ 240,193	\$	240,193	

#### CITY OF KINGSPORT, TENNESSEE STATE STREET AID FUND

## SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Amount	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES:				
State Government	\$ 1,345,900	\$ 1,401,286	\$ 1,409,721	\$ 8,435
Investment Earnings	0	0	0	0
Miscellaneous	0	0	0	0
Total Revenues	1,345,900	1,401,286	1,409,721	8,435
EXPENDITURES:				
Highways and Streets	2,521,800	2,590,488	2,569,208	21,280
Capital Outlay	0	14,105	14,105	0
Total Expenditures	2,521,800	2,604,593	2,583,313	21,280
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(1,175,900)	(1,203,307)	(1,173,592)	29,715
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Transfers In	1,175,900	1,175,900	1,173,592	(2,308)
Transfers Out	0	0	0	0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	1,175,900	1,175,900	1,173,592	(2,308)
Net Change in Fund Balances	0	(27,407)	0	27,407
Fund Balances, July 1, 2015	0	27,407	2,682	(24,725)
Fund Balances, June 30, 2016	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 2,682	\$ 2,682

# CITY OF KINGSPORT, TENNESSEE REGIONAL SALES TAX REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Amount	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES:				
Local Option Sales Tax	\$ 3,662,800	\$ 3,662,800	\$ 3,807,192	\$ 144,392
Investment Earnings	0	0	386	386
Total Revenues	3,662,800	3,662,800	3,807,578	144,778
EXPENDITURES:				
Culture and Recreation	0	0	0	0
Total Expenditures	0	0	0	0
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	3,662,800	3,662,800	3,807,578	144,778
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Transfers In	0	0	0	0
Transfers Out	(3,662,800)	(3,662,800)	(3,570,345)	92,455
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(3,662,800)	(3,662,800)	(3,570,345)	92,455
Net Change in Fund Balances	0	0	237,233	237,233
Fund Balances, July 1, 2015	0	0	63,321	63,321
Fund Balances, June 30, 2016	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 300,554	\$ 300,554

# CITY OF KINGSPORT, TENNESSEE VISITORS ENHANCEMENT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Original Budget	Fir	nal Budget	Actual Amount	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES:							
Taxes	\$ 385,000	\$	385,000	\$ 419,397	\$	34,397	
Other	0		0	 0		0	
Total Revenues	 385,000		385,000	 419,397		34,397	
EXPENDITURES:							
Culture and Recreation	0		61,168	47,887		13,281	
Capital Outlay	 170,000		32	 0		32	
Total Expenditures	 170,000		61,200	 47,887		13,313	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	215,000		323,800	371,510		47,710	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Transfers In	0		0	0		0	
Transfers Out	 (365,000)		(565,000)	 (538,034)		26,966	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 (365,000)		(565,000)	 (538,034)		26,966	
Net Change in Fund Balances	(150,000)		(241,200)	(166,524)		74,676	
Fund Balances, July 1, 2015	 150,000		241,200	 271,021		29,821	
Fund Balances, June 30, 2016	\$ 0	\$	0	\$ 104,497	\$	104,497	

## CITY OF KINGSPORT, TENNESSEE STEADMAN CEMETERY FUND

## SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Original Budget		Final Budget		-	Actual amount	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES:								
Investment Earnings	\$	50	\$	50	\$	30	\$	(20)
Total Revenues		50		50		30		(20)
EXPENDITURES:								
Culture and Recreation		2,550		2,550		2,400		150
Total Expenditures		2,550		2,550		2,400		150
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(2,500)		(2,500)		(2,370)		130
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Transfers In		0		0		0		0
Transfers Out		0		0		0		0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		0		0		0		0
Net Change in Fund Balances		(2,500)		(2,500)		(2,370)		130
Fund Balances, July 1, 2015		2,500		2,500		14,133		11,633
Fund Balances, June 30, 2016	\$	0	\$	0	\$	11,763	\$	11,763

# CITY OF KINGSPORT, TENNESSEE PUBLIC LIBRARY COMMISSION FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	ginal idget	Final E	3udget_	Actual Amount		Variance witl Final Budge Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES:							
Investment Earnings	\$ 10	\$	10	\$	3	\$	(7)
Contributions and Donations	 0		0		0		0
Total Revenues	 10		10		3		(7)
EXPENDITURES:							
Culture and Recreation	10		10		0		10
Total Expenditures	 10		10		0		10
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over	_				_		_
(Under) Expenditures	 0	-	0		3		3
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Transfers In	0		0		0		0
Transfers Out	 0		0		0		0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	0		0		0		0
Net Change in Fund Balances	0		0		3		3
Fund Balances, July 1, 2015	 0		0		4,263		4,263
Fund Balances, June 30, 2016	\$ 0	\$	0	\$	4,266	\$	4,266

### CITY OF KINGSPORT, TENNESSEE BAYS MOUNTAIN PARK FUND

## SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL

		Original Budget		al Budget	Actual Budget Amount		Fin	iance with aal Budget Positive legative)
REVENUES:	<u> </u>							
Investment Earnings	\$	100	\$	100	\$	331	\$	231
Contributions and Donations		15,000		15,000		32,074		17,074
Total Revenues	·	15,100		15,100		32,405		17,305
EXPENDITURES:								
Capital Outlay		10,500		10,500		5,215		5,285
Culture and Recreation		46,000		47,000		16,784		30,216
Total Expenditures		56,500		57,500		21,999		35,501
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(41,400)		(42,400)		10,406		52,806
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Transfers In		0		0		0		0
Transfers Out		0		0		0		0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		0		0		0		0
Net Change in Fund Balances		(41,400)		(42,400)		10,406		52,806
Fund Balances, July 1, 2015		41,400		42,400		170,953		128,553
Fund Balances, June 30, 2016	\$	0	\$	0	\$	181,359	\$	181,359

# CITY OF KINGSPORT, TENNESSEE SENIOR CITIZENS ADVISORY BOARD FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL

DEV/ENHIES:		Original Budget	Final Budget		Actual Amount		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES:					· <u> </u>		· ·	
Charges for Services	\$	92,000	\$	92,000	\$	111,172	\$	19,172
Investment Earnings		100		100		166		66
Contributions and Donations		57,500		57,500		74,097		16,597
Other		0		0		250		250
Total Revenues		149,600		149,600		185,685		36,085
EXPENDITURES:								
Capital Outlay		0		11,300		11,228		72
Culture and Recreation		149,600		140,155		113,968		26,187
Total Expenditures		149,600		151,455		125,196		26,259
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over								
(Under) Expenditures		0		(1,855)		60,489		62,344
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Transfers In		0		0		0		0
Transfers Out		0		0		0		0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		0		0		0		0
Net Change in Fund Balances		0		(1,855)		60,489		62,344
Fund Balances, July 1, 2015		0		1,855		74,539		72,684
Fund Balances, June 30, 2016	\$	0	\$	0	\$	135,028	\$	135,028

# CITY OF KINGSPORT, TENNESSEE SCHOOL NUTRITION SERVICES FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL

		iginal udget	<u>Fi</u>	nal Budget	Actual Amount				Variance w Final Budg Positive (Negative	
REVENUES:										
Federal Government	\$ 2	,222,800	\$	2,222,800	\$	2,223,634	\$	834		
State Government		32,000		32,000		27,685		(4,315)		
Charges for Services	1	,048,200		1,048,200		966,461		(81,739)		
Investment Earnings		1,100		1,100		267		(833)		
Contributions and Donations		226,400		226,400		144,356		(82,044)		
Total Revenues	3	,530,500		3,530,500		3,362,403		(168,097)		
EXPENDITURES:										
School Food Service	3	,391,500		3,391,500		3,242,393		149,107		
Capital Outlay		365,000		365,000		137,439		227,561		
Total Expenditures	3	,756,500		3,756,500		3,379,832		376,668		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(226,000)		(226,000)		(17,429)		208,571		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):										
Transfers In		0		0		0		0		
Transfers Out		0		0		0		0		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		0		0		0		0		
Net Change in Fund Balances	(	(226,000)		(226,000)		(17,429)		208,571		
Fund Balances, July 1, 2015		226,000		226,000		2,340,804		2,114,804		
Fund Balances, June 30, 2016	\$	0	\$	0	\$	2,323,375	\$	2,323,375		

### CITY OF KINGSPORT, TENNESSEE PALMER CENTER FUND

## SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	iginal udget	Final	Budget	-	Actual Amount		ance with al Budget ositive egative)
REVENUES:							
Investment Earnings	\$ 100	\$	100	\$	154	\$	54
Total Revenues	 100		100		154		54
EXPENDITURES:							
Capital Outlay	100		100		0		100
Total Expenditures	 100		100		0		100
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	 0		0		154		154
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Transfers In	0		0		0		0
Transfers Out	0		0		0		0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 0		0		0		0
Net Change in Fund Balances	0		0		154		154
Fund Balances, July 1, 2015	 0		0		65,902		65,902
Fund Balances, June 30, 2016	\$ 0	\$	0	\$	66,056	\$	66,056

### CITY OF KINGSPORT, TENNESSEE ALLANDALE TRUST FUND

## SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	riginal Budget	Fina	ıl Budget	Actual Amount		iance with al Budget Positive legative)
REVENUES:						
Investment Earnings	\$ 2,500	\$	2,500	\$ 2,588	\$	88
Total Revenues	 2,500		2,500	 2,588		88
EXPENDITURES:						
Culture and Recreation	 2,500		2,500	 0		2,500
Total Expenditures	2,500		2,500	 0		2,500
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	 0		0	2,588		2,588
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Transfers In	0		0	0		0
Transfers Out	0		0	0		0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	0		0	0		0
Net Change in Fund Balances	0		0	2,588		2,588
Fund Balances, July 1, 2015	 0		0	193,968		193,968
Fund Balances, June 30, 2016	\$ 0	\$	0	\$ 196,556	\$	196,556

## CITY OF KINGSPORT, TENNESSEE COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS June 30, 2016

			Storm Water Management Fund		Cattails at MeadowView Golf Course Fund		Total Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	
ASSETS:								
Current Assets:								
Cash	\$	460	\$	0	\$	0	\$	460
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments		0		934,728		0		934,728
Accounts Receivable, Net	10	8,932		211,999		45,819		366,750
Accrued Interest Receivable		583		0		0		583
Inventories		0		0		106,747		106,747
Prepaids		0		0		0		0
Total Current Assets	10	9,975		1,146,727		152,566		1,409,268
Noncurrent Assets:								
Restricted Assets:								
Cash	5	5,800		0		83,000		138,800
Cash from Unspent Bonds	1,52	6,704		33		448		1,527,185
Investments		8,111		0		77		8,188
Total Restricted Assets	1,59	0,615		33		83,525		1,674,173
Capital Assets:			<u> </u>					
Land	1,71	6,309		977,763		981,600		3,675,672
Buildings and Systems	31	4,558		717,794		1,439,145		2,471,497
Improvements Other Than Buildings	1,17	7,264		534,297		6,033,890		7,745,451
Software		6,750		68,125		0		74,875
Machinery and Equipment	2,14	1,516		312,934		471,136		2,925,586
Construction in Progress	1,29	4,881		559,442		0		1,854,323
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(2,24	7,089)		(233,673)		(4,747,606)		(7,228,368)
Total Capital Assets	4,40	4,189		2,936,682		4,178,165		11,519,036
Other Assets:		,						
Prepaid Landfill Closure Costs	28	7,902		0		0		287,902
Total Other Assets	28	7,902		0		0		287,902
Total Noncurrent Assets	6,28	2,706		2,936,715		4,261,690		13,481,111
Total Assets	6,39	2,681		4,083,442		4,414,256		14,890,379
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:								
Deferred Outflows Related to Refunding	1	0,241		42,752		0		52,993
Deferred Outflows Related to Pensions	36	4,922		120,040		0		484,962
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	37	5,163		162,792		0		537,955

(continued)

## CITY OF KINGSPORT, TENNESSEE COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS June 30, 2016

	Solid Waste Management Fund	Storm Water Management Fund	Cattails at MeadowView Golf Course Fund	Total Nonmajor Enterprise Funds
LIABILITIES:			·	
Current Liabilities:				
Accounts Payable	187,021	188,980	42,781	418,782
Due to Other Funds	1,015,017	120,964	113,059	1,249,040
Compensated Absences Payable	100,688	40,037	0	140,725
Retainages Payable	55,800	28,831	294	84,925
Accrued Interest Payable	27,791	13,835	3,621	45,247
General Obligation Bonds - Current	241,865	80,420	160,550	482,835
Other Payables	0	0	0	0
Total Current Liabilities	1,628,182	473,067	320,305	2,421,554
Noncurrent Liabilities:				
General Obligation Bonds Payable (Net of Deferred				
Refunding Costs, Discounts and Premiums)	3,887,487	1,364,915	454,413	5,706,815
OPEB Liability	577,854	102,289	0	680,143
Post Closure Liablility	0	0	0	0
Pension Liability	870,226	291,318	0	1,161,544
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	5,335,567	1,758,522	454,413	7,548,502
Total Liabilities	6,963,749	2,231,589	774,718	9,970,056
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:				
Deferred Inflows Related to Pensions	302,008	104,573	0	406,581
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	302,008	104,573	0	406,581
NET POSITION:				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	1,801,541	1,491,380	3,563,650	6,856,571
Restricted for Debt Service	8,111	0	0	8,111
Restricted for Capital Improvements	0	0	86,735	86,735
Unrestricted	(2,307,565)	418,692	(10,847)	(1,899,720)
Total Net Position	\$ (497,913)	\$ 1,910,072	\$ 3,639,538	\$ 5,051,697

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

### CITY OF KINGSPORT, TENNESSEE COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION

#### NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

#### For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Solid Waste Management Fund		-	orm Water anagement Fund	Cattails at MeadowView Golf Course Fund		tal Nonmajor Enterprise Funds
OPERATING REVENUES:							
Charges and Fees	\$	867,968	\$	1,860,584	\$	898,760	\$ 3,627,312
Penalties and Fines		0		300		0	300
Miscellaneous		4,263		0		0	 4,263
Total Operating Revenue		872,231		1,860,884		898,760	 3,631,875
OPERATING EXPENSES:							
Operating Costs		4,084,754		1,319,583		1,060,870	6,465,207
Depreciation		233,157		99,574		234,481	567,212
Total Operating Expenses		4,317,911		1,419,157		1,295,351	7,032,419
Operating Income (Loss)		(3,445,680)		441,727		(396,591)	(3,400,544)
NONOPERATING REVENUES:							
Investment Earnings		6,633		1,318		6	7,957
Federal Interest Subsidy		4,214		8,427		0	12,641
Interest Expense		(106,472)		(33,791)		(16,566)	(156,829)
Bond Issue Cost		0		(4,551)		0	(4,551)
Total Nonoperating Revenues		(95,625)		(28,597)		(16,560)	(140,782)
Income (Loss) Before Capital Contributions and							
Transfers		(3,541,305)		413,130		(413,151)	(3,541,326)
Transfers In		3,455,000		0		312,505	3,767,505
Transfers Out		0		(96,214)		0	 (96,214)
Change in Net Position		(86,305)		316,916		(100,646)	129,965
Net Position, July 1, 2015		(411,608)		1,593,156		3,740,184	 4,921,732
Net Position, June 30, 2016	\$	(497,913)	\$	1,910,072	\$	3,639,538	\$ 5,051,697

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

#### CITY OF KINGSPORT, TENNESSEE COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Solid Waste Management Fund	Storm Water Management Fund	Cattails at MeadowView Golf Course Fund	Total Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:					
Receipts from Customers and Users	\$ 808,891	\$ 1,786,619	\$ 852,940	\$ 3,448,450	
Receipts from Interfund Services Provided	38,220	83,641	0	121,861	
Payments to Suppliers	(1,975,811)	(594,856)	(1,074,066)	(3,644,733)	
Payments to Employees	(1,894,526)	(772,108)	0	(2,666,634)	
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	(3,023,226)	503,296	(221,126)	(2,741,056)	
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:					
Transfers from Other Funds	3,455,000	0	312,505	3,767,505	
Transfers to Other Funds	0	(96,214)	0	(96,214)	
Advances From Other Funds	316,848	78,856	34,242	429,946	
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital Financing Activities	3,771,848	(17,358)	346,747	4,101,237	
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:					
Proceeds from Capital Debt	1,479,852	0	0	1,479,852	
Capital Transfers from Other Funds	0	0	0	0	
County Revenue for Capital Projects	0	0	0	0	
Acquisition and Construction of Capital Assets	(1,417,045)	(181,498)	0	(1,598,543)	
Principal Paid on Capital Debt	(226,015)	(78,371)	(152,802)	(457,188)	
Interest Paid on Capital Debt	(120,337)	(34,610)	(17,026)	(171,973)	
Proceeds from Sales of Capital Assets	0	0	0	0	
Net Cash Used by Capital and Related Financing Activities	(283,545)	(294,479)	(169,828)	(747,852)	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:					
Proceeds from Sales and Maturities of Investments	0	0	364	364	
Purchase of Investments	(6,470)	0	0	(6,470)	
Interest Received	6,259	1,318	6	7,583	
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities	(211)	1,318	370	1,477	
Net Increase (Decrease) In Cash and Cash Equivalents	464,866	192,777	(43,837)	613,806	
Cash and Cash Equivalents, July 1, 2015	1,118,098	741,984	127,285	1,987,367	
Cash and Cash Equivalents, June 30, 2016	\$ 1,582,964	\$ 934,761	\$ 83,448	\$ 2,601,173	

(continued)

#### CITY OF KINGSPORT, TENNESSEE COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Solid Waste Storm Water Management Management Fund Fund		Cattails at MeadowView Golf Course Fund	Total Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:					
Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:	\$ (3,445,680)	\$ 441,727	\$ (396,591)	\$ (3,400,544)	
Depreciation	233,157	99,574	234,481	567,212	
(Increase) Decrease in Assets:					
Accounts Receivable	(25,120)	9,376	(45,819)	(61,563)	
Inventory	0	0	10,561	10,561	
Prepaids	54,273	11,687	0	65,960	
Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities:					
Accounts Payable	110,091	(69,983)	(24,052)	16,056	
Pension Liabilities and Deferrals	(70,033)	(22,425)	0	(92,458)	
Compensated Absences Payable	4,994	(3,123)	0	1,871	
OPEB Liability	59,292	24,944	0	84,236	
Other Payables	0	0	0	0	
Retainages Payable	55,800	11,519	294	67,613	
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$ (3,023,226)	\$ 503,296	\$ (221,126)	\$ (2,741,056)	
RECONCILIATION OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS FROM STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS TO STATEMENT OF NET POSITION:					
Cash on Hand	\$ 460	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 460	
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	0	934,728	0	934,728	
Restricted Cash from Unspent Bonds	1,526,704	33	448	1,527,185	
Restricted Cash	55,800	0	83,000	138,800	
Cash and Cash Equivalents, June 30, 2016	\$ 1,582,964	\$ 934,761	\$ 83,448	\$ 2,601,173	
NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES:					
Federal Interest Subsidy Paid Directly to Bank	\$ 4,214	\$ 8,427	\$ 0	\$ 12,641	

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

## CITY OF KINGSPORT, TENNESSEE INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2016

	Fleet Operations & Maintenance Fund	Insurance Reserve Fund	Employee Health Insurance Fund	Retirees Health Insurance Fund	School Employee Insurance Fund	School Retirees Insurance Fund	Total Internal Service Funds	
ASSETS:								
Current Assets:								
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$ 0	\$ 5,416,359	\$ 680,099	\$ 639,731	\$ 1,889,847	\$ 167,891	\$ 8,793,927	
Accounts Receivable	0	0	468	7,680	90,164	26,323	124,635	
Accrued Interest Receivable	131	32	0	0	0	0	163	
Due from Other Funds	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Inventories	382,748	0	22,422	0	0	0	405,170	
Prepaids	0	193,168	3,069	1,110	0	0	197,347	
Total Current Assets	382,879	5,609,559	706,058	648,521	1,980,011	194,214	9,521,242	
Capital Assets:								
Land	14,695	0	0	0	0	0	14,695	
Buildings and Improvements	0	0	14,897	0	0	0	14,897	
Machinery and Equipment	30,558,906	0	0	0	0	0	30,558,906	
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(19,552,843)	0	(4,593)	0	0	0	(19,557,436)	
Net Capital Assets	11,020,758	0	10,304	0	0	0	11,031,062	
Other Assets:								
Advances to Other Funds	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Deposits	0	30,000	134,400	33,600	0	0	198,000	
Total Other Assets	0	30,000	134,400	33,600	0	0	198,000	
Restricted Assets:								
Long Term Certificates of Deposit	500,000	500,000	0	0	0	0	1,000,000	
Investments	2,360,137	0	0	0	0	0	2,360,137	
Total Restricted Assets	2,860,137	500,000	0	0	0	0	3,360,137	
Total Assets	14,263,774	6,139,559	850,762	682,121	1,980,011	194,214	24,110,441	

(continued)

## CITY OF KINGSPORT, TENNESSEE INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2016

	Fleet Operations & Maintenance Fund	Insurance Reserve Fund	Employee Health Insurance Fund	Retirees Health Insurance Fund	School Employee Insurance Fund	School Retirees Insurance Fund	Total Internal Service Funds
LIABILITIES:							
Current Liabilities:							
Accounts Payable	286,745	64,662	49,049	0	25,326	0	425,782
Due to Other Governments	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Due to Other Funds	523,786	0	0	0	0	0	523,786
Claims Payable	0	903,287	0	0	0	0	903,287
Benefits Payable	0	2,255,616	401,006	44,557	879,886	112,653	3,693,718
Compensated Absences Payable	81,372	20,759	7,369	0	0	0	109,500
Total Current Liabilities	891,903	3,244,324	457,424	44,557	905,212	112,653	5,656,073
Total Liabilities	891,903	3,244,324	457,424	44,557	905,212	112,653	5,656,073
NET POSITION:							
Net Investment in Capital Assets	11,020,758	0	10,304	0	0	0	11,031,062
Unrestricted	2,351,113	2,895,235	383,034	637,564	1,074,799	81,561	7,423,306
Total Net Position	\$ 13,371,871	\$ 2,895,235	\$ 393,338	\$ 637,564	\$ 1,074,799	\$ 81,561	\$ 18,454,368

#### CITY OF KINGSPORT, TENNESSEE INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

### COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Fleet Operations & Maintenance Fund	Insurance Reserve Fund	Employee Health Insurance Fund	Retirees Health Insurance Fund	School Employee Insurance Fund	School Retirees Insurance Fund	Total Internal Service Funds
OPERATING REVENUE:							
Charges for Sales and Services	\$ 6,624,695	\$ 2,276,823	\$ 7,292,146	\$ 991,926	\$ 9,999,872	\$ 1,190,847	\$ 28,376,309
Miscellaneous	100,441	8,505	491,309	0	181,323	23,021	804,599
Total Operating Revenue	6,725,136	2,285,328	7,783,455	991,926	10,181,195	1,213,868	29,180,908
OPERATING EXPENSES:							
Personnel Services and Benefits	1,209,478	278,291	71,256	0	0	0	1,559,025
Materials and Supplies	3,093,121	2,862	196,373	0	120,645	0	3,413,001
Contractual Services	92,596	56,265	405,743	1,200	223,033	0	778,837
Insurance	22,671	508,790	490,722	47,882	548,429	59,548	1,678,042
Insurance Claims	0	828,841	6,776,704	649,101	7,990,552	1,029,979	17,275,177
Depreciation	2,013,466	0	1,490	0	0	0	2,014,956
Miscellaneous	112,029	25,200	785,446	34,152	533,166	42,780	1,532,773
Total Operating Expenses	6,543,361	1,700,249	8,727,734	732,335	9,415,825	1,132,307	28,251,811
Operating Income (Loss)	181,775	585,079	(944,279)	259,591	765,370	81,561	929,097
NONOPERATING REVENUES:							
Gain on Disposal of Fixed Assets	150	0	0	0	0	0	150
Investment Earnings	10,416	12,996	133	923	0	0	24,468
Total Nonoperating Revenues	10,566	12,996	133	923	0	0	24,618
Income (Loss) Before Transfers	192,341	598,075	(944,146)	260,514	765,370	81,561	953,715
Transfers In	0	0	356,232	0	0	0	356,232
Change in Net Position	192,341	598,075	(587,914)	260,514	765,370	81,561	1,309,947
Net Position, July 1, 2015	13,179,530	2,297,160	981,252	377,050	309,429	0	17,144,421
Net Position, June 30, 2016	\$ 13,371,871	\$ 2,895,235	\$ 393,338	\$ 637,564	\$ 1,074,799	\$ 81,561	\$ 18,454,368

See Independent Auditors' Report.

#### CITY OF KINGSPORT, TENNESSEE INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

#### COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Fleet Operations & Maintenance Fund	Insurance Reserve Fund	Employee Health Insurance Fund	Retirees Health Insurance Fund	School Employee Insurance Fund	School Retirees Insurance Fund	Total Internal Service Funds
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:							
Receipts from Interfund Services Provided	\$ 6,725,135	\$ 2,285,328	\$ 7,934,614	\$ 989,492	\$ 10,170,661	\$ 1,212,371	\$ 29,317,601
Payments to Suppliers	(3,133,168)	(1,531,113)	(8,951,148)	(787,228)	(9,317,839)	(1,125,998)	(24,846,494)
Payments to Employees	(1,207,733)	(276,312)	(69,993)	0	0	0	(1,554,038)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	2,384,234	477,903	(1,086,527)	202,264	852,822	86,373	2,917,069
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:							
Transfers (to) from Other Funds	0	0	356,232	0	0	0	356,232
Advances (to) from Other Funds	509,955	0	0	0	0	(13,450)	496,505
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital Financing Activities	509,955	0	356,232	0	0	(13,450)	852,737
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES	<b>:</b> :						
Capital Transfers from Other Funds	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Purchase of Capital Assets	(2,992,904)	0	0	0	0	0	(2,992,904)
Proceeds from Sales of Capital Assets	150	0	0	0	0	0	150
Net Cash Used by Capital and Related Financing Activities	(2,992,754)	0	0	0	0	0	(2,992,754)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:							
Proceeds from Investments	87,504	0	0	0	0	0	87,504
Interest Received	11,061	12,971	133	923	0	0	25,088
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities	98,565	12,971	133	923	0	0	112,592
Net Increase (Decrease) In Cash and Cash Equivalents	0	490,874	(730,162)	203,187	852,822	72,923	889,644
Cash and Cash Equivalents, July 1, 2015	0	4,925,485	1,410,261	436,544	1,037,025	94,968	7,904,283
Cash and Cash Equivalents, June 30, 2016	\$ 0	\$ 5,416,359	\$ 680,099	\$ 639,731	\$ 1,889,847	\$ 167,891	\$ 8,793,927

(continued)

### CITY OF KINGSPORT, TENNESSEE INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

#### **COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS**

	•	Fleet erations & intenance Fund		Insurance eserve Fund	Employee Health nsurance Fund	Retirees Health nsurance Fund		School Employee nsurance Fund	F	School Retirees isurance Fund	 tal Internal vice Funds
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:											
Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:	\$	181,775	\$	585,079	\$ (944,279)	\$ 259,591	\$	765,370	\$	81,561	\$ 929,097
Depreciation		2,013,466		0	1,490	0		0		0	2,014,956
(Increase) Decrease in Assets:											
Accounts Receivable		0		0	151,160	(2,435)		(10,534)		(1,497)	136,694
Due From Other Governments		0		0	0	0		0		0	0
Inventory		31,734		0	6,608	0		0		0	38,342
Prepaids		0		27,020	0	1		0		0	27,021
Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities:											
Accounts Payable		155,514		3,257	(38,225)	0		(37,495)		0	83,051
Claims Payable		0		(283,548)	0	0		0		0	(283,548)
Benefits Payable		0		144,116	(264,544)	(54,893)		135,481		6,309	(33,531)
Compensated Absences Payable		1,745		1,979	 1,263	 0		0		0	 4,987
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$	2,384,234	\$	477,903	\$ (1,086,527)	\$ 202,264	\$	852,822	\$	86,373	\$ 2,917,069
RECONCILIATION OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS FROM STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS TO STATEMENT OF NET POSITION:											
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$	0	\$	5,416,359	\$ 680,099	\$ 639,731	\$	1,889,847	\$	167,891	\$ 8,793,927
Restricted Assets Cash in Bank		0	_	0	 0	 0	_	0		0	 0
Cash and Cash Equivalents, June 30, 2016	\$	0	\$	5,416,359	\$ 680,099	\$ 639,731	\$	1,889,847	\$	167,891	\$ 8,793,927

## CITY OF KINGSPORT, TENNESSEE DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

	Industria Developme Board		Emergency Communications District		
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:					
Receipts from Customers and Users	\$ 2,324,		725,903		
Payments to Suppliers	(813,		(409,079)		
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	1,511,	069	316,824		
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:					
Noncapital Grants		0	0		
Net Cash Provided by Noncapital Financing Activities		0	0		
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:					
Note Proceeds	4,902,	487	0		
Purchases of Capital Assets	(4,351,	604)	(125,127)		
Capital Grants	1,228,	500	0		
Payments to Grantees		0	0		
Principal Paid on Capital Debt	(1,831,	532)	0		
Interest Paid on Capital Debt	(452,	•	0		
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities	(504,		(125,127)		
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:					
Proceeds from Maturities of Investments		0	0		
Interest Received	11.	330	277		
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities		330	277		
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	1,017,	519	191,974		
Cash and Cash Equivalents, July 1, 2015	865,	234	968,526		
Cash and Cash Equivalents, June 30, 2016	\$ 1,882,	753 \$	1,160,500		
,			,,		
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:					
Operating Income (Loss)	\$ 538,	080 \$	141,192		
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash	Ψ,	•	,		
Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:					
Depreciation	162,	566	164,939		
(Increase) Decrease in Assets:	102,	000	104,500		
Accounts Receivable	13	030	0		
Due from Other Governments	40,	0	0		
	160				
Due from Primary Government	160,		0		
Land Held for Sale or Development	507,		0		
Prepaid Items Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities:	(9,	671)	8,322		
Accounts Payable	(128,	630)	2,371		
Due to Primary Government	·	103)	2,371		
Unearned Income	273,	•	0		
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	<u>\$ 1,511,</u>	069 \$	316,824		
RECONCILIATION OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS FROM STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS TO STATEMENT OF NET POSITION:					
Cash	\$ 1,882,	753 \$	1,160,500		
Restricted Assets Cash in Bank		0	0		
Cash and Cash Equivalents, June 30, 2016	\$ 1,882,	753 \$	1,160,500		
NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES:					
Decrease in Investment in Joint Venture	\$ 7.	560 \$	0		
	Ψ ',	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		

#### D. SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION



## CITY OF KINGSPORT, TENNESSEE CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN THE OPERATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMPARATIVE SCHEDULES BY SOURCE June 30, 2016 and 2015

	 2016	 2015
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS CAPITAL ASSETS:		
Land	\$ 32,211,839	\$ 30,040,799
Buildings	186,458,575	180,589,401
Improvements Other Than Buildings	25,595,304	23,640,593
Equipment	24,528,016	21,389,027
Software	908,338	688,716
Infrastructure	292,617,695	289,685,085
Construction in Progress	 18,271,076	 23,966,570
Total Governmental Funds Fixed Assets	\$ 580,590,843	\$ 570,000,191
INVESTMENTS IN GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS CAPITAL ASSETS BY SOURCE:		
General Obligation Bonds	\$ 420,614,660	\$ 408,330,651
Contributions from Municipalities	517,978	517,978
Federal Grants	10,529,608	9,903,330
State Grants	1,061,110	212,132
County Grants	19,817	19,817
Federal Revenue Sharing	288,158	278,611
General Fund Revenue	15,759,604	15,281,933
Gifts	29,431,052	27,773,643
Annexed Roads	14,297,831	14,297,831
Forfeitures	114,985	114,985
Special Revenue Funds	64,616,621	64,209,565
Operating Revenue	2,305,357	2,330,159
Notes Payable	2,762,986	2,762,986
Construction in Progress	 18,271,076	 23,966,570
Total Governmental Funds Capital Assets	\$ 580,590,843	\$ 570,000,191

This schedule presents only the capital asset balances related to governmental funds. Accordingly, the capital assets reported in internal service funds are excluded from the above amounts. Generally, the capital assets of internal service funds are included as governmental activities in the statement of net assets.

A prior period adjustment was recorded in fiscal year 2015 to capitalize assets from a project that had remained open in construction in progress years after it was put in service. The effect of this correction decreases construction in progress by \$13,376,185 while increasing land by \$1,513,280; buildings by \$11,681,092; improvements other than buildings by \$131,413; and equipment by \$50,400. The 2015 information above includes the prior period adjustment.

See Independent Auditors' Report.

## CITY OF KINGSPORT, TENNESSEE CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN THE OPERATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SCHEDULE BY FUNCTION AND ACTIVITY JUNE 30, 2016

Improvements other than Construction **Function and Activity** Land **Buildings Buildings** Equipment Software Infrastructure in Progress Total General Government: \$ \$ 42,383,882 General Government 23.768.925 2.741.901 \$ 1,014,480 26.173 \$ 2.765.021 \$ 12.067.382 0 Finance 0 0 5,797 19,251 180,748 0 205,796 0 Information Services 0 0 0 444,521 40.274 0 0 484,795 Geographic Information 0 0 86,598 0 0 8,500 0 95,098 0 **Total General Government** 12,067,382 23,768,925 2,747,698 1,564,850 255,695 2,765,021 43,169,571 **Economic and Physical Development:** 0 650,519 33,326 **Development Services** 0 0 0 0 683,845 0 1,691,919 133,476 2,149,789 277,879 0 9,195 4,262,258 Transportation Engineering 0 0 0 45,335 0 0 428,836 474,171 Total Economic and Physical Development 0 277,879 0 2,342,438 166,802 2,195,124 438,031 5,420,274 Public Safety: Police 90,588 4,677,342 66,272 3,889,951 87,248 0 177,175 8,988,576 0 Fire 1,173,230 5,613,620 837,139 1,630,812 11.665 1,988,696 11,255,162 66,535 66,972 0 0 0 Communication 0 0 133,507 Central Dispatch 0 0 2,046,631 0 0 0 2,046,631 Total Public Safety 1,263,818 10,357,497 903,411 7,634,366 98,913 0 2,165,871 22,423,876 Public Works: General and Administrative 0 340,217 44,744 148,655 0 344,469 0 878,085 Sanitation 0 0 0 5.000 0 0 0 5,000 Streets 0 0 1,123,214 901,351 0 39,842,439 3,148,639 45,015,643 Maintenance 0 136,572 12,410 814,600 0 0 32,262 995,844

(continued)

0

0

1,180,368

0

0

1,869,606

0

0

0

8,348,531

243,605,639

292,141,078

0

0

3,180,901

8,348,531

243,605,639

298,848,742

0

0

476,789

0

0

0

**Bridges System** 

Total Public Works

Highways System

## CITY OF KINGSPORT, TENNESSEE CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN THE OPERATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SCHEDULE BY FUNCTION AND ACTIVITY JUNE 30, 2016

Improvements other than Construction in Progress **Function and Activity** Land **Buildings Buildings** Equipment Software Infrastructure Total Culture and Recreation: Senior Citizens 13.550 0 3,871,547 29.040 11.228 0 0 3,925,365 Recreation 12,721,148 24,190,536 9,214,746 731,040 0 8,398,434 55,255,904 Cultural Arts 140,000 1,588,691 320,957 358,550 0 0 0 2,408,198 Bays Mountain 980,962 953,077 332,042 1,143,272 0 25,149 3,434,502 0 Allandale 306,018 416,692 663,561 192,686 0 0 0 1,578,957 Library 133,000 3,920,617 156,455 0 476,617 0 4,686,689 Total Culture and Recreation 14,281,128 34,941,160 10,560,346 2,593,231 13,550 476,617 8,423,583 71,289,615 Education 4,599,511 114,571,766 10,036,679 8,670,839 262,301 0 1,297,669 139,438,765 Total Governmental Funds Capital Assets 25,595,304 \$ 24,528,016 908,338 \$ 292,617,695 \$ 580,590,843 \$ 32,211,839 186,458,575 \$ 18,271,076

This schedule presents only the capital asset balances related to governmental funds. Accordingly, the capital assets reported in the internal service funds are excluded from the above amounts.

Generally, the capital assets of internal service funds are included as governmental activities in the statement of net assets.

## CITY OF KINGSPORT, TENNESSEE CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN THE OPERATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SCHEDULE OF CHANGES BY FUNCTION AND ACTIVITY

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

Function and Activity	Governmental Funds Capital Assets June 30, 2015	Additions	Deletions	Adjustments	Governmental Funds Capital Assets June 30, 2016
General Government:					
General Government	\$ 42,030,877	\$ 2,455,969	\$ (2,087,923)	\$ (15,041)	\$ 42,383,882
Finance	205,796	0	0	0	205,796
Information Services	454,613	30,182	0	0	484,795
Geographic Information	95,098	0	0	0	95,098
Total General Government	42,786,384	2,486,151	(2,087,923)	(15,041)	43,169,571
Economic and Physical Development:					
Development Services	683,845	0	0	0	683,845
Transportation	3,396,465	993,594	(127,801)	0	4,262,258
Engineering	58,831	415,340	0	0	474,171
Total Economic and Physical Development	4,139,141	1,408,934	(127,801)	0	5,420,274
Public Safety:					
Police	8,699,225	2,193,526	(1,904,175)	0	8,988,576
Fire	9,248,171	2,951,155	(944,164)	0	11,255,162
Communication	133,507	0	0	0	133,507
Central Dispatch	2,046,631	0	0	0	2,046,631
Total Public Safety	20,127,534	5,144,681	(2,848,339)	0	22,423,876
Public Works:					
General and Administrative	878,085	0	0	0	878,085
Sanitation	5,000	0	0	0	5,000
Streets	43,480,603	4,365,562	(2,830,522)	0	45,015,643
Maintenance	1,003,252	108,859	(116,267)	0	995,844
Bridges System	8,348,531	0	0	0	8,348,531
Highways System	243,605,639	0	0	0	243,605,639
Total Public Works	297,321,110	4,474,421	(2,946,789)	0	298,848,742
Culture and Recreation:					
Senior Citizens	3,914,137	11,228	0	0	3,925,365
Recreation	53,752,462	5,257,135	(3,753,693)	0	55,255,904
Cultural Arts	444,554	1,963,644	0	0	2,408,198
Bays Mountain	3,389,989	44,513	0	0	3,434,502
Allandale	1,507,195	71,762	0	0	1,578,957
Library	4,378,704	307,985	0	0	4,686,689
Total Culture and Recreation	67,387,041	7,656,267	(3,753,693)	0	71,289,615
Education	138,238,981	3,995,590	(2,737,014)	(58,792)	139,438,765
Total Governmental Funds Capital Assets	\$ 570,000,191	\$ 25,166,044	\$ (14,501,559)	\$ (73,833)	\$ 580,590,843

This schedule presents only the capital asset balances related to governmental funds. Accordingly, the capital assets reported in the internal service fund are excluded from the above amounts. Generally, the capital assets of internal service funds are included as governmental activities in the statement of net assets.

#### CITY OF KINGSPORT, TENNESSEE ENTERPRISE FUNDS

#### SCHEDULE OF OPERATING COSTS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Water Fund	Sewer Fund	Aquatic Center Fund	MeadowView Conference Resort and Convention Center Fund	Other Enterprise Funds	Total Enterprise Funds
General and Administrative:						
Personnel Services	\$ 487,890	\$ 440,950	\$ 11,500	\$ 0	\$ 84,236	\$ 1,024,576
Contractual Services	302,722	188,317	28,626	30,600	370,916	921,181
Supplies	241,032	19,663	6,919	102,967	22,864	393,445
Insurance	44,616	56,000	37,566	31,452	29,024	198,658
Subsidies and Contributions	0	0	0	308,793	0	308,793
Base Management Fee	0	0	0	145,818	26,177	171,995
Other	191,366	61,602	1,392	190,463	69,323	514,146
Total General and Administrative	1,267,626	766,532	86,003	810,093	602,540	3,532,794
Operations:						
Water Plant Operations	2,990,091	0	0	0	0	2,990,091
Sewer Plant Operations	0	3,118,153	0	0	0	3,118,153
Water Distribution System Maintenance	2,729,065	0	0	0	0	2,729,065
Sewer Collection System Maintenance	0	1,461,438	0	0	0	1,461,438
Reading, Service and Maintenance of Meters	520,827	0	0	0	0	520,827
Landfill Operations and Services	0	0	0	0	707,463	707,463
Solid Waste Collection Services	0	0	0	0	727,061	727,061
Organic Refuse Services	0	0	0	0	1,814,473	1,814,473
Recycling Services	0	0	0	0	728,566	728,566
Storm Water Maintenance	0	0	0	0	1,120,247	1,120,247
Aquatic Center Operations	0	0	1,635,747	0	0	1,635,747
Golf Grounds Maintenance	0	0	0	0	340,154	340,154
Golf Pro Shop	0	0	0	0	376,582	376,582
Golf Shop Food and Beverage	0	0	0	0	48,121	48,121
Total Operations	6,239,983	4,579,591	1,635,747	0	5,862,667	18,317,988
Total Operating Costs	\$ 7,507,609	\$ 5,346,123	\$ 1,721,750	\$ 810,093	\$ 6,465,207	\$ 21,850,782

See Independent Auditors' Report.

#### CITY OF KINGSPORT, TENNESSEE NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS SCHEDULE OF OPERATING COSTS

	Solid Waste Management Fund	Storm Water Management Fund	Cattails at MeadowView Golf Course Fund	Total Nonmajor Enterprise Funds
General and Administrative:				
Personnel Services	\$ 59,292	\$ 24,944	\$ 0	\$ 84,236
Contractual Services	4,600	172,187	194,129	370,916
Supplies	0	2,178	20,686	22,864
Insurance	25,000	0	4,024	29,024
Subsidies and Contributions	0	0	0	0
Base Management Fee	0	0	26,177	26,177
Other	18,299	27	50,997	69,323
Total General and Administrative	107,191	199,336	296,013	602,540
Operations:				
Landfill Operations and Services	707,463	0	0	707,463
Solid Waste Collection Services	727,061	0	0	727,061
Organic Refuse Services	1,814,473	0	0	1,814,473
Recycling Services	728,566	0	0	728,566
Storm Water Maintenance	0	1,120,247	0	1,120,247
Golf Grounds Maintenance	0	0	340,154	340,154
Golf Pro Shop	0	0	376,582	376,582
Golf Shop Food and Beverage	0	0	48,121	48,121
Total Operations	3,977,563	1,120,247	764,857	5,862,667
Total Operating Costs	\$ 4,084,754	\$ 1,319,583	\$ 1,060,870	\$ 6,465,207

#### CITY OF KINGSPORT, TENNESSEE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

### PREST PROUGH Tennessee Department of Education:	Federal Granting Agency/ Recipient State Agency/ Grant Program/ Grant Number	Federal CFDA Number	Contract Number	Subrecipient DUNS	Passed - Through to Subrecipient	FY2016 Federal Expenditures
National Scince Lunch Program   10.555   \$1.577,345   \$5.05.05   \$1.507,345   \$5.05.05   \$1.507,345   \$1.505.05	U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE					
School Breakfast Program   10.559   78.283   78.581   78.283   7	Pass Through Tennessee Department of Education:					
Summe Feeding Program   10.559   78.283   78.2	•					\$ 1,577,345
Pass Through Tennesise Department of Agriculture						
Commontly Supplemental Feeding   10.569   2.345.616		10.559				78,263
Total U.S. Department of Arginoluture  2.345,616  U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION  Pass Through Tennessee Department of Education:  Title I, Project 16-01  Title I, School Information Infor		10.569				121,982
### DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION  Pass Triculal Tennesses Department of Education:  Table   Propiet 16-01	•					
Title   Project 15-21						
Title   Project 15-21						
Title I, Project 16-01         84.010         17,08,148           Title I, School Improvement 2016         84.010         71,803           IDEA Part B, 15-21         84.027         31,829           IDEA Part B, Supplement         84.027         6,187           GLE Part B, Supplement         84.027         6,187           GLE Part B, Supplement         84.028         118,000           GLE Part B, Supplement         84.028         118,000           GLE Part B, Supplement         84.027         84.027           GLE Part B, Supplement         84.027         84.037           Title II, 2015, 2015-21         84.367         42.865           Title III, 2015, 2015-21         84.367         260,935           Horn B, Supplement B,		84 010				214 442
Tille 1, School Improvement 2016						,
IDEA Part B, 15-21						
IDEA Part B, 16-01						
IDEA Part B, Supplement						,
Carl Perkins, 2016						, ,
Carl Perkins Incentive 2016   94.4173   9.888   Pre School 16-01   94.173   9.888   Pre School 16-01   94.173   9.888   Pre School 16-01   94.173   9.888   Pre School 16-01   94.1367   42.865   1718   12.016, 2016-01   94.367   20.0395   1718   12.016, 2016-01   94.367   20.0395   1718   12.016, 2016-01   94.367   20.0395	· · ·					
Pre School 15-21         84.173         31.197           Title II, 2015, 2015-21         84.367         42.865           Title II, 2015, 2015-21         84.367         42.865           Homeless Assistance Grant         84.196         44.462           Safe and Supportive School Grant (S3)         84.184         23.340           Pass Through City of Greenville, Tennessee:         11 (III., 2016-01         84.365         512           Title III., 2016-01         84.365         7.962           Pass-Through Tennessee Department of Labor:         224.911           Adult Basic Education         84.002         DG 1234579         224.911           Total U.S. Department of Education         84.002         DG 1234579         224.911           V.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE         V.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE         V.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE         V.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE         V.S. Experiment of Education         16.607         10054361         2.842           Jask Forca SE-TINE-258 KC-15-0019         16.012         TNE-258 KC-15-0019         2.842           Task Forca SE-TINE-258 KC-15-0019         16.012         TNE-258 KC-15-0019         2.842           Jask Captal Coparating Plancing Coparating	,					
Tille II, 2015, 2015-21         84,367         22,835           Homeless Assistance Grant         84,196         44,462           Safe and Supportive School Grant (S3)         84,184         23,340           Pass Through City of Greenville, Tennessee:         11tile III, 2016-01         84,385         512           Tille III, 2016-01         84,385         7,962           Pass-Through Tennessee Department of Labor:         24,911         24,4911           Total U.S. Department of Education         84,002         DG 1234579         224,911           Total U.S. Department of Education         84,002         DG 1234579         224,911           U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE           Direct Programs:           U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE           Direct Programs:           U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE           Direct Programs:           Total U.S. Department of Justice         16,807         10054361         2,842           Task Force SE-TINE-258 KC-15-0019         16,012         TNE-258 KC-15-0019         2,882           Justice Assistance Grant / 2015-D-BX-0455         16,579         2015-D-BX-0455         116           U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION         Direct Programs:	Pre School 15-21	84.173				
Title II. 2016, 2016-01         84,887         280,335           Homeless Assistance Grant         84,196         44,462           Safe and Supportive School Grant (\$3)         84,184         23,340           Pass Through City of Greenville, Tennessee:         1         512           Title III., 2015-21         84,365         7,592           Pass-Through Tennessee Department of Labor:         4,172,440           Adult Basic Education         84,002         DG 1234679         224,911           Total U.S. Department of Education         4,172,440         4,172,440           U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE           Direct Programs:           Builatproof Vast Partnership Program 10054361         16,607         10054361         2,842           Task Force SE-TIME-258 KC-15-0019         16,012         TNE-258 KC-15-0019         16,854           Justice Assistance Grant / 2013-DJ-BX-0455         16,579         2013-DJ-BX-0455         116           Justice Assistance Grant / 2015-DJ-BX-0566         16,579         2015-DJ-BX-0566         3,383           Total U.S. Department of Justice         2,507         2,15-UROP06-00         67,884           ETA Capital/Operating/Planning TN-90-X368         20,507         2,17-UROP06-00         36,599						

(continued)

#### CITY OF KINGSPORT, TENNESSEE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

Federal Granting Agency/ Recipient State Agency/ Grant Program/ Grant Number	Federal CFDA Number	Contract Number	Subrecipient DUNS	Passed - Through to Subrecipient	FY2016 Federal Expenditures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT					
Direct Programs: Community Development Block Grants Community Development Block Grants Community Development Block Grants Community Development Block Grants	14.218 14.218 14.218 14.218	B-15-MC-47-0004 B-15-MC-47-0004 B-15-MC-47-0004 B-15-MC-47-0004	19-924-3010 06-318-8200 08-881-9396	\$ 11,825 \$ 27,960 \$ 18,574	390,896
Pass-Through Tennessee Department of Health & Human Services: Emergency Solutions Grant Program	14.231	E-15-DC-47-0001			138,918
Total U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development					529,814
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES					
Pass-Through First Tennessee Development District: Title III-B Transportation& III-D Health Promotion	93.044	KINGS-2015-HOOT-15			10,000
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services					10,000
EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT					
Pass-Through Financial Commission for Appalachia HIDTA: High Intensity Drug Trafficking Area	95.001	G12AP0001A			5,981
Total Executive Office of the President					5,981
INSTITUTE OF MUSEUM AND LIBRARY SERVICES					
Pass-Through Tennessee State Library and Archives: Library Services Technology Act Grant	45.310	30504-00116-67			3,500
Total Institute of Museum and Library Services					3,500
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE					
Public Works Program Raw Water Conveyance Upgrade	11.300	04-01-0615			594,712
Total U.S. Department of Commerce					594,712
ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY					
Pass-Through Tennessee Department of Environment and Conservation Capitalization Grants for Drinking Water State Revolving Loan Funds	66.468	DWF 2014-140			5,734,116
Total Environmental Protection Agency					5,734,116
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards					\$ 15,131,796

#### NOTE A: BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the schedule) includes the federal award activity of the City under programs of the federal government for the fiscal year. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of *Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*. (Uniform Guidance). Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Clty, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net assets, or cash flows of the City.

#### NOTE B: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the schedule represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior fiscal years.

#### NOTE C: FOOD DISTRIBTION

Non-monetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the fair market value of commoditites received and used.

#### NOTE D: INDIRECT COST RATES

The City has not made an election regarding use of the 10 percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

#### NOTE E: OUTSTANDING LOAN BALANCES

The City has a State Revolving Loan with an outstanding balance of \$3,894,310 at June 30, 2016. Of this balance \$3,155,594 was federal money while \$738,716 was state money. The total loan available is \$15,000,000 and carries an interest rate of 1.78%.

#### CITY OF KINGSPORT, TENNESSEE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF STATE AWARDS For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

Granting Agency/ Pass-Through Agency Grant Program/ Grant Number	State Contract Number	Pass-Through Entity identifying Number	;	2016 State enditures
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT				
Tennessee Arts Commission				
Arts Program Categorical Grants	31625		\$	8,640
Total Tennessee Arts Commission				8,640
Tennessee Department of Health & Human Services				
Pass-Through First Tennessee Development District:				
State Senior Center Operations Grant		KINGS-2015-HOOT-15		16,667
Total Tennessee Department of Health & Human Services				16,667
Tennessee Department of Transportation				
TN-80-0005-00 Operating 82-5303-S3-016	GG-14-41412-00			4,794
TN-90-X-368 Operating 82UROP-S3-017	Z-15-40943-00			24,607
TN-90-X-383 Operating 82UROP-S3-017	82UROP-S3-017			472,587
TN-90-X-009 Operating 82UROP-S3-017	82UROP-S3-017		-	29,115
Total Tennessee Department of Transportation			-	531,103
Tennessee Department of Children's Services				
Truancy Intervention Program	GG-12-30644			53,720
Total Tennessee Department of Children's Services				53,720
Tennessee Department of Education				
LEAPS Program	119-12-02-041			223,419
Safe Schools Pre-Kindergarten- Lottery	GP-46590 MX0-AAX			29,080 491,322
Family Resource	MTE-AAX			29,587
Coordinated School Health	GZB-AAX			102,583
Total Tennessee Department of Education	02B 7000			875,991
Tennessee Department of Agriculture				
Madd Branch Storm Water Device	GG-09-25533-00			27,500
Total Tennessee Department of Agriculture				27,500
Tennessee Department of Environment and Conservation				
Clean Tennessee Energy Grant	100407			148,750
Capitalization Grants for Drinking Water State Revolving Loan Funds	DWF 2014-140			1,341,377
Total Tennessee Department of Environment Conservation				1,490,127
Total State Awards for the Primary Government				3,003,748
COMPONENT UNIT INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT BOARD				
Tennessee Department of Economic and Community Development				
Pure Foods Building Improvements	33006-28015			1,228,500
Total Industrial Development Board	00000 20010			1,228,500
				, 2,220
Total State Awards			\$	4,232,248

#### **STATISTICAL SECTION**

This part of the City of Kingsport, Tennessee's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures and required supplementary information says about the government's overall financial health.

Contents:	Page
Financial Trends  Tables 1 - 6 contain trend information to help the reader understand how the government's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	209
Revenue Capacity  Tables 7 - 12 contain information to help the reader assess the government's most significant local revenue sources, the property tax and local option sales tax.	217
Debt Capacity  Tables 13 - 17 present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the government's current levels of outstanding debt and the government's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	223
Demographic and Economic Information  Tables 18 - 19 offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the government's financial activities take place.	228
Operating Information  Tables 20 - 29 contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the government's financial report relates to the services the government provides and the activities it performs.	230
Note: Statistical tables are exclusive of any prior period adjustments.	
Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the relevant year.	red from the

### CITY OF KINGSPORT, TENNESSEE NET POSITION BY COMPONENT Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

					Fiscal Year					
	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
Governmental Activities Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt Restricted Unrestricted	\$ 244,856,000 33,768,000 9,145,000	\$ 251,706,778 30,399,946 2,085,078	\$ 255,888,658 22,286,383 (702,400)	\$ 262,313,208 184,626 6,871,567	\$ 246,176,930 184,662 9,312,041	\$ 241,652,040 178,140 284,928	\$ 236,819,524 195,625 (6,270,614)	\$ 229,484,970 247,951 (9,459,253)	\$ 220,670,564 215,639 (42,782,973)	\$ 215,146,670 172,941 (39,294,647)
Total Governmental Activities Net Position	\$ 287,769,000	\$ 284,191,802	\$ 277,472,641	\$ 269,369,401	\$ 255,673,633	\$ 242,115,108	\$ 230,744,535	\$ 220,273,668	\$ 178,103,230	\$ 176,024,964
Business-Type Activities Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt Restricted Unrestricted	\$ 133,869,000 952,000 10,225,000	\$ 142,403,592 1,119,119 13,816,505	\$ 149,317,029 939,246 16,644,944	\$ 157,978,008 882,421 16,420,757	\$ 163,891,065 1,432,126 17,296,662	\$ 169,428,141 619,678 17,772,154	\$ 179,431,176 364,708 13,894,445	\$ 183,789,590 469,895 11,926,884	\$ 183,083,561 406,253 6,201,559	\$ 188,268,413 604,795 3,791,304
Total Business-Type Activities Net Position	\$ 145,046,000	\$ 157,339,216	\$ 166,901,219	\$ 175,281,186	\$ 182,619,853	\$ 187,819,973	\$ 193,690,329	\$ 196,186,369	\$ 189,691,373	\$ 192,664,512
Primary Government										
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	\$ 378,725,000	\$ 394,110,370	\$ 405,205,687	\$ 420,291,216	\$ 410,067,995	\$ 411,080,181	\$ 416,250,700	\$ 413,274,560	\$ 403,754,125	\$ 403,415,083
Restricted	34,720,000	31,519,065	23,225,629	1,067,047	1,616,788	797,818	560,333	717,846	621,892	777,736
Unrestricted	19,370,000	15,901,583	15,942,544	23,292,324	26,608,703	18,057,082	7,623,831	2,467,631	(36,581,414)	(35,503,343)
Total Primary Government Net Position	\$ 432,815,000	\$ 441,531,018	\$ 444,373,860	\$ 444,650,587	\$ 438,293,486	\$ 429,935,081	\$ 424,434,864	\$ 416,460,037	\$ 367,794,603	\$ 368,689,476

Source: City of Kingsport Finance Department

Note: Financial statements prior to June 30, 2008 were rounded to thousands.

#### CITY OF KINGSPORT, TENNESSEE CHANGES IN NET POSITION Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

_					Fiscal	Year				
_	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
Expenses										
Governmental Activities:										
General Government	\$ 10,185,000	\$ 10,448,110	\$ 8,346,300	\$ 11,201,367	\$ 14,877,308	\$ 12,574,751	\$ 12,206,753	\$ 9,342,864	\$ 10,576,342	\$ 10,413,192
Public Safety	16,994,000	19,844,589	19,955,908	19,485,392	20,186,463	20,995,344	21,116,177	21,804,504	21,215,734	21,663,334
Public Works	11,388,000	13,370,957	12,871,747	14,690,010	15,325,189	13,397,601	13,504,933	13,920,899	14,606,362	15,579,088
Highway Transportation Planning	2,820,000	3,121,176	3,532,499	5,767,852	3,846,573	3,804,969	4,219,117	4,876,627	5,319,159	4,428,006
Economic and Physical Development	3,418,000	4,097,855	4,397,024	4,234,673	4,792,022	4,852,780	4,590,460	4,647,819	4,358,455	4,326,769
Culture and Recreation	5,097,000	6,802,922	6,535,076	6,144,900	6,590,859	6,691,418	7,295,391	7,308,927	7,347,859	7,784,401
Education	60,306,000	66,063,108	69,060,256	71,107,497	75,900,414	75,544,772	75,456,221	77,124,830	74,368,054	78,180,717
Interest on Long-Term Debt	1,470,000	3,244,491	3,276,319	4,069,104	4,718,229	4,551,533	3,253,559	4,121,095	4,189,508	4,008,351
Other	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total Governmental Activities Expenses	111,678,000	126,993,208	127,975,129	136,700,795	146,237,057	142,413,168	141,642,611	143,147,565	141,981,473	146,383,858
Business-Type Activities:										
Water	7,910,000	8,971,314	9,208,308	9,068,323	9,630,478	10,329,009	10,373,689	10,848,749	10,689,783	11,029,910
Sewer	7,582,000	7,941,556	8,527,859	8,082,865	8,227,535	8,267,253	8,687,619	8,912,004	11,281,230	11,853,057
Solid Waste Management	4,432,000	3,798,666	3,643,156	3,614,988	4,009,722	4,367,121	4,246,071	4,379,003	4,249,886	4,424,383
Storm Water Management	0	0	0	0	0	671,575	848,997	1,230,005	1,347,121	1,457,499
Aquatic Center	0	0	0	0	0	0	753,495	3,220,643	3,058,481	2,984,965
MeadowView Conference Center	1,230,000	1,246,702	1,461,629	1,986,408	1,597,797	1,362,677	1,559,914	2,954,368	2,944,790	2,685,147
Cattails at MeadowView Golf Course	1,432,000	1,447,591	1,361,077	1,586,343	1,384,281	1,325,339	1,313,104	1,335,963	1,288,216	1,311,917
Total Business-Type Activities Expenses	22,586,000	23,405,829	24,202,029	24,338,927	24,849,813	26,322,974	27,782,889	32,880,735	34,859,507	35,746,878
Total Primary Government Expenses	\$ 134,264,000	\$ 150,399,037	\$ 152,177,158	\$ 161,039,722	\$ 171,086,870	\$ 168,736,142	\$ 169,425,500	\$ 176,028,300	\$ 176,840,980	\$ 182,130,736
Program Revenues										
Governmental Activities:										
Charges for Services:										
General Government	\$ 821,000	\$ 138,937	\$ 194,323	\$ 687,263	\$ 1,596,808	\$ 681,275	\$ 683,997	\$ 491,916	\$ 1,036,182	\$ 1,097,954
Public Safety	314,000	2,478,198	2,384,667	1,789,496	1,820,625	1,179,259	1,106,058	1,227,933	1,106,788	1,259,977
Highway Transportation Planning	97,000	97,070	120,520	103,207	110,713	122,236	127,303	130,945	147,631	117,862
Economic and Physical Development	519,000	513,595	562,536	1,192,238	1,079,506	996,925	1,028,954	764,682	599,980	900,416
Culture and Recreation	678,000	748,935	754,137	818,919	987,328	988,565	991,503	963,498	1,029,146	1,324,523
Education	2,726,000	2,472,281	2,452,987	2,475,034	2,485,634	2,540,181	2,348,049	2,344,300	2,287,373	2,417,198
Operating Grants and Contributions	29,035,000	31,848,530	32,757,394	34,317,663	37,442,335	38,727,209	37,090,159	38,620,397	38,081,890	38,590,390
Capital Grants and Contributions	706,000	6,982,702	4,179,278	7,348,567	9,217,970	4,786,618	2,298,091	2,043,937	3,351,516	2,411,235
Total Governmental Activities Program Revenues	34,896,000	45,280,248	43,405,842	48,732,387	54,740,919	50,022,268	45,674,114	46,587,608	47,640,506	48,119,555
Business-Type Activities:										
Charges for Services:										
Water	13,445,000	13,073,516	12,981,541	12,513,017	12,383,505	12,667,214	12,235,550	12,791,336	13,262,329	13,575,659
Sewer	13,357,000	12,740,996	13,081,940	12,618,400	12,276,442	12,371,334	12,611,643	13,142,602	13,305,667	13,750,057
Solid Waste Management	580,000	783,960	679,518	772,999	829,411	944,641	802,090	832,053	1,006,285	872,231
Storm Water Management	0	0	0	0	0	910,822	1,809,829	1,840,865	1,813,527	1,860,884
Aquatic Center	0	0	0	0	0	0	331,444	1,428,226	1,388,065	1,348,766
MeadowView Conference Center	287,000	283,188	259,746	251,800	303,648	321,915	188,114	180,481	223,898	384,717
Cattails at MeadowView Golf Course	1,025,000	1,095,861	1,042,420	981,837	938,658	1,011,026	945,421	948,586	819,742	898,760
			0	0	229,976	186,888	238,749	185,308	181,030	174,903
Operating Grants and Contributions	0	0	-							
Operating Grants and Contributions Capital Grants and Contributions	0	2,660,735	2,123,441	1,296,823	655,174	65,871	507,015	1,033,605	868,632	1,495,226
Operating Grants and Contributions	0 0 28,694,000		-			65,871 28,479,711	507,015 29,669,855	1,033,605 32,383,062	868,632 32,869,175	1,495,226 34,361,203

(continued)

#### CITY OF KINGSPORT, TENNESSEE CHANGES IN NET POSITION For the Fiscal Years Noted (accrual basis of accounting)

									Fiscal	Year							
		2007		2008	2009	_	2010		2011		2012	 2013	2014		2015		2016
Net (Expense)/Revenue Governmental Activities	\$	(76,782,000)	\$	(81,712,960)	\$ (84,569,287)	\$	(87,968,408)	\$	(91,496,138)	\$	(92,390,900)	\$ (95,968,497)	\$ (96,559,957)	\$	(94,340,967)	\$	(98,264,303)
Business-Type Activities		6,108,000		7,232,427	 5,966,577		4,095,949		2,767,001		2,156,737	 1,886,966	 (497,673)		(1,990,332)		(1,385,675)
Total Primary Government Net (Expense) Revenue	\$	(70,674,000)	\$	(74,480,533)	\$ (78,602,710)	\$	(83,872,459)	\$	(88,729,137)	\$	(90,234,163)	\$ (94,081,531)	\$ (97,057,630)	\$	(96,331,299)	\$	(99,649,978)
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Positi Governmental Activities: Taxes:	on																
Property Taxes	\$	42,857,000	\$	43,181,138	\$ 45,003,403	\$	45,938,645	\$	47,144,856	\$	48,236,082	\$ 50,347,648	\$ 52,677,994	\$	55,935,014	\$	57,058,121
Sales Taxes		27,570,000		27,531,437	27,003,900		26,304,997		27,514,740		29,469,816	29,687,264	30,753,163		32,690,121		34,386,506
Other Taxes Grants and Contributions Not Restricted		5,069,000 713,000		6,117,575	5,447,237		5,017,241 1,040,878		5,234,872 986,665		5,633,647	5,805,431 1,370,621	6,144,010		6,596,149		6,774,085
		2,801,000		641,999 3,392,236	970,035		786,056				1,361,422		1,151,744		1,126,538		995,380
Unrestricted Investment Earnings Gain (Loss) on Disposal of Capital Assets		4,000		3,392,236 269,917	1,624,800 18,322		(869,975)		421,579 0		401,451 0	332,967	178,084 0		158,346 0		211,962
Miscellaneous		1,340,000		1.036.779	790,029		742,259		755,400		960,663	875,719	903,143		1,047,776		939,546
Transfers		(3,810,000)		(4,035,319)	(3,007,600)		(3,874,687)		(4,425,338)		(3,615,027)	(3,821,726)	(4,331,130)		(4,539,037)		(4,179,563)
Total Governmental Activities		76.544.000		78,135,762	 77,850,126	-	75,085,414	_	77,632,774		82,448,054	 84,597,924	 87,477,008		93,014,907	_	96,186,037
Total Covernmental / Iouvilles		7 0,0 7 1,000	_	70,100,102	 11,000,120	_	10,000,111	_	,002,	_	02,110,001	 0.,007,027	 0.,,000	_	00,011,001	_	00,100,001
Business-Type Activities:																	
Unrestricted Investment Earnings		1,334,000		1,024,862	600,431		409,331		146,328		153,080	161,664	74,889		77,171		179,251
Gain (Loss) on Disposal of Capital Assets		2,000		50	(12,605)		0		0		5,812	0	0		0		0
Miscellaneous		0		0	0		0		0		0	0	0		0		0
Transfers		3,810,000		4,035,319	3,007,600		3,874,687		4,425,338		3,615,027	 3,821,726	 4,331,130		4,539,037	_	4,179,563
Total Business-Type Activities		5,146,000		5,060,231	 3,595,426		4,284,018		4,571,666		3,773,919	 3,983,390	 4,406,019		4,616,208		4,358,814
Total Primary Government	\$	81,690,000	\$	83,195,993	\$ 81,445,552	\$	79,369,432	\$	82,204,440	\$	86,221,973	\$ 88,581,314	\$ 91,883,027	\$	97,631,115	\$	100,544,851
Change in Net Position																	
Governmental Activities	\$	(238,000)	\$	(3,577,198)	\$ (6,719,161)	\$	(12,882,994)	\$	(13,863,364)	\$	(9,942,846)	\$ (11,370,573)	\$ (9,082,949)	\$	(1,326,060)	\$	(2,078,266)
Business-Type Activities		11,254,000	_	12,292,658	 9,562,003		8,379,967		7,338,667		5,930,656	 5,870,356	3,908,346	_	2,625,876		2,973,139
Total Primary Government	\$	11,016,000	\$	8,715,460	\$ 2,842,842	\$	(4,503,027)	\$	(6,524,697)	\$	(4,012,190)	\$ (5,500,217)	\$ (5,174,603)	\$	1,299,816	\$	894,873

Source: City of Kingsport Finance Department

Note: All changes in Net Position are exclusive of any prior period adjustments.

## CITY OF KINGSPORT, TENNESSEE GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES TAX REVENUES BY SOURCE Last Ten Fiscal Years

(accrual basis of accounting)

Fiscal Year	Property Tax	Sales Tax	Income Tax	Business Tax	Alcoholic Beverage	Hotel / Motel Tax	Total
2007	\$ 42,857,000	\$ 27,570,000	\$ 1,026,000	\$ 1,707,000	\$ 1,398,000	\$ 938,000	\$ 75,496,000
2008	43,181,138	27,531,437	1,324,987	1,951,834	1,459,593	1,381,161	76,830,150
2009	45,003,403	27,003,900	957,062	1,673,312	1,575,636	1,241,227	77,454,540
2010	45,938,645	26,304,997	577,363	1,589,591	1,549,521	1,300,766	77,260,883
2011	47,144,856	27,514,740	555,283	1,681,523	1,617,478	1,380,588	79,894,468
2012	48,236,082	29,469,816	609,312	1,746,264	1,778,471	1,499,600	83,339,545
2013	50,347,648	29,687,264	709,109	1,845,565	1,742,979	1,507,778	85,840,343
2014	52,677,994	30,753,163	893,978	1,806,045	1,800,932	1,643,055	89,575,167
2015	55,935,014	32,690,121	1,115,663	2,068,944	1,847,187	1,564,355	95,221,284
2016	57,058,121	34,386,506	1,068,350	2,103,921	1,924,223	1,677,591	98,218,712

Source: City of Kingsport Finance Department

Note: Financial statements prior to June 30, 2008 were rounded to thousands.

### CITY OF KINGSPORT, TENNESSEE FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

### Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year												
	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011*	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016			
General Fund													
Reserved	\$ 3,510,000	\$ 3,391,331	\$ 2,384,571	\$ 1,574,013	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0			
Unreserved	17,409,000	14,848,415	12,927,260	13,155,138	0	0	0	0	0	0			
Nonspendable	0	0	0	0	44,571	23,543	23,773	34,360	20,941	22,927			
Restricted	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
Committed	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
Assigned	0	0	0	0	1,440,450	739,876	73,750	85,660	139,451	94,905			
Unassigned	0	0	0	0	12,099,373	11,809,520	11,537,853	11,648,737	12,736,020	13,130,953			
Total General Fund	\$ 20,919,000	\$ 18,239,746	\$ 15,311,831	\$ 14,729,151	\$ 13,584,394	\$ 12,572,939	\$ 11,635,376	\$ 11,768,757	\$ 12,896,412	\$ 13,248,785			
All Other Governmental Funds													
Reserved Unreserved, reported in:	\$ 5,695,000	\$ 14,961,015	\$ 16,130,214	\$ 9,018,913	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0			
Debt Service	1,022,000	1,140,765	626,839	411,923	0	0	0	0	0	0			
Special Revenue Funds	7,556,000	6,895,192	7,432,715	6,594,744	0	0	0	0	0	0			
Capital Project Funds	33,434,000	30,073,388	22,101,833	38,247,760	0	0	0	0	0	0			
Permanent Fund	0	20,293	28,232	36,804	0	0	0	0	0	0			
Nonspendable	0	0	0	0	335,358	391,421	431,092	321,674	328,598	349,582			
Restricted	0	0	0	0	29,898,833	32,898,517	12,101,368	14,014,752	15,519,288	8,264,217			
Committed	0	0	0	0	195,000	15,000	15,000	18,510	15,000	15,000			
Assigned	0	0	0	0	10,303,693	8,663,697	7,907,282	9,192,987	10,510,648	11,859,220			
Total all Other Governmental Funds	\$ 47,707,000	\$ 53,090,653	\$ 46,319,833	\$ 54,310,144	\$ 40,732,884	\$ 41,968,635	\$ 20,454,742	\$ 23,547,923	\$ 26,373,534	\$ 20,488,019			

Source: City of Kingsport Finance Department

Note: Financial statements prior to June 30, 2008 were rounded to thousands.

<sup>\*</sup> FY 2011 Implementation of GASB Statement No. 54 Fund Balance Classification

## CITY OF KINGSPORT, TENNESSEE CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year															
		2007		2008		2009		2010		2011	2012	2013	2014		2015	2016
Revenues:																
Taxes	\$	53,341,000	\$	57,472,994	\$	58,697,849	\$	59,644,769	\$	61,736,098	\$ 64,053,048	\$ 65,947,861	\$ 69,564,106	\$	73,722,283	\$ 75,549,547
Licenses and Permits		526,000		778,788		544,797		354,400		339,843	390,916	357,816	530,179		518,480	456,360
Intergovernmental		52,686,000		52,217,860		54,633,138		57,016,177		57,618,712	60,411,908	58,908,421	61,026,056		61,752,080	62,852,964
Charges for Services		4,162,000		3,940,109		4,056,619		4,903,995		5,059,845	4,788,526	4,741,965	4,446,028		4,453,764	5,093,344
Fines and Forfeitures		787,000		2,233,346		2,083,918		1,404,126		1,475,914	888,013	808,164	924,190		872,162	1,025,281
Contributions and Donations		316,000		385,508		343,405		417,259		544,308	478,234	445,475	456,400		713,459	471,323
Investment Earnings		2,123,000		2,754,996		1,209,675		534,657		285,622	301,300	273,394	152,238		140,248	187,494
Miscellaneous		555,000		714,899		438,420		620,950		1,087,540	712,967	296,538	683,627		426,932	459,683
Total Revenues		114,496,000		120,498,500		122,007,821		124,896,333		128,147,882	132,024,912	131,779,634	137,782,824		142,599,408	146,095,996
Expenditures:																
General Government		7,698,000		8,228,820		8,287,499		9,493,673		8,937,456	9,897,339	9,432,504	8,748,363		8,888,732	9,295,398
Public Safety		15,568,000		16,983,599		17,862,379		18,183,202		18,602,375	19,206,238	19,422,279	20,067,727		20,349,756	20,379,496
Public Works		5,178,000		5,639,582		6,162,895		6,297,624		6,292,395	6,104,746	6,441,239	6,823,759		6,854,129	7,343,759
Transportation		2,820,000		3,121,176		3,532,499		5,767,852		4,404,721	3,804,971	4,219,117	4,876,627		5,319,159	4,428,006
Development		3,219,000		3,681,462		3,884,126		3,823,882		4,258,551	4,209,456	4,010,897	4,080,865		4,009,648	3,962,118
Recreation		3,933,000		4,594,675		4,884,551		4,883,835		5,203,012	5,137,420	5,294,145	5,300,591		5,413,181	5,592,782
Maintenance		0		0		0		0		0	0	320	0		0	0
Education		55,800,000		57,969,972		60,328,330		62,216,835		63,944,855	65,758,406	67,003,733	68,827,804		69,933,085	73,886,673
Miscellaneous		878,000		1,019,288		860,350		1,164,299		1,179,584	1,108,609	1,045,894	726,702		1,010,101	769,025
Capital Outlay		4,954,000		21,263,050		30,907,899		23,141,716		20,219,807	25,002,612	13,015,102	14,160,334		15,864,508	11,667,728
Debt Service:																
Principal		8,488,000		12,191,783		7,750,015		4,286,390		5,271,066	5,426,273	6,436,120	6,657,299		7,696,331	7,697,555
Interest		1,470,000		2,449,755		2,761,593		3,612,987		4,930,280	4,549,707	4,133,024	4,032,477		4,352,406	4,356,358
Bond Issuance Costs		300,000		389,556		405,059		459,043		20,479	435,261	126,829	165,924		498,456	242,887
Arbitrage Rebate		0		0		0		0		0	0	0	0		8,184	0
Other Charges		11,000		7,590		19,516		9,744		33,061	7,387	12,122	29,895		0	17,311
Total Expenditures		110,317,000	_	137,540,308		147,646,711		143,341,082		143,297,642	150,648,425	140,593,325	144,498,367	_	150,197,676	149,639,096
Excess (deficiency) of revenues																
over (under) expenditures		4,179,000		(17,041,808)		(25,638,890)		(18,444,749)		(15,149,760)	(18,623,513)	(8,813,691)	(6,715,543)		(7,598,268)	(3,543,100)

(Continued)

### CITY OF KINGSPORT, TENNESSEE CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Last Ten Fiscal Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year																	
	2007	2008		2009		2010		2011		2012		2013		2014		2015		2016
Other Financing Sources (Uses):																		
Transfers In	36,504,000	36,400,99	6	33,134,077		28,905,392		29,214,433		28,958,597		29,346,521		29,439,834		31,868,200		33,017,651
Transfers Out	(40,314,000)	(40,680,72	8)	(36,665,512)		(32,780,079)		(33,051,330)		(32,573,624)		(33,018,247)		(33,770,964)		(36,752,237)		(37,553,446)
Transfer Bonds to																		
Enterprise Funds	0		0	0		0		0		0		(10,596,258)		0		0		(1,362,955)
Issuance of Debt	35,441,000	23,120,00	0	19,260,000		29,207,043		4,097,044		26,376,201		12,677,052		13,406,845		32,291,848		19,313,751
Premiums on Debt Issued	0	112,39	8	211,590		520,024		0		740,813		1,068,429		866,390		4,044,772		1,685,668
Sale of Building	0	800,00	0	0		0		0		0		0		0		0		0
Payments to Refunded																		
Bond Escrow Agent	0		0	0		0		0		(4,654,178)		(13,115,262)		0		(19,901,049)		(17,090,711)
Total Other Financing								,		,								· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Sources (Uses)	31,631,000	19,752,66	6	15,940,155		25,852,380		260,147		18,847,809		(13,637,765)		9,942,105		11,551,534		(1,990,042)
Not Change in Fruid Releases	¢ 25.940.000	¢ 2740.00	o ¢	(0.609.735)	ď	7 407 624	\$	(4.4.990.643)	¢	224 206	ď	(22.454.456)	¢	2 226 562	¢.	2.052.266	¢	(F F22 142)
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ 35,810,000	\$ 2,710,85	<u>о</u>	(9,698,735)	\$	7,407,631	Ф	(14,889,613)	Ф	224,296	Φ	(22,451,456)	Ф	3,226,562	Φ	3,953,266	\$	(5,533,142)
Debt Service as a Percentage																		
of Noncapital Expenditures	9.5%	12.6	%	9.0%		6.6%		8.3%	_	7.9%		8.3%		8.2%		9.0%		8.7%

Source: City of Kingsport Finance Department

Note: All net changes in fund balances are exclusive of any prior period adjustments. Financial statements prior to June 30, 2008 were rounded to thousands.

#### CITY OF KINGSPORT, TENNESSEE GENERAL GOVERNMENT TAX REVENUES BY SOURCE

#### **Last Ten Fiscal Years**

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

Fiscal		Sales		Business	Alcoholic	Hotel /	
Year	Property Tax	Tax	Income Tax	Tax	Beverage	Motel Tax	Total
2007	\$ 42,929,000	\$ 27,570,000	\$ 1,026,000	\$ 1,707,000	\$ 1,398,000	\$ 938,000	\$ 75,568,000
2008	43,322,288	27,531,437	1,324,987	1,951,834	1,459,593	1,381,161	76,971,300
2009	44,749,419	27,003,900	957,062	1,673,312	1,575,636	1,241,227	77,200,556
2010	45,745,881	26,304,997	577,363	1,589,591	1,549,521	1,300,766	77,068,119
2011	47,130,788	27,514,740	555,283	1,681,523	1,617,478	1,380,588	79,880,400
2012	48,337,930	29,469,816	609,312	1,746,264	1,778,471	1,499,600	83,441,393
2013	49,939,941	29,687,264	709,109	1,845,565	1,742,979	1,507,778	85,432,636
2014	53,084,374	30,753,163	893,978	1,806,045	1,800,932	1,643,055	89,981,547
2015	56,221,896	32,690,121	1,115,663	2,068,944	1,847,187	1,564,355	95,508,166
2016	56,978,708	34,386,506	1,068,350	2,103,921	1,924,223	1,677,591	98,139,299

Source: City of Kingsport Finance Department

Note: Certain tax revenue that flows from other governments has historically been rolled up as intergovernmental revenue in Table 5 and the related statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances.

Note: Financial statements prior to June 30, 2008 were rounded to thousands.

### CITY OF KINGSPORT, TENNESSEE ASSESSED VALUE AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY Last Ten Fiscal Years

Real Property

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Tax Year	 sidential and arm Property	-	ndustrial and Commercial Property	Pers	sonal Property	Pt	ublic Utility	Total Taxable ssessed Value	Total Direct Tax Rate	 stimated Actual Taxable Value	Assessed Value as a Percentage of Actual Value
2007	2006	\$ 432,446,370	\$	451,842,280	\$	382,898,959	\$	46,401,525	\$ 1,313,589,134	\$ 2.26	\$ 4,220,087,452	31.13%
2008	2007	443,963,472		459,872,279		341,168,271		40,991,606	1,285,995,628	2.30	4,137,292,348	31.08%
2009	2008	456,423,060		480,026,995		345,357,678		40,519,972	1,322,327,705	2.30	4,250,624,664	31.11%
2010	2009	542,112,415		601,517,500		408,047,665		47,796,156	1,599,473,736	1.94	5,119,304,395	31.24%
2011	2010	576,028,905		624,738,933		387,994,899		54,381,309	1,643,144,046	1.94	5,258,154,390	31.25%
2012	2011	594,243,299		636,435,237		359,672,056		51,874,049	1,642,224,641	1.97	5,261,284,595	31.21%
2013	2012	638,772,453		636,926,951		352,203,970		48,475,692	1,676,379,066	1.97	5,409,558,045	30.99%
2014	2013	662,428,582		660,706,711		407,373,787		53,886,860	1,784,395,940	1.94	5,757,369,838	30.99%
2015	2014	667,577,858		669,577,428		398,689,272		53,753,183	1,789,597,741	2.07	5,770,952,302	31.01%
2016	2015	672,886,191		673,211,644		369,527,956		52,975,572	1,768,601,363	2.07	5,702,652,949	31.01%

Source: City of Kingsport Finance Department

Note: Tax rates are per \$100 of assessed value

# CITY OF KINGSPORT, TENNESSEE PROPERTY TAX RATES (PER \$100 ASSESSED VALUE) DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS Last Ten Fiscal Years

			Overlap	oing Rates
Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Tax Year	City Direct Rates	Sullivan County	Hawkins County
2007	2006	\$ 2.2600	\$ 2.5300	\$ 2.3600
2008	2007	2.3000	2.5300	2.6100
2009	2008	2.3000	2.5300	2.6100
2010	2009	1.9400	2.1307	2.7050
2011	2010	1.9400	2.1307	2.7050
2012	2011	1.9700	2.1307	2.3450
2013	2012	1.9700	2.3307	2.3450
2014	2013	1.9400	2.3054	2.3450
2015	2014	2.0700	2.3054	2.4650
2016	2015	2.0700	2.5754	2.4650

Source: City of Kingsport Finance Department

 $\underline{\text{Note}} :$  Overlapping rates are those of county governments that apply to property owners within the City of Kingsport.

#### CITY OF KINGSPORT, TENNESSEE PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS For The Fiscal Years Noted

		:	2016				2007	
Taxpayer	Tax	able Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed Value	As	Taxable sessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed Value
Eastman Chemical Company	\$	407,496,397	1	23.0%	\$	371,525,000	1	28.3%
Domtar, Inc (Weyerhauser Co/								
Willamette Industries)		38,312,727	2	2.2%		18,160,000	2	1.4%
Kingsport Power Company		22,301,373	3	1.3%		16,643,000	3	1.3%
Holston Family Practice		21,751,801	4	1.2%				
Brandy Mill Apartments, LLC		19,420,694	5	1.1%				
Wellmont Health System/								
Holston Valley Health Care		17,098,455	6	1.0%		11,739,000	7	0.9%
Inland Western Kpt East Stone LLC								
- Clara F Jackson		15,280,320	7	0.9%				
Mountain States Health / HCA		14,510,083	8	0.8%		9,413,000	9	0.7%
Eastman Credit Union		13,548,086	9	0.8%		8,985,000	10	0.7%
Kingsport Town Center (Fort Henry								
Mall- Baltry, LLC)		11,954,676	10	0.7%		13,921,000	5	1.1%
Wal Mart Properties/Real Estate						9,563,000	8	0.7%
Sprint/United Telephone Southeast						13,269,000	6	1.0%
Quebecor						14,134,000	4	1.1%
Totals	\$	581,674,612		33.0%	\$	487,352,000		37.2%

Total Taxable Assessed Value:

FYE 2016 (Tax Year 2015) \$ 1,768,601,363 FYE 2007 (Tax Year 2006) 1,313,589,134

### CITY OF KINGSPORT, TENNESSEE PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS Last Ten Fiscal Years

#### Collected within the Fiscal

								Year of the	he Levy				<b>Total Collecti</b>	ons to D	ate		
Fiscal Year Ended June 30th	Tax Year	Tax Levy for Fiscal Year	Ad	bsequent justments to Levy	• .	ted Tax evy	Am	ount	Percei of Adji Lev	usted	Sul	ections in bsequent Years	Amount	Percer of Adju	usted	De	collected linquent Faxes
2007	2006	\$ 29,564,326	\$	(32,878)	\$ 29.	531,448	\$ 28,	769,796	97.4	2%	\$	737,565	\$ 29,507,361	99.9	2%	\$	24,087
2008	2007	29,582,951	·	20,093	29,	603,044	28,0	616,818	96.6	7%	·	935,626	29,552,444	99.8	3%	·	50,600
2009	2008	30,553,586		(46,082)	30,	507,504	29,	616,908	97.0	8%		833,105	30,450,013	99.8	1%		57,491
2010	2009	31,362,309		(190,646)	31,	171,663	30,	151,757	96.7	3%		964,286	31,116,043	99.8	2%		55,620
2011	2010	32,011,845		213,070	32,	224,915	31,0	071,305	96.4	2%		1,084,825	32,156,130	99.7	9%		68,785
2012	2011	32,276,181		348,579	32,	624,760	31,0	684,065	97.1	2%		844,919	32,528,984	99.7	1%		95,776
2013	2012	32,988,793		999,523	33,	988,316	32,	509,744	95.6	5%		1,341,138	33,850,882	99.6	0%		137,434
2014	2013	34,588,442		529,010	35,	117,452	34,	296,005	97.6	6%		645,698	34,941,703	99.5	0%		175,749
2015	2014	37,776,783		309,491	38,	086,274	37,	242,818	97.7	9%		543,193	37,786,011	99.2	1%		300,263
2016	2015	37,829,084		(42,635)	37,	786,449	36,	831,749	97.4	7%		0	36,831,749	97.4	7%		954,700

#### CITY OF KINGSPORT, TENNESSEE SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN PROPERTY TAX RECEIVABLE For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

Tax Year	R	operty Tax ecceivable Balance ne 30, 2015	Pr	operty Tax Levied	Anticipated urrent Year Levy	atements and ustments	 Collections	t Receivable Balance ne 30, 2016
2006	\$	26,636	\$	0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ (2,549)	\$ 24,087
2007		54,235		0	0	0	(3,635)	50,600
2008		62,734		0	0	0	(5,243)	57,491
2009		61,519		0	0	0	(5,899)	55,620
2010		81,686		0	0	0	(12,901)	68,785
2011		118,098		0	0	0	(22,322)	95,776
2012		200,481		0	0	0	(63,047)	137,434
2013		272,285		0	0	0	(96,536)	175,749
2014		873,895		0	0	(30,439)	(543,193)	300,263
2015		0		37,829,084	0	(42,635)	(36,831,749)	954,700
2016		0		0	 36,904,633	 0	0	 36,904,633
Totals	\$	1,751,569	\$	37,829,084	\$ 36,904,633	\$ (73,074)	\$ (37,587,074)	\$ 38,825,138

NOTES: All uncollected real property taxes for years prior to 2015 have been turned over to the Clerk & Master for collection.

All uncollected personal property taxes for years prior to 2011 have been turned over to the Clerk & Master for collection.

## CITY OF KINGSPORT, TENNESSEE LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX COLLECTIONS Last Ten Fiscal Years

FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30th	S	TOTAL CAL OPTION SALES TAX DLLECTIONS		GENERAL FUND		EGIONAL ALES TAX FUND
2007	\$	17,833,634	\$	14,618,999	\$	3,214,635
2007	Ψ	17,854,873	Ψ	14,640,220	Ψ	3,214,653
		, ,		, ,		
2009		17,634,903		14,478,441		3,156,462
2010		17,067,113		14,009,678		3,057,435
2011		17,778,766		14,594,959		3,183,807
2012		18,789,437		15,432,814		3,356,623
2013		18,816,176		15,439,972		3,376,205
2014		19,390,768		15,901,590		3,489,178
2015		20,522,234		16,848,128		3,674,106
2016		21,282,094		17,474,902		3,807,192

Source: City of Kingsport Finance Department

Note: The Local Option Sales Tax rate for sales within the corporate limits of the City of Kingsport is 2.50% in the Sullivan County portion of the municipality. One-quarter percent (0.25%) is distributed directly to the Regional Sales Tax Fund and is used to offset the costs related to the City's MeadowView Conference, Resort, and Convention Center and related facilities, and the Aquatic Center.

## CITY OF KINGSPORT, TENNESSEE RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Governmenta	I Activities		Busin	ess-Type Activ	/ities					
Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Obli	General gation Bonds	Notes Payable	Obli	General gation Bonds	Revenue Bonds	No	tes Payable_	otal Primary Government	Percentage of Personal Income	Per	Capita
2007	\$	63,041,000	\$ 6,302,000	\$	54,243,000	\$ 195,000	\$	5,423,000	\$ 129,204,000	10.24%	\$	2,924
2008		73,954,097	6,419,174		48,045,133	180,000		5,591,065	134,189,469	10.70%		3,020
2009		86,231,128	5,872,283		67,029,074	160,000		15,578,624	174,871,109	12.85%		3,821
2010		112,219,869	5,323,392		73,689,344	140,000		22,190,263	213,562,868	15.17%		4,510
2011		107,563,297	8,795,620		67,014,158	0		24,288,460	207,661,535	13.30%		4,214
2012		122,673,341	10,615,303		69,832,074	0		23,658,574	226,779,292	13.85%		4,485
2013		96,542,440	10,240,943		105,705,775	0		0	212,489,158	11.85%		4,145
2014		106,683,823	9,179,827		113,441,729	0		0	229,305,379	12.68%		4,472
2015		118,181,223	7,447,661		114,003,565	0		0	239,632,449	12.58%		4,519
2016		114,824,016	6,592,279		115,356,506	0		3,894,310	240,667,111	12.16%		4,540

Source: City of Kingsport Finance Department

#### Note:

- -Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.
- -See the Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics for personal income and population data.
- -Financial statements prior to June 30, 2008 were rounded to thousands.

## CITY OF KINGSPORT, TENNESSEE RATIOS OF GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Gen	eral Obligation Bonds	A\ De	s: Amounts /ailable in bt Service Reserves	-	Net General igation Bonds	Percentage of Estimated Actual Taxable Value of	Per	· Capita
2007	\$	117,284,000	\$	765,000	\$	116,519,000	2.76%	\$	2,637
2008		121,999,230		971,096		121,028,134	2.93%		2,724
2009		153,260,202		600,280		152,659,922	3.59%		3,336
2010		185,909,213		468,937		185,440,276	3.62%		3,916
2011		174,577,455		1,230,382		173,347,073	3.30%		3,518
2012		192,505,415		148,495		192,356,920	3.66%		3,804
2013		202,248,215		139,984		202,108,231	3.74%		3,942
2014		220,125,552		144,635		219,980,917	3.82%		4,290
2015		232,184,788		224,584		231,960,204	4.02%		4,374
2016		230,180,522		340,307		229,840,215	4.03%		4,335

Source: City of Kingsport Finance Department

#### Note:

- -Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements
- -See Schedule of Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property for property value data
- -See Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics for personal income and population data
- -Financial statements prior to June 30, 2008 were rounded to thousands

## CITY OF KINGSPORT, TENNESSEE DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

Governmental Unit  Debt Repaid with Property Taxes:	Debt Outstanding	Estimated Percentage Applicable	Estimated Share of Overlapping
Net Direct Debt:	<b>.</b>		
City of Kingsport	\$ 140,652,627 (1)	100.00%	\$ 140,652,627
Total Direct Debt	140,652,627	100.00%	140,652,627
Overlapping Debt:			
Sullivan County	72,593,630	46.11% <b>(2)</b>	33,475,046
Hawkins County	79,632,673	6.43% <b>(2)</b>	5,123,866
Subtotal, Overlapping Debt	152,226,303		38,598,913
Total Direct and Overlapping Debt	\$ 292,878,930	:	\$ 179,251,540

- Includes Solid Waste Management, Aquatic Center, MeadowView Conference and Resort Center and Cattails Golf Course General Obligation Bonds. The debt for these business-type activities was structured to be funded by the taxing authority of the City.
- (2) The percentage of overlapping debt applicable is estimated using taxable assessed property values. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of the county's taxable assessed value that is within the City's boundaries and dividing it by the county's total taxable assessed value.

Note: Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the city. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the residents and businesses of the City of Kingsport. This process recognizes that, when considering the government's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the entire debt burden borne by the residents and businesses should be taken into account. However, this does not imply that every taxpayer is a resident, and therefore responsible for repaying the debt, of each overlapping government.

#### Sources:

- -City of Kingsport Finance Department
- -County Governments
- -Tennessee Comptroller of the Treasury Division of Property Assessments

#### CITY OF KINGSPORT, TENNESSEE LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION Last Ten Fiscal Years

		2007		2008	2009		2010		2011		2012	2013		2014		2015	2016
Debt Limit	\$	262,717,827	\$	257,199,126	\$ 264,465,541	\$	319,894,747	\$	328,628,809	\$	328,444,928	\$ 335,275,813	\$	356,879,188	\$	357,919,548	\$ 353,720,273
Total Net Debt Applicable to Limit	-	65,910,000		74,655,000	101,870,000	-	128,636,532		123,381,532		138,767,654	130,382,038		138,394,266		145,513,415	 140,652,627
Legal Debt Margin	\$	196,807,827	\$	182,544,126	\$ 162,595,541	\$	191,258,215	\$	205,247,277	\$	189,677,274	\$ 204,893,775	\$	218,484,922	\$	212,406,133	\$ 213,067,646
Applicable to the Limit as a Percentage of Debt																	
Limit	_	25.09%	_	29.03%	38.52%	_	40.21%	_	37.54%	_	42.25%	38.89%	_	38.78%	_	40.66%	 39.76%
					Leg	al De	bt Margin Calcւ	latio	on for Fiscal Yea	r 201	16						
					Total Taxable Ass	esse	d Value										\$ 1,768,601,363
					Debt Limit (20% c	f Tax	able Assessed V	'alue	)								353,720,273
					Add: Aquation Add: Meado	gation /aste c Cen wVie		gatio enter	n Bonds General Obligati		onds						 107,558,337 3,872,397 16,435,903 12,176,500 609,490
					Total Net Debt Ap	plical	ble to Limit										 140,652,627
					Legal Debt Margir	1											\$ 213,067,646

#### Limitation on Borrowing Power

City Charter - Article XIII. Section 5 "The total bonded indebtedness of the City shall not exceed twenty per centum (20%) of the assessed value of the taxable property of the City according to the last complete assessment." Revenue Bonds and Special Assessment Bonds are excluded in computing the debt limit.

Bond Rating: "Standard & Poor's" AA
"Moody's" Aa2

## CITY OF KINGSPORT, TENNESSEE PLEDGED-REVENUE COVERAGE Last Ten Fiscal Years

		(1)			Debt Service		
Fiscal Year	Operating Revenue	Less: Operating Expenses	Net Available Revenue	(2) Principal	Interest	Total	Coverage
Water, S	ewer and Storm	Water Revenue	Bonds:				
2007	\$ 26,802,000	\$ 9,341,000	\$ 17,461,000	\$ 6,327,000	\$ 1,608,000	\$ 7,935,000	2.20
2008	25,814,512	10,578,186	15,236,326	5,271,846	1,606,431	6,878,277	2.22
2009	26,063,481	11,109,643	14,953,838	4,967,220	1,309,336	6,276,556	2.38
2010	25,131,017	10,772,806	14,358,211	5,643,153	1,007,724	6,650,877	2.16
2011	24,659,947	11,054,147	13,605,800	6,087,198	843,459	6,930,657	1.96
2012	25,038,548	11,818,993	13,219,555	6,751,577	730,976	7,482,553	1.77
2013	26,657,022	12,864,076	13,792,946	7,252,314	636,400	7,888,714	1.75
2014	27,774,803	13,435,862	14,338,941	7,465,527	749,533	8,215,060	1.75
2015	28,379,023	13,338,516	15,040,507	7,904,148	2,087,368	9,991,516	1.51
2016	29,186,600	14,173,315	15,013,285	6,593,639	2,032,670	8,626,309	1.74

<sup>(1)</sup> Total operating expenses exclusive of depreciation.

Source: City of Kingsport Finance Department

Notes: Financial statements prior to June 30, 2008 were rounded to thousands. Storm Water Utility debt was established during fiscal year 2013.

<sup>(2)</sup> Principal paid on capital debt is net of refunded debt.

### CITY OF KINGSPORT, TENNESSEE DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS Last Ten Fiscal Years

							cation Level - Popu	lation 25 Years an	d Over (1)		
Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Census Data Year	Population (1)	Personal Income (2)	Per Capita Personal Income	Median Age (1)	High School Graduate or Higher (1)	Associate's Degree (1)	Bachelor's Degree (1)	Masters or Professional Degree (1)	School Enrollment (3)	Unemployment Rate (4)
2007	2006	44,191	1,261,608,859	28,549	*	*	*	*	*	6,455	4.2%
2008	2007	44,435	1,254,044,570	28,222	42.6	81.3%	6.4%	17.1%	7.0%	6,251	6.2%
2009	2008	45,763	1,360,533,990	29,730	41.9	82.4%	7.8%	15.9%	8.2%	6,263	9.4%
2010	2009	47,356	1,407,893,880	29,730	42.2	90.6%	6.8%	16.1%	8.1%	6,296	8.8%
2011	2010	49,275	1,561,869,675	31,697	43.7	83.5%	7.3%	15.6%	9.0%	6,434	8.6%
2012	2011	50,561	1,637,670,790	32,390	43.2	84.6%	7.0%	15.2%	9.9%	6,485	8.4%
2013	2012	51,264	1,792,958,400	34,975	43.6	86.8%	7.2%	15.2%	10.3%	7,045	8.1%
2014	2013	51,274	1,808,126,336	35,264	43.8	87.0%	6.5%	15.4%	10.5%	7,258	7.1%
2015	2014	53,028	1,904,341,536	35,912	44.4	87.7%	7.1%	14.2%	11.2%	7,298	6.3%
2016	2015	53,014	1,978,588,508	37,322	44.3	87.6%	7.3%	14.8%	10.5%	7,403	5.4%

<sup>\*</sup> Information was not available.

#### Source:

- (1) American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates (via American Factfinder) City of Kingsport
- (2) U.S. Department of Labor Statistics, Bureau of Economic Analysis, month of June
- (3) Tennessee Department of Education (TDOE) Report Card Kingsport City Schools
- (4) State of Tennessee Department of Labor & Workforce Development month of June

## CITY OF KINGSPORT, TENNESSEE PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS For the Fiscal Years Noted

		2016			2007	
Employer	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total County Employment	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total County Employment
Eastman Chemical Company	6,648	1	9.9%	8,000	1	11.1%
Wellmont Health Systems	2,886	2	4.3%	2,000	2	2.8%
Brock	1,641	3	2.4%	N/A		
Kingsport City Schools	1,073	4	1.6%	1,040	3	1.4%
City of Kingsport	749	5	1.1%	773	7	1.1%
BAE SYSTEMS Ordnance Systems, Inc.	737	6	1.1%	460	9	0.6%
Jacobs Engineering	650	7	1.0%	N/A		
Tennessee Electric Co., Inc.	515	8	0.8%	N/A		
Holston Medical Group	480	9	0.7%	890	5	1.2%
Eastman Credit Union	468	10	0.7%	N/A		
Mountain States Health	N/A			860	6	1.2%
Wal-Mart	N/A			900	4	1.2%
AFG Industries	N/A			600	8	0.8%
Domtar	N/A			350	10	0.5%
	15,847		23.5%	15,873		22.0%

Total Sullivan County Employment:

FYE 2016 67,300 FYE 2007 72,100

#### Source:

-NETWORKS/Sullivan Partnership & Employers

## CITY OF KINGSPORT, TENNESSEE FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT CITY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year

	i iscai i eai													
Function	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016				
General Government	80	92	96	96	93	95	112	104	100	125				
Public Safety	243	254	257	262	264	267	265	265	269	271				
Public Works	113	119	120	122	123	124	130	135	135	119				
Development	36	25	24	25	22	23	23	23	19	21				
Recreation	57	58	59	58	58	58	58	58	61	59				
Education	978	982	993	1,010	1,013	1,040	1,041	1,047	1,057	1,073				
Water	80	78	78	76	74	73	73	73	73	72				
Sewer	40	40	41	40	41	42	42	42	42	42				
Solid Waste	31_	30	30	30	30	32	33	34	34	35				
	1,658	1,678	1,698	1,719	1,718	1,754	1,777	1,781	1,790	1,817				

#### Sources:

<sup>-</sup>City of Kingsport Finance Department

<sup>-</sup>Kingsport City School System

#### CITY OF KINGSPORT, TENNESSEE OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

						Fisca	al Year				
Function	2007	2008	2009	2010	20	)11	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
Education:											
Student Transportation:											
Miles	368,869	377,916	355,694	371,912	3	71,726	392,811	422,471	414,823	447,373	473,260
Average Daily Ridership	1,949	1,943	1,754	1,717		1,505	1,526	1,373	1,976	1,972	2,011
Public Safety: Police:											
Police: Physical Arrests	3,206	3,348	3,587	4,584		5,066	4,029	3,641	3,501	4,406	4,119
Parking Citations	3,722	3,346 3,016	2,804	1,814		1,074	1,560	1,037	1,387	1,246	325
Traffic Citations	12,895	12,957	12,030	7,579		5,127	12,442	11,647	14,870	15,699	17,210
Calls for Service	47,934	48,981	46,249	57,153		59,755	59,147	60,210	63,789	62,935	63,006
Fire:	47,004	40,001	40,240	01,100	•	00,700	00,147	00,210	00,700	02,000	00,000
Calls for Service	5.987	6.445	6.515	6.468		7,388	8.106	7.851	8.115	8,593	8.035
Inspections	3,403	2,899	3,378	3,378		3,339	1,951	1,942	2,577	3,225	3,285
Fire Loss	\$ 1,471,657	\$ 1,565,342	\$ 1,909,032	\$ 3,390,231	\$ 84	46,950	\$ 664,820	\$ 933,338	\$ 1,664,021	\$ 1,771,938	\$ 1,526,790
Public Works:											
Potholes Repaired	538	924	1,102	2,762		4,985	4,147	4,822	3,151	9,491	5,004
Streets Swept (linear miles)	7,853	6,339	6,247	6,456		5,105	7,409	5,520	4,715	4,432	5,247
Traffic Signal Maintenance Calls	650	547	598	599		610	557	736	608	549	497
Leaves Collected (Tons)	1,716	1,595	1,907	1,497		1,628	1,780	1,526	2,414	2,028	1,739
Parks and Recreation:											
Civic Auditorium Rentals	1,127	899	881	1,349		796	539	686	598	757	661
Civic Auditorium Attendance	54,219	70,197	72,773	147,764	,	96,248	106,807	110,635	78,856	68,461 10,750	47,668
Splash Pad Attendance Participation in Athletic Division events	27,552 180,766	25,231 187,561	18,120 198,544	22,886 201,225	2	8,548 65,231	23,209 278.829	10,307 280,119	10,100 288.108	286,000	14,585 312,564
Participation in Atmetic Division events  Participation in Community Services Division events	34,673	76,402	78,918	141,772		38,817	167,631	162,496	171,878	172,475	184,650
Allandale Rentals	297	293	274	342	1.	304	226	231	215	212	260
Allandale Visitors	29,808	23,591	22,598	27,435		25,986	32,296	31,285	32,711	38,401	31,942
K - Play Games Played	1,350	1,428	1,560	1,768	•	1,825	1,875	1,847	1,908	1,986	2,280
K - Play Attendance	91,145	97,320	124,728	172,930	18	85,856	188,997	166,299	171,720	176,500	200,640
Lynn View Rentals	n/a	n/a	n/a	36		238	271	254	268	154	122
Lynn View Attendance	n/a	n/a	n/a	18,116		43,615	48,278	53,928	57,650	52,250	56,550
Cultural Arts:											
Carousel Rentals	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n	ı/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	81
Carousel Attendance	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		ı/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	88,945
Cultural Arts Program Attendance	16,708	9,891	13,088	10,057		12,761	9,276	11,143	11,700	12,378	18,610
Farmers Market Rentals	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		ı/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	166
Farmers Market Attendance	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n	ı/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	94,600
Renaissance Center Rentals	1,908	1,870	2,135	2,110		1,959	1,861	1,660	1,712	1,813	1,652
Renaissance Center Attendance	181,650	198,575	222,294	211,738	16	88,576	166,175	158,227	163,183	172,647	132,160
Senior Center: Active Members	1,842	2,365	2,673	2,591		2,801	3,012	2,978	3,045	3,424	3,615
Average Daily Attendance	188	2,303	2,073	2,391		252	3,012	308	3,043	333	330
Aquatic Center:	100	220	241	247		202	323	300	301	333	330
Aquatic Center Attendance	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n	ı/a	n/a	31,244	140,433	115,982	103.825
YMCA Entering Pools Attendance	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		/a	n/a	19,714	74,567	69,660	57,644
Total Attendance	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		ı/a	n/a	50,958	215,000	185,642	161,469
Bays Mountain Park:											
Total Programs	1,667	1,259	2,090	1,771		1,422	3,658	3,080	5,091	5,176	3,332
Total Attendance	148,041	173,063	192,529	176,813	20	01,129	178,069	191,321	257,692	235,578	228,308
Library:											
Total Circulation	206,586	210,476	241,239	244,735		48,709	248,482	248,802	254,073	233,778	264,251
Building Attendance	176,854	193,344	209,234	213,379	20	06,533	199,875	187,837	189,598	172,806	166,331
Water:											
Average Daily Consumption in Gallons	14.5mgd	14.6 mgd	15.2 mgd	15.1 mgd		.7 mgd	14.5 mgd	13.7 mgd	13.9 mgd	14.9 mgd	15.21 mgd
Maximum Daily Capacity in Gallons	28.0 mgd	28.0 mgd	28.0 mgd	28.0 mgd	16.	.2 mgd	17.8 mgd	28.0 mgd	28.0 mgd	28.0 mgd	28.0 mgd
Water Taps	339	442	256	219		168	191	189	186	192	195
Sewer:	0.0 '	0.0 '	0.0 1	0.0 1	^		75 '	0.0 - 1	0.4 1	0.0 1	0.70 '
Average Daily Treatment in Gallons	8.8 mgd 12.4 mgd	8.8 mgd	8.6 mgd 12.4 mgd	9.3 mgd 12.4 mgd		.5 mgd	7.5 mgd	9.8 mgd 12.4 mgd	9.1 mgd 12.4 mgd	9.6 mgd	8.78 mgd 12.4 mgd
Maximum Daily Plant Capacity in Gallons Sewer Taps		12.4 mgd 206	12.4 mga 165	12.4 mga 84	17.	.7 mgd 237	16.8 mgd 179	12.4 mga 213	12.4 mga 206	12.4 mgd 263	12.4 mga 205
Solid Waste:	187	206	105	84		237	179	213	206	∠63	205
Landfill Material Accepted (Tons)	24.434	32.574	26.958	25.077		61,326	34.268	27.198	25.670	35,809	27.240
Household Refuse Collected (Tons)	16,046	16,244	15,924	16,437		16,647	18,452	18,834	18,039	19,065	19,647
Recyclables Collected (Tons)	2,587	2,613	2,728	1,715		1,848	1,772	1,606	2,607	3,041	3,249
Golf Course:	_,501	_,5.0	_,. 20	.,. 10		,	.,	.,500	_,501	-,	2,210
Rounds of Golf	26,175	27,338	26,233	24,225	:	23,515	25,915	24,090	24,387	20,455	22,630

Source: Various City Departments

#### CITY OF KINGSPORT, TENNESSEE CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

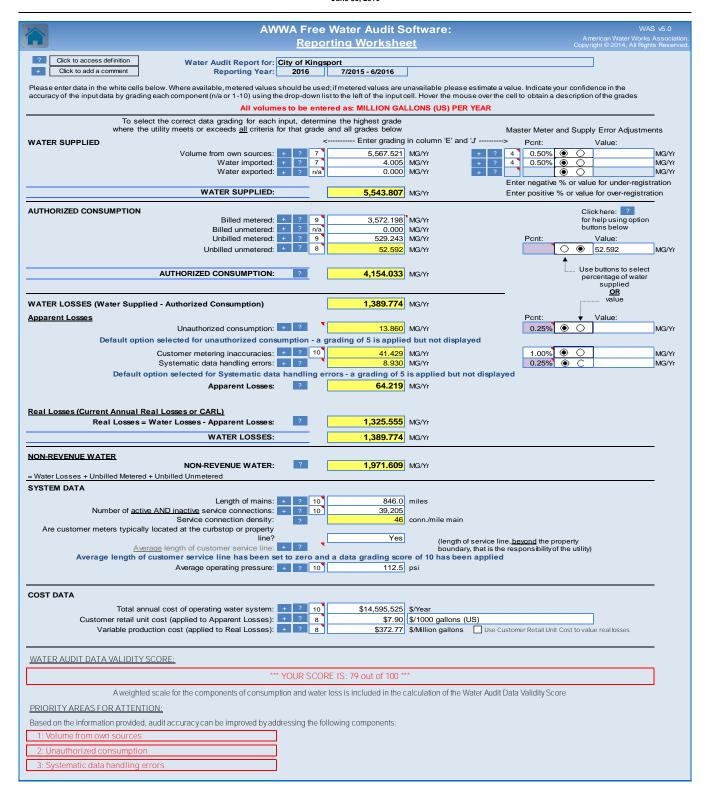
					Fiscal							
Function	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016		
Education:												
Student Transportation:												
Buses	35	37	38	38	40	40	42	39	41	46		
Public Safety:												
Police:												
Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		
Patrol Units	104	109	109	109	117	117	117	116	124	124		
Motorcycle Units	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Fire:												
Stations	6	6	6	7	7	7	8	8	8	8		
Fire Trucks/Rescue Units	14	14	14	15	16	16	15	14	15	16		
Public Works:												
Streets (Miles)	434	443	456	459	472	490	496	498	499	499		
Street Lights	8,921	9,031	9,114	9,219	9,372	9,737	9,993	10,075	10,525	10,559		
Traffic Signals	103	102	101	101	104	103	102	103	102	103		
Leisure Services:												
Parks and Recreation:												
Park Sites	17	17	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18		
Park Acreage	191	191	237	237	237	237	237	237	237	237		
Swimming Pools	2	2	1	1	1	1	1					
Splash Pad	n/a	n/a	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		
Tennis Courts	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8		
Community Centers	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5		
Senior Citizens:	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3		
Senior Center	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		
Other Recreational Facilities:	'	'	'	'			'		'			
Aquatic Center - Acreage	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	17	17	17	17		
	3,550	3,550	3,550	3,550	3,550	3,550	3,550	3,550	3,550	3,550		
Bays Mountain Park & Nature Center -Acreage Hunter Wright Baseball Stadium - Acreage	5,550 54	54										
•												
Allandale - Acreage	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25		
Civic Auditorium - Acreage	, 5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5		
Dogwood Park Facility - Acreage	n/a	n/a	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3		
Lynn View Facility - Acreage	n/a	n/a	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14		
Renaissance Center - Acreage	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5		
Legion Pool - Acreage	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5		
Brickyard Park - Acreage	n/a	39										
School System:												
Elementary Schools	7	7	7	8	8	8	8	8	8	8		
Middle Schools	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2		
High Schools	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		
Water and Sewer:												
Water Mains (Miles)	750	817	826	828	828	832	838	837	847	845		
Fire Hydrants	1,691	1,740	1,754	1,794	1,848	1,898	1,938	2,003	2,028	2,226		
Sanitary Sewers (Miles)	515	515	518	524	533	540	549	554	563	577		
Storm Sewers (Miles)	209	209	209	209	209	209	241	300	300	300		
Solid Waste:												
Collection Trucks	14	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15		
Golf Courses	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		
Cattails Golf Course - Acreage	192	192	192	192	192	192	192	192	192	192		

Source: Various City Departments

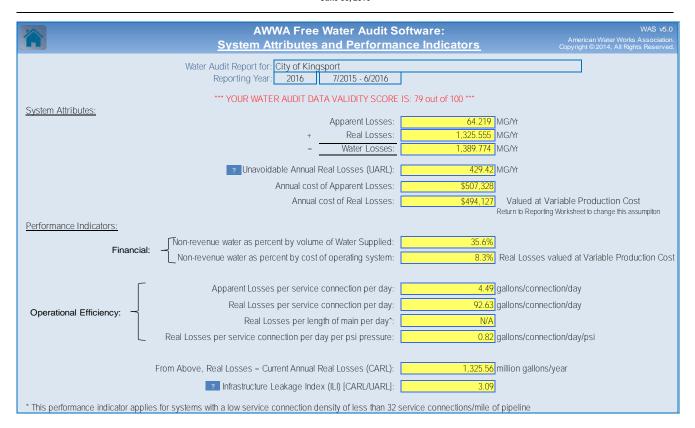
## CITY OF KINGSPORT, TENNESSEE UTILITY RATE STRUCTURE AND NUMBER OF CUSTOMERS June 30, 2016

Water Rates:		Inside	City
First 2,000 gallons Next 13,000 gallons Next 55,000 gallons Over 70,000 gallons	\$	3.87 3.11 2.40 1.72	per 1000 gal per 1000 gal per 1000 gal per 1000 gal
		Outside	e City
First 2,000 gallons Next 13,000 gallons Next 35,000 gallons Next 70,000 gallons Next 70,000 gallons Over 190,000 gallons	\$	11.67 7.07 6.39 5.93 4.85 4.56	per 1000 gal per 1000 gal per 1000 gal per 1000 gal per 1000 gal per 1000 gal
Sewer Rates:		Inside	City
Minimum charge Additional gallons	\$	15.04 7.52	2,000 gal per 1000 gal
		Outside	e City
Minimum charge Additional gallons	\$	22.60 11.30	2,000 gal per 1000 gal
Number of Customers:	Ir	nside City	Outside City
Water		22,676	12,197
Sewer		20,829	971

### CITY OF KINGSPORT, TENNESSEE SCHEDULE OF UNACCOUNTED FOR WATER - AWWA METHOD June 30, 2016



#### CITY OF KINGSPORT, TENNESSEE SCHEDULE OF UNACCOUNTED FOR WATER - AWWA METHOD June 30, 2016



#### CITY OF KINGSPORT, TENNESSEE TOP TEN WATER CUSTOMERS For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

<u>Customer Name</u>	Consumption (in gallons)	<u>Revenue</u>	Revenue as % of FY16 <u>Water Sales</u>
Eastman Chemical Company	842,515,300	\$ 1,594,287	12.91%
Domtar Paper Company, LLC	80,592,900	154,050	1.25%
BAE Systems	66,848,200	116,413	0.94%
Kingsport Housing Authority	34,877,600	71,491	0.58%
Wellmont Health System	38,977,300	69,101	0.56%
Warriors Path State Park	9,262,200	46,323	0.38%
Indian Path Hospital	20,151,900	35,451	0.29%
North Greene Utility District	12,679,900	34,758	0.28%
Cross Creek Apartments	10,506,200	29,115	0.24%
MeadowView Conference Resort	14,286,300	 28,073	0.23%
	1,130,697,800	\$ 2,179,062	17.65%

#### CITY OF KINGSPORT, TENNESSEE TOP TEN SEWER CUSTOMERS For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

<u>Customer Name</u>	Treatment (in gallons)	<u>Revenue</u>	Revenue as % of FY16 <u>Sewer User Fees</u>
Eastman Chemical Company	208,588,000	\$ 1,572,983	12.07%
Kingsport Housing Authority	34,846,400	263,979	2.03%
Wellmont Health System	17,327,700	130,305	1.00%
BAE Systems	16,736,200	125,856	0.97%
Allandale Falls Apt, LLC	14,436,700	108,564	0.83%
Indian Path Hospital	13,108,400	98,665	0.76%
Holston Manor	12,329,700	92,719	0.71%
Model City II, L.P.	12,140,400	91,321	0.70%
Domtar Paper Co, LLC	11,464,500	86,254	0.66%
Warriors Path State Park	7,312,500	 82,643	0.63%
	348,290,500	\$ 2,653,289	20.36%

### CITY OF KINGSPORT, TENNESSEE SCHEDULE OF BONDS PAYABLE - FUTURE REQUIREMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS	GENERAL OBLIGATION AND REVENUE BONDS
GENERAL FUND SUPPORTED	REVENUE SUPPORTED BONDS
	Aquatic Center Bonds

													MeadowView Con		on Center Bonds	
Fires	0		No do - 400	\M-1 D-			0		l	01 101-1-		See de 40		and	a Daniela (n)	Combined
Fiscal	General Oblig	ation E		Water Bo	nas		Sewer E	sona		Storm Wate	er E	. ,	Cattails Golf (	ours		Bonds and
Year	 Principal		Interest	 Principal		Interest	 Principal		Interest	 Principal	_	Interest	 Principal		Interest	 Interest
2017	\$ 7,379,781	\$	4,012,961	\$ 2,056,049	\$	695,497	\$ 4,235,337	\$	1,729,018	\$ 80,420	\$	50,998	\$ 1,775,413	\$	876,117	\$ 22,891,591
2018	7,779,330		3,844,648	1,762,106		639,420	3,864,733		1,583,924	82,713		52,403	1,691,114		983,215	22,283,606
2019	7,145,712		3,578,394	1,702,572		595,576	3,431,042		1,455,377	84,012		49,646	1,751,663		919,430	20,713,424
2020	6,727,040		3,353,710	1,622,021		559,141	3,071,914		1,360,673	86,743		46,509	2,067,284		856,488	19,751,523
2021	7,052,674		3,091,630	1,684,693		513,932	3,169,725		1,252,496	89,823		43,034	1,908,086		769,813	19,575,906
2022	7,018,295		2,835,167	1,634,111		474,068	2,887,417		1,158,480	92,911		39,198	1,982,264		695,919	18,817,830
2023	7,451,106		2,561,565	1,558,102		429,814	2,634,959		1,048,177	96,114		35,394	2,054,719		619,110	18,489,060
2024	7,685,647		2,271,212	1,598,993		388,864	2,687,794		956,222	99,913		31,417	2,142,655		539,543	18,402,260
2025	7,879,878		1,959,787	1,601,067		346,070	2,716,257		860,274	102,211		27,282	2,210,588		456,119	18,159,533
2026	8,162,754		1,649,717	1,550,988		304,161	2,796,500		771,684	105,421		22,993	2,297,534		369,348	18,031,100
2027	8,491,955		1,328,451	924,799		261,289	2,878,625		677,618	109,351		18,488	2,385,272		279,044	17,354,892
2028	6,312,426		1,032,129	946,965		224,144	2,892,339		575,333	112,905		14,211	2,455,364		204,401	14,770,217
2029	5,148,213		811,030	979,035		185,715	2,985,406		475,142	116,171		10,154	2,516,176		147,765	13,374,807
2030	4,327,639		608,621	1,013,544		145,376	3,080,522		367,258	68,957		5,468	1,119,338		68,447	10,805,170
2031	3,124,800		426,832	754,617		103,017	2,666,902		255,137	27,439		2,099	336,241		30,757	7,727,841
2032	3,245,528		313,054	784,445		76,232	1,658,303		167,564	28,541		1,070	353,182		19,174	6,647,093
2033	2,289,112		200,106	542,049		48,403	1,238,840		109,996	0		0	85,000		7,000	4,520,506
2034	2,369,627		121,897	561,688		29,249	1,283,685		66,334	0		0	90,000		3,600	4,526,080
2035	1,479,276		39,563	279,199		8,991	651,525		20,178	0		0	0		0	2,478,732
2036	359,941		11,698	99,491		3,233	215,566		7,006	0		0	0		0	696,935
	\$ 111,430,734	\$	34,052,172	\$ 23,656,534	\$	6,032,192	\$ 51,047,391	\$	14,897,891	\$ 1,383,645	\$	450,364	\$ 29,221,893	\$	7,845,290	\$ 280,018,106

	Principal	Interest	 Total
General Obligation Bonds - Supported By General Fund Revenue	\$ 111,430,734	\$ 34,052,172	\$ 145,482,906
General Obligation and Revenue Bonds - Supported By Dedicated Revenue	105,309,463	29,225,737	134,535,200
TOTAL	\$ 216,740,197	\$ 63,277,909	\$ 280,018,106

Notes: Future interest requirements above reflect interest on TMBF bonds at the maximum possible rate. Interest shown is net of Build America Bonds (BABS) subsidy for applicable bond issues.

- (1) General Obligation secured, but paid from revenues of the individual fund.
- (2) General Obligation secured, but paid from local option sales tax collections.
- (3) Incudes General Obligation secured debt of the Solid Waste Management Fund paid by General Fund Revenue.

#### CITY OF KINGSPORT, TENNESSEE SALARIES AND SURETY BONDS OF PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

NAME	TITLE	ANNUAL SALARY	OUNT OF ETY BOND
Jeff Fleming	City Manager	\$ 152,491	\$ 5,000
J. Michael Billingsley	City Attorney	125,644	0
James H. Demming	City Recorder/Chief Financial Officer/ City Treasurer	113,827	759,000
Lyle Ailshie	Director of Schools	174,553	0
David Quillen	Chief of Police	93,840	0
John Clark	Mayor	3,000	0
Mike McIntire	Vice-Mayor	2,400	0
Darrell Duncan	Alderman	2,400	0
Colette George	Alderwoman	2,400	0
Michele Mitchell	Alderman	2,400	0
Tommy Olterman	Alderman	2,400	0
Tom Parham	Alderman	2,400	0

#### CITY OF KINGSPORT, TENNESSEE SCHEDULE OF INSURANCE IN FORCE June 30, 2016

Type of Coverage/ Insurance Carrier	Policy Number	Policy Period	Details of Coverage	Claim Limits	Annual Premiums
Comprehensive General Liability TML Risk Management Pool	TML-213-16	7/1/15-7/1/18 Annual Renewal 7/1/15-7/1/16	General Liability Auto Liability Auto Physical Damage Errors and Omissions	\$ 5,000,000 5,000,000 Replacement 5,000,000	\$ 164,714
Safety National Casualty Corporation	SP4052060	1/1/16-1/1/17	Worker's Compensation	Statutory	141,617
Government Crime Travelers Insurance Co.	105981870	7/1/15-7/1/16	Employee Blanket Dishonesty (Schools)	500,000	4,394
Travelers Casualty & Surety Company	106463733	2/1/16-2/1/19	Crime	2,000,000	3,289
<u>Unemployment Compensation</u> City of Kingsport	Self insured				
<u>Property and Casualty</u> Travelers	KTK-CMB-9A14090-0-15	12/31/15-12/31/16	Buildings and Contents	526,500,000	160,500
EMC Insurance Companies	5A0-73-3017	2/13/16-2/13/17	Justice Center Commercial/ Gen Property	13,543,000	10,192
Great American Insurance Company	MAC 0-99-12-47-00	8/1/15-8/1/16	Aquatic Center Property Insurance	23,000,000	15,018
Hartford Insurance Company	87053342652016	1/25/16-1/25/17	Flood Insurance Aquatic center	23,000,000	1,889
Hartford Insurance Co.	20MSCYQ7488	5/26/16-5/26/17	Grand Piano - Allandale		534
Great American Assurance Company	MAC409558001	2/1/16-2/1/17	911 Building	3,690,000	6,025
Boiler and Machinery The Cincinnati Insurance Co.	BEP2646328	1/1/16-1/1/17	Boilers and Machinery	100,000	5,292
Public Officials Bond Liberty Mutual Insurance Company	82C001612	3/1/16-3/1/17	Bond - Treasurer (J. Demming) (State of Tennessee Schools)	1,277,000	4,721
Liberty Mutual Insurance Company Travelers Insurance Company Travelers Insurance Company Western Surety Company	82C012047 106151564 105795556 58368775	3/1/16-3/1/17 6/29/14-indefinite 1/1/15-1/1/16 4/4/16-4/4/17	Bond - Recorder/Treasurer (J. Demming) Bond - City Manager (J. Fleming) Bond - City Judge (W. K. Rogers) Blanket Notary Errors and Omissions	759,000 5,000 1,000 25,000	2,277 100 100 650
Other Stadium General Liability / Hunter Wright Property - D.B. High School Montgomery Insurance Company	CBP9566738	3/8/16-3/8/17	General Liability/ Scoreboard/ Public Address system	2,000,000	1,339
ACE Tank Save Freberg Insurance Company	G24730086 004 FEI-EST-10955-03	10/12/15 - 10/12/16 11/1/15-11/1/16	Above ground storage tanks Fuel Tank Environmental		7,634 645
Hanover Insurance	IH5A19679502	1/14/16-1/14/17	Employee Tools Coverage		9,252
HCC Life Insurance Company	HCL15136	01/01/16 - 01/31/17	Aggregate Stop Loss	10,692,020	25,210

Source: City of Kingsport



# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable Mayor and Board of Aldermen City of Kingsport, Tennessee Kingsport, Tennessee 37660

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the requirements prescribed by the Comptroller of the Treasury, State of Tennessee, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Kingsport, Tennessee, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Kingsport, Tennessee's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated January 13, 2017. Our report includes a reference to other auditors who audited the financial statements of the Emergency Communications District (ECD), a discretely presented component unit, as described in our report on the City's financial statements. This report does not include the results of the other auditors' testing of internal control over financial reporting or compliance and other matters that are reported on separately by those auditors.

#### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City of Kingsport, Tennessee's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Kingsport, Tennessee's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Kingsport, Tennessee's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We did identify a certain deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs that we consider to be a material weakness. The finding is listed as item **2016-001**.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Kingsport, Tennessee's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed an instance of noncompliance or other matters that is required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item **2016-002**.

#### City of Kingsport, Tennessee's Responses to Findings

The City of Kingsport, Tennessee's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The City of Kingsport, Tennessee's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

#### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

**CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS** 

Brown, Edwards & Company, S. L. P.

Bristol, Virginia January 13, 2017



## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Honorable Mayor and Board of Aldermen City of Kingsport, Tennessee Kingsport, Tennessee 37660

#### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the City of Kingsport, Tennessee's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on the City of Kingsport, Tennessee's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2016. The City of Kingsport, Tennessee's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

#### Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the City of Kingsport, Tennessee's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 *U.S. Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City of Kingsport, Tennessee's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City of Kingsport, Tennessee's compliance.

#### Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the City of Kingsport, Tennessee, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2016.

#### Other Matters

The results of our auditing procedures disclosed an instance of noncompliance, which is required to be reported in accordance with the Uniform Guidance and which is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item **2016-002**. Our opinion on each major federal program is not modified with respect to this matter.

The City of Kingsport, Tennessee's response to the noncompliance finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The City's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

#### **Report on Internal Control Over Compliance**

Management of the City of Kingsport, Tennessee is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the City of Kingsport, Tennessee's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Kingsport, Tennessee's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We identified a certain deficiency in internal control over compliance, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questions costs as item **2016-001**, that we consider to be a material weakness.

The City of Kingsport, Tennessee's response to the internal control over compliance finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The City's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in our audit of compliance and accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Brown, Edwards Kompany, S. L. P.

Bristol, Virginia January 13, 2017

#### CITY OF KINGSPORT, TENNESSEE SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS Year Ended June 30, 2016

#### Section I - Summary of Auditor's Results

- 1. The auditor's report expresses an **unmodified opinion** on the financial statements of the City of Kingsport, Tennessee.
- 2. **One material weakness** relating to the audit of the financial statements is reported in the Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.
- 3. **No instances of noncompliance** material to the financial statements of the City of Kingsport, Tennessee were disclosed during the audit.
- 4. **One material weakness** relating to the audit of the major federal award programs is reported in the Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance.
- 5. The auditors' report on compliance for the major federal award programs for the City of Kingsport, Tennessee expresses an **unmodified opinion** on all major federal programs.
- 6. The audit disclosed **one audit finding** relating to major programs.
- 7. The programs tested as major programs include:

Name of Program
Child Nutrition
Title I
Capitalization Grants for Drinking Water
State Revolving Loan Funds
Public Works Program Raw Water Conveyance
Upgrade

CFDA Number
10.553, 10.555, & 10.559
84.010
66.468
State Revolving Loan Funds
11.300

- 8. The **threshold** used for distinguishing Type A and B programs was \$750,000.
- 9. The City of Kingsport, Tennessee was **not** determined to be a **low risk auditee**.

#### CITY OF KINGSPORT, TENNESSEE SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

Year Ended June 30, 2016

### <u>Section II and Section III – Findings and Questioned Costs - Financial Statement Audit and Major Federal Award programs Audit</u>

#### **2016-001: Federal Grant Expenditures (Material Weakness)**

*Condition:* The City failed to properly identify expenses related to a federal grant as well as record a receivable and grant revenue.

Cause: The City does not have an adequate review process to ensure that all expenses related to grants are properly recorded and reported

*Effect:* The City's SEFA did not include all federal expenditures for the fiscal year. Additionally not all federal grant revenue and related receivables were recorded.

Recommendation: When the City accepts a grant or loan involving federal funds, related expenses should be tracked in accordance with the agreement. When grant funds are earned in accordance with the grant agreement a receivable and revenue should be recorded, and reimbursement requests sent at that time. Additionally the City should develop internal control procedures to ensure the accuracy and completeness of the program information and expenditure amounts reported in the SEFA, including controls over the accuracy of the CFDA numbers.

Management Response: We acknowledge certain federal expenditures were left off the original schedule of expenditures of federal awards (SEFA). However the grant revenue not recorded was more of a timing issue. Finance staff was aware of the grant in question but no requests for reimbursement had been filed by the project manager and we did not realize allowable expenditures had occurred before yearend. The SEFA included with this report includes all FY2016 federal expenditures and revenue has been accrued to match the allowable expenditures for this grant. In the future finance staff will communicate more thoroughly with project managers to determine the status of grant projects. Finance staff will review BMA agendas to prepare a list of new grants in process and who to contact regarding that grant in order to prevent new grants from being overlooked before requests have been prepared.

### <u>Section III and Section IV - Findings and Questioned Costs - Major Federal Award Programs Audit and State of Tennessee</u>

#### 2016-002: Child Nutrition (CFDA 10.553, 10.555 & 10.559)

*Condition:* The City failed to properly classify between free and reduced meals based on information on the application.

Cause: The City does not have a review process after the applications have been categorized into the system.

Effect: Impermissible benefits could be awarded which would also affect the reimbursement rate received from the federal agency.

#### CITY OF KINGSPORT, TENNESSEE SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS Year Ended June 30, 2016

### <u>Section III and Section IV - Findings and Questioned Costs - Major Federal Award Programs Audit and State of Tennessee (Continued)</u>

*Recommendation:* Applications for free and reduced lunch should be reviewed by an individual independent of the input process. Once they have been input into the computer system individual should ensure that each is properly classified and agrees to the applications received.

Management Response: Some applications for free and reduced lunch are reviewed, although not 100 percent. Timing is critical during the application process and in order to ensure that the student starts receiving benefits, as soon as possible, not all applications are reviewed. In addition to some applications being reviewed, personnel check for reasonableness when entering the information into the system. It is possible that one or two applications may be improperly categorized.

When the state performed their administrative review, they manually calculated 500 applications and did not find any that had been calculated incorrectly. We believe this was an isolated incident.

#### CITY OF KINGSPORT, TENNESSEE SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS Year Ended June 30, 2016

#### **Financial Statement Audit**

#### 2014-001: Capital Asset Recording (Material Weakness)

Condition: The City failed to properly report several capital assets. Construction period interest was calculated on certain items and capitalized as a portion of the cost of the asset after the assets were completed and placed in service. Additionally the City failed to record certain assets in the capital asset software and begin depreciation at the time they were placed in service. The Industrial Development Board also failed to properly record construction in progress and the related payable.

Current Year Status: This issue was not noted during the current year.

#### Major Federal Award Programs Audit

None

#### **State of Tennessee**

None

### Cover Photo:

City BMA members and staff survey work on the City's \$16,500,000 raw water intake project.